UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(MARK ONE)	
[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECU	URITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

		1 24 2020	
F	or the fiscal year ended Decen	iber 31, 2020	
	OR		
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITII	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the tr	ransition period from	to	
	Commission File No. 333	-181719	
	CARDAX, II	NC.	
(Exa	ct name of registrant as specifi		
Dolowowa		45-448442	10
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction		(I.R.S. Emplo	
of incorporation or organization)		Identification	
	odlawn Drive, Suite 129, Hor dress of principal executive of		
(Regi	(808) 457-1400 strant's telephone number, inc	luding area code)	
Securities	s registered pursuant to Sect	ion 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of each class	Trading symbol(s) Name of excha	ange on which registered
N/A	N/A		N/A
· ·	tock, par value \$0.001, is quot s not registered under Section	ted under the symbol "CDXI" on the OTC 12(b) of the Act.	CQB
Securities re	egistered pursuant to Section	12(g) of the Act: None	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned is	ssuer, as defined in Rule 405 o	f the Securities Act. Yes [] No [X]	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file report	s pursuant to Section 13 or 15	(d) of the Act. Yes [] No X	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all report months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electroposted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cland post such files). Yes [X] No []			
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information $[X]$			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerate company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerate			
Large accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting compare Emerging growth company []	any)	Accelerate Smaller rej	od filer [] porting company [X]
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the regiaccounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Excl		ne extended transition period for complyi	ing with any new or revised financial

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes [] No [X]

As of June 30, 2020, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, there were 752,654 shares of common stock outstanding, and 695,584 shares were held by non-affiliates. As of such date, the aggregate market value of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates was \$1,565,064.

As of March 30, 2021, there were 794,183 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (<u>common stock</u>), and 2,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share (<u>preferred stock</u>), of the registrant outstanding.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

Explanatory Note

Unless otherwise noted, references in this Annual Report on Form 10-K to "Cardax," the "Company," "we," "our," or "us" means Cardax, Inc., the registrant, and, unless the context otherwise requires, together with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cardax Pharma, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Pharma"), and Pharma's predecessor, Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Holdings"), which merged with and into Cardax, Inc. on December 30, 2015. Unless otherwise noted, references in this Annual Report on Form 10-K to our "product" or "products" includes our dietary supplements, pharmaceutical candidates, and any of our other current or future products, product candidates, and technologies, to the extent applicable.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

There are statements in this annual report that are not historical facts. These "forward-looking statements" can be identified by use of terminology such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "hope," "intend," "may," "plan," "positioned," "project," "propose," "should," "strategy," "will," or any similar expressions. You should be aware that these forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that are beyond our control. Although we believe that our assumptions underlying such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we do not guarantee our future performance, and our actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by these forward-looking statements. Our assumptions used for the purposes of the forward-looking statements specified in the following information represent estimates of future events and are subject to uncertainty as to possible changes in economic, legislative, industry, and other circumstances, including the development, acceptance, and sales of our products, and our ability to raise additional financing or obtain grant funding sufficient to implement our strategy. As a result, the identification and interpretation of data and other information and their use in developing and selecting assumptions from and among reasonable alternatives require the exercise of judgment. In light of these numerous risks and uncertainties, we cannot provide any assurance that the results and events contemplated by our forward-looking statements contained in this annual report will in fact transpire. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

Cautionary Note Regarding Industry Data

Unless otherwise indicated, information contained in this annual report concerning our company, our business, the services we provide and intend to provide, our industry and our general expectations concerning our industry are based on management estimates. Such estimates are derived from publicly available information released by third party sources, as well as data from our internal research, and reflect assumptions made by us based on such data and our knowledge of the industry, which we believe to be reasonable.

Corporate Information

We are a biopharmaceutical company engaged in the development and commercialization of pharmaceuticals and dietary supplements. We are a smaller reporting company as defined by applicable federal securities regulations. We are a Delaware corporation. Our executive offices are located at 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Suite 129, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822; our telephone number is (808) 457-1400. Our website is located at https://www.cardaxpharma.com. The information on our website is not part of this annual report.

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Reverse Stock Split

On January 15, 2020, we effected a 200-for-1 reverse stock split (the 'Reverse Stock Split') of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock. The Reverse Stock Split did not change the number of shares of our common stock authorized for issuance, the par value of our common stock, or any other terms of our common stock. No

fractional shares were issued in the Reverse Stock Split and any remaining share fractions were rounded up to the next whole share. Under the terms and conditions of outstanding options, warrants, and other convertible securities, the number of underlying shares of our common stock and the exercise prices or conversion prices thereof were proportionately adjusted for the Reverse Stock Split.

Preferred Stock Offering

On January 11, 2021, we entered into a Series A Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement with US Capital Global Cardax Preferred, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>Preferred Stock Purchaser</u>"), related to a private placement (the "<u>Preferred Stock Offering</u>") of our Series A preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "<u>Series A Preferred Stock"</u>). The Preferred Stock Offering is for an aggregate amount of up to \$10,000,000, or such other amount as we may determine, with a purchase price of \$25.00 per share of Series A Preferred Stock (the "<u>Series A Original Issue Price</u>"). The Preferred Stock Offering had an initial closing of \$50,000 for 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock on January 11, 2021.

The Preferred Stock Purchaser is a pooled investment vehicle formed for the purpose of investing in the Series A Preferred Stock and in which units of limited liability company interests of the Preferred Stock Purchaser are offered only to accredited investors in a private placement being made in reliance upon the exemption from securities registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, pursuant to Rule 506(c) of Regulation D promulgated thereunder, with US Capital Global Securities, LLC ("USCGS"), a registered broker-dealer, serving as placement agent. The Purchaser is managed by US Capital Global Investment Management, LLC, an affiliate of USCGS.

Each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder thereof, from and after October 15, 2022, into such number of shares of our common stock as is determined by dividing the Series A Original Issue Price plus accrued and unpaid dividends by the conversion price of \$5.00 per share, which is subject to adjustment as provided in the Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock dated January 7, 2021. All outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted into shares of our common stock, at the then effective conversion price, in the event any of our securities are listed for trading on any national exchange, including the Nasdaq Stock Market's Capital Market or the New York Stock Exchange. We may redeem any or all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock at any time after October 15, 2023, at a price per share equal to the Series A Original Issue Price plus accrued and unpaid dividends.

Proposed Public Offering

We filed a registration statement on Form S-1 on August 14, 2019, as amended September 27, 2019, and November 22, 2019, for a proposed \$15 million public offering of our common stock and warrants and the listing of our common stock and such warrants on the Nasdaq Capital Market. We continued to take actions to advance the proposed public offering in 2020, but due to COVID-19 related travel restrictions, financial market conditions, and other considerations, the public offering was not consummated. In March 2021, we requested withdrawal of the registration statement from the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission" or "SEC").

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Our Business

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused primarily on the development of pharmaceuticals to safely address one of the major underlying causes of many chronic diseases – inflammation – including cardiovascular disease, metabolic disease, liver disease, arthritis, and aging. We also have a commercial business unit that markets dietary supplements for inflammatory health. We believe we are well positioned for growth through the utilization of astaxanthin and zeaxanthin for chronic pharmaceutical applications by safely reducing chronic inflammation at the cellular and mitochondrial level – without inhibiting normal function. Similar mechanisms also support the use of our dietary supplement for inflammatory health.

We believe that our pharmaceutical product candidates and our dietary supplements have competitive advantages, primarily relating to a unique combination of the following benefits:

- An excellent safety profile that supports chronic use
- Broad anti-inflammatory activity and pleiotropic effects with potential application to several chronic diseases as pharmaceuticals and various areas of health as
 dietary supplements
- Oral dosing convenience
- Scalable manufacturing
- Economical pricing

Market Overview

There is broad acceptance in the scientific, medical, and financial communities that chronic inflammation is a significant factor in many chronic diseases, particularly cardiovascular disease. The double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled CANTOS clinical trial (10,061 patients; Novartis, 2017) and REDUCE-IT clinical trial (8,179 patients; Amarin Corporation, 2018), both published in the New England Journal of Medicine, helped to catalyze and support this consensus. Commonly used anti-inflammatory drugs such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen, COX-2 inhibitors, corticosteroids, and various biologics may reduce inflammation, but they have risks of significant side effects that limit their utility in chronic disease.

We believe that a safe anti-inflammatory is the solution. Our lead pharmaceutical candidate CDX-101, a proprietary prodrug of the naturally occurring marine molecule astaxanthin, may provide the needed combination of an excellent safety profile, anti-inflammatory activity, and economic pricing to become widely used for the prevention and treatment of chronic diseases driven by inflammation.

We are pursuing an initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia (triglycerides \geq 500 mg/dL) for CDX-101. Severe hypertriglyceridemia is associated with chronic inflammation and patients with the disorder have increased cardiovascular disease risk and incidence of pancreatitis. We believe the clinical pathway to FDA drug approval for severe hypertriglyceridemia, which relies on biomarker endpoints (i.e., measuring triglycerides in blood tests over a period of several months), will be more efficient than other potential indications that require clinical outcomes studies (e.g., evaluating heart attacks, strokes, and deaths over a period of several years), and is thus better suited as our initial indication for CDX-101.

An estimated 3.4 million Americans have severe hypertriglyceridemia according to peer-reviewed research published in the American Journal of Cardiology in 2011. Statins, fibrates, and prescription fish oils are all used to manage hypertriglyceridemia. 21% (42 million) of U.S. adults have mixed dyslipidemia (high levels of low-density lipoprotein "LDL" cholesterol with low levels of high-density lipoprotein "HDL" cholesterol and/or high levels of triglycerides), with nearly 6% (11.6 million people) having all three lipid abnormalities. Lovaza, Vascepa, and other prescription fish oils approved for severe hypertriglyceridemia are also used off-label in mixed dyslipidemia patients to reduce moderately elevated triglycerides and aggregate sales of these products for on and off-label use are estimated to be approaching \$2 billion annually.

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active moiety of CDX-101, has an excellent safety profile.

The REDUCE-IT clinical trial demonstrated that administration of Vascepa resulted in a significant reduction of major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE") in patients with mixed dyslipidemia on standard of care, specifically statins, and we believe is the primary basis of Amarin's request to the FDA to expand Vascepa's label. The reduction of triglycerides in the REDUCE-IT clinical trial was modest however, and the study's authors concluded that Vascepa's ability to reduce other markers of cardiovascular disease, including inflammation and oxidized LDL (as demonstrated in the MARINE and ANCHOR clinical trials), provided the pleiotropic effects that led to reduction of MACE in REDUCE-IT. In human proof-of-concept "pilot" studies conducted by third parties and animal models conducted by third parties and us, astaxanthin, the active moiety of CDX-101, has demonstrated similar pleiotropic effects, which are derived from its broad anti-inflammatory activity, but without the limitations of Vascepa or other prescription fish oils. As a result, we believe this market also presents a major opportunity as a potential second indication for CDX-101.

Beyond cardiovascular disease, we believe CDX-101 could be developed to address other chronic diseases driven by inflammation, including metabolic disease, liver disease, arthritis, and aging, each with potential annual sales exceeding a billion dollars.

We also plan to develop CDX-301, our zeaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, for macular degeneration. Zeaxanthin has a mechanism of action and excellent safety profile similar to astaxanthin, however, it accumulates in the human eye through uptake by a unique retinal receptor, providing protection against blue light, oxidative damage, and related inflammation that occurs in macular degeneration. Pre-clinical and clinical studies with zeaxanthin have demonstrated proof-of-concept for the treatment of macular disorders. We believe that age related macular degeneration, a market estimated to afflict more than three million people in the U.S. alone, presents a major opportunity as a potential indication for CDX-301.

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Astaxanthin

Astaxanthin Safety

Astaxanthin is a naturally occurring marine carotenoid found in salmon, microalgae, krill, lobster, and crab. Carotenoids are natural pigments that impart coloration and support animal health and vitality, especially in harsh marine environments. Astaxanthin is responsible for the characteristic red or pink color of salmon and shellfish. Salmon without astaxanthin are smaller, more susceptible to infection, have reproductive problems, and are not strong enough to swim upstream.

Astaxanthin is GRAS as a food substance according to FDA regulations and has undergone extensive toxicity testing by third parties and us with no clinically meaningful issues even at the extremely high doses summarized in the table below:

Type of Study	Maximum Dosing	_
Acute Toxicity	>8,000 mg/kg (mouse, rat), 2,000 mg/kg (non-human primates)	
Sub-Chronic Toxicity	1,240 mg/kg (rat), 160 mg/kg (dog)	
1 Year Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity	1,000 mg/kg (rat), 1,400 mg/kg (mouse), 200 mg/kg (dog)	
2 Year Carcinogenicity	1,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Genotoxicity/Mutagenicity	2,000 mg/kg (mouse)	
Teratogenicity	1,000 mg/kg (rat), 400 mg/kg (rabbit)	

Commonly used anti-inflammatory drugs such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen, COX-2 inhibitors, corticosteroids, and various biologics have risks of side effects including gastrointestinal bleeding, heart attacks, strokes, and severe infections. Prescription fish oil drugs, while safer than common anti-inflammatory drugs, also have risks of certain side effects. Lovaza and other DHA, EPA combination fish oil drugs, have risks of side effects including back pain, eructation, dysgeusia, and increases in LDL cholesterol. Vascepa has risks of side effects including arthralgia, atrial fibrillation, and increased bleeding. Fenofibrates have risks of side effects including stomach pain, nausea, and back pain.

In contrast, astaxanthin has no known side effects of clinical significance. We believe astaxanthin's excellent safety profile will be a key competitive advantage compared to other drugs targeting inflammation and lipids.

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Astaxanthin Mechanism of Action

The mechanism of action of astaxanthin, the active moiety in CDX-101, is quite different than most drugs, and we believe is responsible for its excellent safety profile. Most drugs target single receptors or enzymes in complex pathways, which can lead to side effects with chronic use. Astaxanthin is distributed systemically, including to the liver and heart, where it localizes in cellular and mitochondrial membranes and reduces the oxidative stress that causes chronic inflammation, without affecting the normal function of inflammatory/metabolic signaling pathways. And unlike other antioxidants such as beta-carotene, Vitamin C, and Vitamin E, astaxanthin spans and stabilizes cellular and mitochondrial membranes (biological lipid bilayers) to function as an aqueous and lipid phase antioxidant without membrane disruption, as proven by X-ray diffraction studies:

As a result, astaxanthin demonstrates positive and quantifiable pleiotropic effects on many inflammatory cytokines and drug targets.

In human proof-of-concept "pilot" studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased inflammation and oxidative stress:

- TNF- α decreased (-30%, p=0.0022)
- CRP decreased (-20%, p<0.05; two studies)
- Oxidative stress decreased (MDA, IsoP, SOD, TAC increased)

In animal studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased inflammation and oxidative stress:

- Inflammatory markers decreased in various model systems:
 - $\circ \quad \text{TNF-}\alpha, \text{IL-1}\beta, \text{IL-6}, \text{CRP}, \text{NF-kB}, \text{PGE-2}, \text{inos}, \text{MCP-1}, \text{MPO}, \text{ERK}, \text{JNK}, \text{COX-2}$
 - \circ TNF- α decreased equivalent to an equal dose of prednisolone

· Oxidative stress decreased in mitochondria

Astaxanthin Research Results

There are more than 2,000 published peer reviewed papers related to astaxanthin, including more than 50 peer reviewed papers published by Cardax and its collaborators (referred to herein as "<u>us</u>") and more than 50 "pilot" human clinical trials with astaxanthin supplements, more than 20 of which were randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled human proof-of-concept studies.

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Highlights of astaxanthin's pleiotropic effects, which were demonstrated in studies utilizing astaxanthin from natural and synthetic sources, include:

Astaxanthin and Cardiovascular Disease

In human proof-of-concept "pilot" studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased inflammation, triglycerides, LDL cholesterol, and blood pressure:

- CRP decreased (-20%, p<0.05; two studies)
- Triglycerides decreased (-25.8%, p<0.05)
- LDL-C decreased (-10.4%, p<0.05)
- HDL-C increased (+14.5%, p<0.01)
- Apolipoprotein B decreased (-7.5%, p<0.01)
- Adiponectin increased (+26%, p<0.01; +14%, p=0.0053; +30%, p=0.01; three studies)
- Blood pressure decreased (systolic blood pressure -4.6%, p=0.021; diastolic blood pressure -6.9%, p<0.001; two studies)
- Blood flow velocity increased (choroidal, p=0.018, blood transit time, p<0.01)

In animal studies conducted by third parties and us, astaxanthin demonstrated statistically significant improvements in models of cardiovascular disease:

- CRP and IL-6 decreased
- Triglycerides decreased (plasma, hepatic)
- Re-thrombosis decreased
- Atherosclerosis decreased (aortic arch plaque)
- Cholesterol decreased
- · Blood pressure decreased
- Nitric oxide production increased

Astaxanthin and Metabolic Disease

In human proof-of-concept "pilot" studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly increased adiponectin and decreased TNF- α and oxidative stress:

- Adiponectin increased (+26%, p<0.01; +14%, p=0.0053; +30%, p=0.01; three studies)
- TNF-α decreased (-30%, p=0.0022)
- Oxidative stress decreased (MDA, IsoP, SOD, TAC increased)

In animal studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin demonstrated statistically significant improvements in models of metabolic disease:

- Fasting blood glucose levels decreased
- Insulin levels & sensitivity (HOMA-IR, QUICK) increased
- Insulin signaling (PI3K-AKT, IRS-1p) increased
- Adiponectin levels increased
- Insulin response and glucose tolerance (ipGTT) increased
- GLUT-4 translocation increased
- JNK, ERK-1 levels decreased
- Nitric oxide production increased

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Astaxanthin and Liver Disease

In human proof-of-concept "pilot" studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased fat accumulation in biopsy-diagnosed NASH patients, decreased TNF- α , improved lipid profile parameters, and decreased oxidative stress:

- NASH disease markers decreased in patients:
 - O Steatosis: p<0.05
 - Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease ("NAFLD") Activity Score ("NAS"): p<0.08
 - o Lobular inflammation decreased: trend
- TNF-α decreased (-30%, p=0.0022)
- Lipid profile parameters improved (LDL, HDL, ApoB, TG)
- Oxidative stress decreased (MDA, IsoP, SOD, TAC increased)

In animal studies conducted by third parties and us, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased elevated liver enzymes, lipids, insulin resistance, steatosis, and fibrosis:

- Elevated liver enzyme levels decreased
- Steatosis decreased
- · Fibrosis and induced acute hepatitis decreased
- Insulin levels & sensitivity (HOMA-IR, QUICK) increased

- Insulin signaling (PI3K-AKT, IRS-1p) increased
- Adiponectin levels increased

Astaxanthin and Arthritis

In human proof-of-concept "pilot" non-arthritis studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased markers of inflammation of relevance to arthritis, including TNF- α and CRP:

- TNF- α decreased (-30%, p=0.0022)
- CRP decreased (-20%, p<0.05; two studies)
- Adiponectin increased (+26%, p<0.01; +14%, p=0.0053; +30%, p=0.01; three studies)
- Oxidative stress decreased (MDA, IsoP, SOD, TAC increased)

In animal studies conducted by third parties, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased inflammation, oxidative stress, and joint degeneration:

- Inflammatory markers decreased in various model systems:
 - O TNF-α, IL-1β, IL-6, CRP, NF-kB, PGE-2, iNOS, MCP-1, MPO, ERK, JNK, COX-2
 - o TNF-α decreased equivalent to an equal dose of prednisolone
- Oxidative stress decreased in mitochondria
- Cartilage degradation decreased (Mankin score) in surgically-induced model of OA (ACLT, rabbit)

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Astaxanthin and Aging

In human studies conducted by third parties, activation of the FOXO3 gene has been linked to decreased inflammation and aging.

- Activation of anti-inflammatory, anti-aging gene FOXO3 promotes longevity in humans:
 - o Replicated in >20 independent studies
 - o Confers CVD protective benefit (p=0.001)
 - Decreases inflammation (CRP, trend; TNF-α, p=0.018)

In animal studies conducted by third parties and us, astaxanthin statistically significantly decreased activated the FOXO3 gene and extended lifespan:

- FOXO3 mRNA levels increased in mice by 90% (p=0.024)
- Lifespan extended by up to 30% via FOXO3 ortholog *DAF16* in roundworms

Astaxanthin and Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

In response to the COVID-19 global pandemic, our scientific team examined published scientific literature related to COVID-19 disease pathology in order to determine if there was a potential role of astaxanthin in the treatment of COVID-19. On March 20, 2020, we released a scientific white paper authored by Timothy J. King, Ph.D., M.S., our Vice President, Research, which discussed the scientific rationale of boosting the immune system and reducing the extreme inflammatory response that may lead to severe respiratory complications in subjects with COVID-19 as described below. We are presently seeking strategic collaborations with appropriate academic, governmental, and/or commercial organizations to further develop astaxanthin for COVID-19, although there can be no assurance that any such collaboration will be realized.

Scientific Rationale: Immune Response, Inflammation, and COVID-19

COVID-19, the disease caused by the novel coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2), can induce an extreme immune response characterized by the overproduction of immune cells and the uncontrolled release of pro-inflammatory cytokines. Exceedingly high levels of the pro-inflammatory cytokines result in overt inflammatory symptoms that include mild to severe respiratory disease, high fever, and cough. In progressed disease this "cytokine storm" will circulate throughout the body to trigger a surge of active immune cells into the lungs resulting in acute lung injury and acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) and may be particularly severe in immune compromised subjects such as the elderly, diabetics, and those with cardiovascular disease. This association between infection and progression of disease with inflammation suggests a strategy that would partner anti-infective agents, such as anti-virals and vaccines, with anti-inflammatory agents. An anti-inflammatory agent would be expected to mitigate symptoms including fever, pain, and swelling. Furthermore, an anti-inflammatory regimen initiated at a relatively early stage in disease progression might be expected to stem the immune over-response and to slow or even prevent progression of symptoms leading to lung injury and ARDS. Importantly, an appropriate anti-inflammatory intervention should not result in abnormal immune suppression but should target healthy immune homeostasis. We believe an anti-inflammatory treatment that safely decreases inflammatory cytokine signaling would be a promising approach.

The Potential Role of Astaxanthin

In pre-clinical and clinical studies, astaxanthin has demonstrated the ability to decrease levels of pro-inflammatory cytokines in multiple models of disease and in several patient populations. Furthermore, astaxanthin does not lead to abnormal immune suppression even at high doses and acts to restore healthy immune homeostasis. Astaxanthin has also demonstrated exceptional safety in multiple animal models, has been used extensively in humans for two decades as a dietary supplement, and is GRAS (Generally Recognized as Safe), according to FDA regulations. Coronaviruses have been shown to induce lung damage by increasing inflammatory signaling pathways and cytokine production leading to elevated immune cell infiltration and macrophagic polarization shifts. Astaxanthin has been shown to (i) significantly attenuate pathological elevation of critical inflammatory cell signaling pathways (NF-kB), (ii) decrease the resulting elevated proinflammatory cytokine levels, (iii) reduce immune cell infiltration of the lung, and (iv) positively influence macrophage polarization in humans and animal models of disease.

Clinical Trial Grant Application

In July 2020, we submitted a grant application to a federal government agency to fund a proposed clinical trial with one of our astaxanthin products in COVID-19 patients. In January 2021, we submitted an updated grant application to address the comments received from the agency's reviewers. We are also pursuing other governmental and non-governmental sources of funding for COVID-19 clinical trials. We cannot give any assurance that we will receive any grant funding or the amount or timing or extent of restrictions thereof or our obligations related thereto.

Our product platform consists of our pharmaceutical candidates and our commercially available dietary supplement:

- CDX-101, our lead pharmaceutical candidate, is in pre-clinical development for cardiovascular inflammation and dyslipidemia, with a target initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia.
- CDX-301 is our pre-clinical stage pharmaceutical candidate for macular degeneration.
- ZanthoSyn[®] is a physician recommended astaxanthin dietary supplement for inflammatory health.

Lead Pharmaceutical Candidate: CDX-101

Our lead pharmaceutical candidate, CDX-101, is a proprietary astaxanthin prodrug that cleaves following oral administration and delivers astaxanthin to the bloodstream. CDX-101 is being developed initially for cardiovascular inflammation and mixed dyslipidemia, with a target initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia.

We believe that the results from two major cardiovascular clinical trials—the 10,061 patient CANTOS study by Novartis in 2017 and the 8,179 patient REDUCE-IT study by Amarin in 2018—clearly demonstrated the clinical significance of reducing chronic inflammation, validating the cardiovascular inflammation hypothesis we have supported for more than a decade. We believe that astaxanthin's unique mechanism of action—reduction of oxidative stress driven inflammation at the cellular and mitochondrial level without inhibiting normal function—results in an impact on key inflammatory drug targets and pathways, and importantly, an excellent safety profile that supports chronic administration. In addition to the safety advantages described in this report, we believe that production of CDX-101, unlike Vascepa and other prescription fish oil drugs, will be highly scalable to address these large mass markets for chronic diseases driven by inflammation.

Clinical and non-clinical studies with astaxanthin have provided proof-of-concept for the treatment of cardiovascular risk factors including inflammation and triglycerides as described in this report. In addition, interim results from our *Cardiovascular Health Astaxanthin Supplement Evaluation* ("CHASE") clinical trial demonstrate beneficial changes in markers of cardiovascular health, including CRP, LDL cholesterol, total cholesterol, triglycerides, oxidized LDL, and blood pressure, and also underscore astaxanthin's safety profile with no adverse safety signals observed. We believe these findings provide further mechanistic support for our pharmaceutical development program. We refer you to "CHASE Clinical Trial" in this report for additional information regarding the CHASE clinical trial.

We believe that an initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia provides an efficient clinical pathway to drug approval for CDX-101 and will be similar to the pathway as reported by Amarin for the development of Vascepa, its prescription fish oil. CDX-101 is currently in pre-clinical development, including the planning of IND enabling studies. We plan to complete IND enabling studies and to engage third party contract development and manufacturing organizations (CDMOs) to manufacture drug substance and drug product for such studies, with the goal of filing an IND approximately 12 to 18 months from the receipt of sufficient additional financing.

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We have retained Paresh N. Soni, M.D., Ph.D., the former Senior Vice President and Head of Development at Amarin, to guide our clinical and regulatory strategy, interact with the FDA, and advise us on a full range of development issues. While at Amarin, Dr. Soni led the design of Amarin's clinical trials, development strategy, and interaction with the FDA, including for Vascepa, which was approved for treatment of severe hypertriglyceridemia in 2012. Dr. Soni played a key role in the design and conduct of the MARINE, ANCHOR and REDUCE-IT clinical trials with Vascepa. In addition, Dr. Soni has held several senior R&D executive roles over the past 2 decades at Pfizer, Alexion, and Albireo. Dr. Soni is also a member of our Scientific Advisory Board.

In addition to Dr. Soni, our Scientific Advisory Board includes Deepak L. Bhatt, M.D., M.P.H. and R. Preston Mason, Ph.D.

Deepak L. Bhatt, M.D., M.P.H., is the Chairman of our Scientific Advisory Board. Dr. Bhatt is also the Chair of the REDUCE-IT clinical trial with Vascepa, Executive Director of Interventional Cardiovascular Programs at Harvard Medical School affiliated Brigham and Women's Hospital, and Professor at Harvard Medical School. He is also the Editor of the peer-reviewed Journal of Invasive Cardiology and Editor-in-Chief of the Harvard Heart Letter for patients.

R. Preston Mason, Ph.D. is on the faculty of the Department of Medicine, Division of Cardiology at Harvard Medical School affiliated Brigham and Women's Hospital. He has published more than 250 peer reviewed papers, including papers published in collaboration with Cardax, and is a recognized expert on the mechanism of action of astaxanthin and fish oils, particularly Vascepa.

CDX-101 vs. ZanthoSyn®

CDX-101 is a synthetic astaxanthin prodrug (new chemical entity) for pharmaceutical applications and ZanthoSyn $^{(\!R\!)}$ is a formulation of synthetic nature-identical astaxanthin for dietary supplement applications. While both deliver astaxanthin to the bloodstream, we believe the unique molecular structure of CDX-101 and its pharmaceutical pathway will provide substantial differentiation. In particular, we believe that:

- CDX-101 will be approved by the FDA as a drug for one or more disease indications, whereas ZanthoSyn[®] is marketed as a dietary supplement for health applications;
- CDX-101 will be prescribed by doctors and covered by health insurance, whereas ZanthoSyn[®] is sold through retail and e-commerce channels;
- CDX-101 will be administered at a higher dose and in different oral dosage form; and
- CDX-101 will have superior intellectual property protection.

Pharmaceutical Candidate: CDX-301

We intend to develop our zeaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, CDX-301, for macular degeneration. Zeaxanthinaccumulates in the human eye through uptake by a unique retinal receptor, providing protection against blue light, oxidative damage, and related inflammation that occurs in macular degeneration. Pre-clinical and clinical studies with zeaxanthin have demonstrated proof-of-concept for the treatment of macular disorders. Additional financing will be needed to fund pre-clinical and clinical development of CDX-301.

Our CDX-301 development efforts were previously focused on an orphan indication of Stargardt disease, a juvenile form of macular degeneration. At present, we are not pursuing this indication, but we may choose to revisit this pathway in the future.

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Dietary Supplement: ZanthoSyn®

ZanthoSyn[®] is our commercially available physician recommended astaxanthin dietary supplement. Astaxanthin is a naturally occurring molecule with safe anti-inflammatory activity that supports cardiovascular health, metabolic health, liver health, joint health, and longevity. The form of astaxanthin utilized in ZanthoSyn[®] has

demonstrated an excellent safety profile in peer-reviewed published studies and is GRAS according to FDA regulations.

We sell ZanthoSyn[®] primarily through wholesale and e-commerce channels. We launched our e-commerce channel in 2016 and began selling to GNC stores in 2017. ZanthoSyn[®] is currently available at GNC corporate stores nationwide in the United States. ZanthoSyn[®] was the top selling product at GNC stores in Hawaii and the top selling product in the anti-oxidant category at GNC stores nationwide in 2018 and 2019.

We market ZanthoSyn® primarily through a multi-pronged approach:

- Physician outreach and education, where ZanthoSyn[®] is positioned as the first safe, physician friendly, anti-inflammatory dietary supplement for health and longevity, with retail locations and e-commerce serving as convenient and credible distribution channels for physicians recommending ZanthoSyn[®]
- Retail store outreach, education, and in-store sales support, building on the ability to utilize ZanthoSyn[®] as a foundation of health and wellness regimens
- E-commerce platforms

We believe ZanthoSyn[®] is physician friendly for several reasons:

- ZanthoSyn[®] delivers the safety, purity, manufacturing rigor, bioavailability, and scientific support that provides physicians comfort in the quality and utility of
 the product, which is often not present in other dietary supplements.
- ZanthoSyn[®] is well-accepted at medical conferences where crowds of physicians and other healthcare professionals stand in line to receive ZanthoSyn[®] samples and product information after attending educational seminars.

Our sales and marketing program was initially launched in Hawaii, where we believe that robust physician outreach and education coupled with GNC retail store outreach, education, and in-store sales support increased consumer awareness and catalyzed strong sales growth. We also launched this program in major markets on the West Coast and East Coast in the U.S. beginning in 2017. To support these efforts, we hired additional sales and marketing personnel. We are currently evaluating our strategy related to further expansion.

We sell ZanthoSyn[®] to GNC under a purchasing agreement. The exclusivity provision under such agreement related to distribution of ZanthoSyn[®] by GNC in the "brick and mortar" retail channel in the United States expired on October 16, 2019. GNC remains our only distributor of ZanthoSyn[®] in such channel, but we may expand retail distribution to mass market retailers, other specialty nutrition stores, pharmacies, and other retailers. We also plan to increase our sales and marketing efforts through ecommerce.

To date, our sales and marketing efforts of ZanthoSyn[®] have primarily been through GNC retail store outreach, education, and in-store sales support together with physician outreach and education. We plan to increase our sales and marketing efforts through e-commerce by capitalizing on one of the most important lessons learned from our sales and marketing program: "Conversations Create Customers." Whether at GNC stores, directly with Cardax personnel, or at conferences with healthcare professionals, thousands of ZanthoSyn[®] customers have been created by understanding and experiencing the benefits of ZanthoSyn[®] firsthand. Cardax plans to implement strategies that it believes may create a similar customer experience more broadly through digital marketing.

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CHASE Clinical Trial

In September 2018, we initiated a human clinical trial entitled, Cardiovascular Health Astaxanthin Supplement Evaluation ("CHASE"), targeting cardiovascular inflammatory health. The randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial is evaluating the effect of low-dose and high-dose ZanthoSyn® on cardiovascular health as measured by CRP levels over 12 weeks in up to 120 subjects with documented cardiovascular risk factors. The study also includes an optional open label extension through 48 weeks.

Interim results from an initial cohort of subjects were announced on September 23, 2019. The interim results were based on data from 40 subjects administered high-dose ZanthoSyn[®] (96 mg/day astaxanthin – 48 mg twice a day), low-dose ZanthoSyn[®] (24 mg/day astaxanthin – 12 mg twice a day), or placebo.

Highlights from the interim review shown below are median percentage changes from baseline to week 12 unless otherwise stated. While the interim review was not powered for statistical significance, p-values less than 0.05 compared to placebo are provided. The p-values reported below (*p<0.05, **p<0.01) are nominal p-values from non-parametric comparisons of the median between each group and placebo and no adjustments for multiple comparisons were made.

Interim Results	High Dose	Low Dose	Placebo
CRP	-28%	-32%	-5%
LDL-C	-12%**	-7%	+5%
Total cholesterol	-8%*	-5%	+4%
Triglycerides	-16%	-13%	+6%
Oxidized LDL	-10%*	+3%	+4%
Blood pressure	-5%*	-4%*	+6%
Median astaxanthin blood levels at 12 weeks	2,184 ng/mL	790 ng/mL	<10 ng/mL

We believe these findings provide:

- Further mechanistic support for our astaxanthin pharmaceutical development program
- · Basis for additional patent filings
- Support for the cardiovascular health benefits of ZanthoSyn[®]

The interim results also underscore astaxanthin's safety profile with no adverse safety signals observed. The CHASE Data Safety Review Board, which is comprised of a majority of independent clinical trial professionals, recommended that the clinical trial continue enrollment.

The FDA does not require human clinical trials for dietary supplements, but we believe that positive results from the CHASE trial may help promote scientific and consumer awareness of astaxanthin's health and longevity applications and serve as further mechanistic support for our pharmaceutical development program.

In March 2020, we suspended recruitment of new subjects and study visits for existing subjects due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the related governmental "stay-at-home" orders. Recruitment and study visits remain suspended as of the date of this report.

We refer to you the "Risk Factors" section of this report for a summary of certain risks related to clinical trial results.

Benefits of Synthetic Astaxanthin vs. Natural Astaxanthin

Dietary supplements containing astaxanthin typically derive astaxanthin from microalgae, krill, or other natural sources, whereas ZanthoSyft® astaxanthin is made through total synthesis. While multiple studies demonstrate that astaxanthin from either natural or synthetic sources is efficacious and both are Generally Recognized as Safe according to FDA regulations, we believe synthetic astaxanthin offers significant advantages compared to astaxanthin from microalgae, krill, or other natural sources:

Synthetic astaxanthin can be formulated for superior bioavailability. In a human crossover study comparing ZanthoSyn[®] to a leading microalgal astaxanthin dietary supplement, the astaxanthin blood levels following administration of ZanthoSyn[®] were nearly three times higher than the microalgal astaxanthin product at the same dose.

The superior bioavailability described in this report means that three times more astaxanthin from ZanthoSyn® is absorbed into the body from each dose, which provides a superior value proposition compared to other astaxanthin dietary supplements.

- Synthetic astaxanthin has been extensively tested in a wide range of toxicity studies, including acute, sub-chronic, and chronic toxicity studies, carcinogenicity studies, genotoxicity/mutagenicity studies, and developmental and reproductive toxicity studies; whereas to our knowledge microalgal or other sources of astaxanthin have not undergone the same amount of safety testing in such toxicity studies.
- Synthetic astaxanthin is manufactured with superior purity and precision, whereas astaxanthin extracted from microalgae and krill oil is obtained in a complex mixture, which may include many unknown marine byproducts.
- Synthetic manufacture of astaxanthin is scalable, whereas we believe the ability to readily scale the production and extraction of astaxanthin from microalgae or other sources will be limited as demand for astaxanthin grows.
- Synthetic manufacture of astaxanthin emits fewer greenhouse gases and consumes less energy, raw material, and land than traditional microalgal astaxanthin production.

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Intellectual Property

We have obtained and are continuing to seek patent protection for compositions of matter, pharmaceutical compositions, and pharmaceutical uses, in certain disease areas, of our various carotenoid analogs and derivatives. Such carotenoids include astaxanthin, zeaxanthin, and/or lutein, and esters and other analogs and derivatives of these compounds. More specifically, we seek to protect: (i) the composition of matter of novel carotenoid analogs and derivatives, (ii) pharmaceutical compositions comprising synthetic or natural preparations of novel or natural occurring carotenoid analogs and derivatives, and (iii) the pharmaceutical use of synthetic preparations of novel or naturally occurring carotenoid analogs and derivatives in specific disease areas, including, but not limited to, the treatment of inflammation and related tissue damage, liver disease, and reperfusion injury, as well as the pharmaceutical use of synthetic or natural preparations of novel or natural occurring carotenoid analogs and derivatives for the reduction of platelet aggregation. We intend to enforce and defend our intellectual property rights consistent with our strategic business objectives.

We have 28 issued patents related to the composition of matter, pharmaceutical compositions, and pharmaceutical uses of our drugs candidates as well as many other related molecules that will expire between 2023 and 2028, subject to patent term extensions. We have four additional patents pending that if issued would extend patent coverage in the U.S. and worldwide to 2039-2041, with such applications including coverage related to (i) certain cardiovascular uses on the basis of the CHASE clinical trial results, (ii) certain uses related to the potential role of astaxanthin in the treatment of COVID-19, and (iii) the composition of matter of CDX-101.

The Company's patents are summarized in the table below.

	United States	International	Expiration
Issued Patents	13	15	2023-2028
Pending Patents	2	2	2039-2041
	2	2	

Research and Development

Our research and development program utilizes contract research organizations, contract development and manufacturing organizations, academic institutions, third-party collaborators, employees, and consultants, including scientific, medical, and regulatory professionals. Contract organizations and other third parties provide us with access to significant research and development resources and infrastructure. We anticipate that our research and development will be primarily conducted by contract organizations and other third parties with direction and oversight by our in-house scientific personnel to the extent necessary.

In addition to directing or overseeing research and development activities to the extent necessary, which did not constitute a material amount of time during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, our in-house scientific personnel support other aspects of our business that do not directly or indirectly constitute research and development, including (a) general and administration, such as presentations and due diligence related to fundraising or business development, as well as assessments that help inform our management's business planning and public disclosure assessments, and (b) sales and marketing, such as preparation and dissemination of existing scientific information related to our products.

Our research and development expenditures totaled \$136,780 and \$315,994 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. These expenditures primarily reflect the cost of product development activities, including clinical trials.

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Manufacturing

We utilize contract manufacturers and/or other third-party suppliers for the production of our products. The raw materials and supplies required for the production of our products may be available, in some instances from one supplier, and in other instances, from multiple suppliers. In those cases where raw materials are only available through one supplier, such supplier may be either a sole source (the only recognized supply source available to us) or a single source (the only approved supply source for us among other sources). We, our contract manufacturers, and/or other third-party suppliers will adopt appropriate policies to attempt, to the extent feasible, to minimize our raw material supply risks, including maintenance of greater levels of raw materials inventory and implementation of multiple raw materials sourcing strategies, especially for critical raw materials. Although to date we have not experienced any significant delays in obtaining any raw materials from suppliers, we cannot provide assurance that we, our contract manufacturers, and/or other third-party suppliers will not face shortages from one or more suppliers in the future.

The industries in which we intend to compete are subject to intense competition. The primary competition for our pharmaceutical candidates are the numerous pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies developing or marketing anti-inflammatories and other drugs or therapeutics targeting chronic diseases driven by inflammation, including cardiovascular disease, metabolic disease, liver disease, arthritis, aging, and macular degeneration. Certain competitors for our pharmaceutical candidates include, but are not limited to, AbbVie, Acasti Pharma, Acucela, Alkeus Pharmaceuticals, Amarin, Amgen, Astellas, AstraZeneca, Bayer, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Eli Lilly, Gilead, GlaxoSmithKline, Johnson & Johnson, Matinas Biopharma, Merck, MT Pharma, Nestle/Pamlab, Novartis, Pfizer, Reata Pharmaceuticals, Roche/Genentech, Sanofi-Aventis, Servier, and Takeda. The primary competition for our dietary supplements are the many companies developing or marketing astaxanthin dietary supplements and other supplements targeting inflammatory health, cardiovascular health, metabolic health, liver health, joint health, and longevity. We believe that our ability to compete will be based primarily on scientific superiority, availability of patent protection, protection of other intellectual property rights, access to adequate capital, ability to develop, acquire, and market products successfully, ability to obtain governmental approvals, and ability to serve the particular needs of customers.

Our success will depend in large part on our ability to obtain and maintain international and domestic patents, other intellectual property, and other legal protections for the proprietary technology that we consider important to our business. We intend to continue to seek appropriate patent protection for our products where applicable by filing patent applications in the United States and other selected countries. We intend for these patent applications to cover, where applicable, claims for composition of matter, uses, manufacturing processes, and formulations. Our success will also depend on our ability, and the ability of our current and/or future strategic partners to maintain intellectual property rights related to proprietary production methods for products that we, or our partners, intend to market.

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Government Regulation

Most aspects of our business are subject to some degree of government regulation. For some of our products, government regulation is significant and, in general, there appears to be a trend toward more stringent regulation throughout the world, as well as global harmonization of various regulatory requirements. We expect to devote significant time, effort and expense to address the extensive government and regulatory requirements applicable to our business. We believe that we are no more or less adversely affected by existing government regulations than our competitors.

FDA Regulation

Biopharmaceutical companies must comply with comprehensive regulation by the FDA and other regulatory agencies in the United States and comparable authorities in other countries. While the FDA does not require human clinical trials for dietary supplements, we have conducted and may continue to conduct clinical trials with our dietary supplements to promote scientific and consumer awareness. We may also conduct Phase II, and/or Phase III clinical trials with our pharmaceutical candidates.

We must obtain regulatory approvals by the FDA and similar health authorities in foreign countries to the extent applicable prior to human clinical testing and marketing of any pharmaceutical and for post-approval clinical studies for additional indications of approved drugs. We anticipate that any pharmaceutical candidate will be subject to rigorous pre-clinical and clinical testing and pre-market approval procedures by the FDA and similar health authorities in foreign countries to the extent applicable. The extent to which our products are regulated by the FDA will depend upon the types of products we ultimately develop. We are currently evaluating and pursuing various developmental strategies and cannot predict, during this stage of our development, the scope of FDA or other agency regulation to which we or our products will be subject. Various federal statutes and regulations also govern or influence the pre-clinical and clinical testing, record-keeping, approval, labeling, manufacture, quality, shipping, distribution, storage, marketing and promotion, export, and reimbursement of pharmaceuticals.

The steps ordinarily required before a drug product may be marketed in the United States include:

- Pre-clinical studies:
- submission to the FDA of an investigational new drug ("IND") application, which must become effective before human clinical trials may commence;
- adequate and well-controlled human clinical trials to establish the safety and efficacy of the pharmaceutical candidate in the desired indication for use;
- submission to the FDA of a new drug application ("NDA"), together with payment of a substantial user fee; and
- FDA approval of the NDA, including inspection and approval of the product manufacturing facility and select sites at which human clinical trials were conducted.

Pre-clinical studies typically involve laboratory evaluation of pharmaceutical candidate chemistry, formulation, and stability, as well as animal studies to assess the potential safety and efficacy of the pharmaceutical candidate. The results of pre-clinical studies are submitted to the FDA as part of an IND and are reviewed by the FDA before the commencement of clinical trials. Unless the FDA objects to an IND, the IND will become effective 30 days following its receipt by the FDA. Submission of an IND may not result in FDA clearance to commence clinical trials, and the FDA's failure to object to an IND does not guarantee FDA approval of a marketing application.

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Clinical trials involve the administration of the test agent to humans under the supervision of a qualified principal investigator. In the United States, clinical trials must be conducted in accordance with Good Clinical Practices. In addition, each clinical trial must be approved and conducted under the auspices of an institutional review board and with the subject's informed consent. We would be subject to similar regulatory considerations if we conduct clinical trials outside the United States.

The goal of Phase I clinical trials is to establish initial data about safety and tolerability of the pharmaceutical candidate in humans. The investigators seek to evaluate the effects of various dosages and to establish an optimal dosage level and schedule.

The goal of Phase II clinical trials is to provide evidence about the desired therapeutic efficacy of the pharmaceutical candidate in limited studies with small numbers of carefully selected subjects. Investigators also gather additional safety data.

Phase III clinical trials consist of expanded, large-scale, multi-center studies in the target patient population. This phase further tests the product's effectiveness, monitors side effects, and, in some cases, compares the product's effects to a standard treatment, if one is already available. Phase III trials are designed to more rigorously test the efficacy of a pharmaceutical candidate and are normally randomized, double-blinded, and placebo-controlled. Phase III trials are typically monitored by an independent data monitoring committee, or DMC, which periodically reviews data as a trial progresses. A DMC may recommend that a trial be stopped before completion for a number of reasons including safety concerns, patient benefit, or futility.

Data obtained from this development program are submitted as part of an NDA to the FDA and possibly to corresponding agencies in other countries for review. The NDA requires agency approval prior to marketing in the relevant country. Extensive regulations define the form, content and methods of gathering, compiling and analyzing the pharmaceutical candidate's safety and efficacy data.

The process of obtaining regulatory approval can be costly, time consuming and subject to unanticipated delays. Regulatory agencies may refuse to approve an application if they believe that applicable regulatory criteria are not satisfied and may also require additional testing for safety and efficacy and/or post-marketing surveillance

or other ongoing requirements for post-marketing studies. In some instances, regulatory approval may be granted with the condition that confirmatory Phase IV clinical trials are carried out, and if these trials do not confirm the results of previous studies, regulatory approval for marketing may be withdrawn. Moreover, each regulatory approval of a product is limited to specific indications. The FDA or other regulatory authorities may approve only limited label information for the product. The label information describes the indications and methods of use for which the product is authorized, may include Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategies and, if overly restrictive, may limit a sponsor's ability to successfully market the product. Regulatory agencies routinely revise or issue new regulations, which can affect and delay regulatory approval of pharmaceuticals.

Furthermore, pharmaceutical manufacturing processes must conform to current Good Manufacturing Practices, or cGMPs. Manufacturers, including a drug sponsor's third-party contract manufacturers, must expend time, money and effort in the areas of production, quality control and quality assurance, including compliance with stringent record-keeping requirements. Manufacturing establishments are subject to periodic inspections by the FDA or other health authorities, in order to assess, among other things, compliance with cGMP. Before approval of the initiation of commercial manufacturing processes, the FDA will usually perform a preapproval inspection of the facility to determine its compliance with cGMP and other rules and regulations. In addition, foreign manufacturers must also comply with cGMPs in order to supply products for use in the United States, and are subject to periodic inspection by the FDA or by regulatory authorities in certain countries under reciprocal agreements with the FDA. Manufacturing processes and facilities for pharmaceuticals are highly regulated. Regulatory authorities may choose not to certify or may impose restrictions, or even shut down existing manufacturing facilities that they determine are non-compliant.

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FDA GRAS Determination

"GRAS" is an acronym for the phrase "generally recognized as safe," which the FDA utilizes to describe those substances that, in the generally recognized opinion of the scientific community, will not be harmful to consumers, provided the substance is used as intended. According to applicable FDA regulations, any substance that is intentionally added to food is a food additive, which is subject to premarket review and approval by FDA, unless the substance is generally recognized, among qualified experts, as having been adequately shown to be safe under the conditions of its intended use. Under sections 201(s) and 409 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the "FD&C Act"), and FDA's implementing regulations in 21 CFR 170.3 and 21 CFR 170.30, the use of a food substance may be GRAS either through scientific procedures or, for a substance used in food before 1958, through experience based on common use in food. General recognition of safety through scientific procedures requires the same quantity and quality of scientific evidence as is required to obtain approval of the substance as a food additive and ordinarily is based upon published studies, which may be corroborated by unpublished studies and other data and information. General recognition of safety through experience based on common use in foods requires a substantial history of consumption for food use by a significant number of consumers.

Manufacturers of GRAS substances may provide the FDA with a notification of GRAS determination, which includes a description of the substance, the applicable conditions of use, and an explanation of how the substance was determined to be safe. Upon review of such a notification, the FDA may respond with a "no questions" position, whereby the manufacturer's determination that a product is GRAS for its intended purposes is affirmed. Alternatively, manufacturers may elect to "self-affirm" a given substance as GRAS without FDA notification but should retain all applicable safety data used for GRAS determination in the case of FDA inquiry.

Synthetic copies of naturally-occurring dietary ingredients or related components do not qualify as dietary ingredients under the FD&C Act, but substances that have been affirmed by the FDA as GRAS, self-affirmed as GRAS, or approved as direct food additives in the U.S. may be marketed as dietary ingredients, subject to FDA regulations for dietary ingredients.

FDA NDI Notification

The Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 (the "DSHEA") (Pub. L. 103-417) was signed into law on October 25, 1994 and amended the FD&C Act by adding: (i) section 201(ff) (21 U.S.C. 321(ff)), which defines the term "dietary supplement", and (ii) section 413 (21 U.S.C. 350b), which defines the term "new dietary ingredient" ("NDI") and requires the manufacturer or distributor of an NDI, or of the dietary supplement that contains the NDI, to submit a premarket notification to FDA at least 75 days before introducing/delivering the supplement into interstate commerce, unless the NDI and any other dietary ingredients in the dietary supplement have been present in the food supply without chemical alteration (21 U.S.C. 350b(a)(1)). The NDI notification must contain applicable information, including history of use and citations to published articles, from which the manufacturer or distributor of the NDI or dietary supplement has concluded that the dietary supplement containing the NDI will be reasonably expected to be safe under the conditions of its intended use. NDI notifications are not required for the marketing of approved food additives or GRAS substances as NDIs unless the dietary ingredient has been chemically altered.

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Other Regulations

Pharmaceutical companies are subject to various federal and state laws pertaining to healthcare "fraud and abuse," including anti-kickback and false claims laws. The Anti-Kickback Statute is a federal criminal statute that makes it illegal for any person, including a prescription drug manufacturer, or a party acting on its behalf, to knowingly and willfully solicit, offer, receive or pay any remuneration, directly or indirectly, in exchange for, or to induce, the referral of business, including the purchase, order or prescription of a particular drug, for which payment may be made under federal healthcare programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. Some of the state prohibitions apply to referral of patients for healthcare services reimbursed by any source, not only the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

In the course of practicing medicine, physicians may legally prescribe FDA approved drugs for an indication that has not been approved by the FDA and which, therefore, is not described in the product's approved labeling, so-called "off-label use." The FDA does not ordinarily regulate the behavior of physicians in their choice of treatments. The FDA and other governmental agencies do, however, restrict communications on the subject of off-label use by a manufacturer or those acting on behalf of a manufacturer. Companies may not promote FDA-approved drugs for off-label uses. The FDA and other governmental agencies do permit a manufacturer (and those acting on its behalf) to engage in some limited, non-misleading, non-promotional exchanges of scientific information regarding unapproved indications. The United States False Claims Act prohibits, among other things, anyone from knowingly and willfully presenting, or causing to be presented for payment to third-party payers (including Medicare and Medicaid) claims for reimbursed drugs or services that are false or fraudulent, claims for items or services not provided as claimed or claims for medically unnecessary items or services. Violations of fraud and abuse laws may be punishable by criminal and/or civil sanctions, including imprisonment, fines and civil monetary penalties, as well as possible exclusion from federal health care programs (including Medicare and Medicaid). In addition, under this and other applicable laws, such as the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, there is an ability for private individuals to bring similar actions. Further, there is an increasing number of state laws that require manufacturers to make reports to states on pricing and marketing information. Many of these laws contain ambiguities as to what is required to comply with the law.

We are subject to various laws and regulations regarding laboratory practices and the experimental use of animals in connection with our research. In each of these areas, as above, the FDA and other regulatory authorities have broad regulatory and enforcement powers, including the ability to suspend or delay issuance of approvals, seize or recall products, withdraw approvals, enjoin violations and institute criminal prosecution, any one or more of which could have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We must comply with regulations under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, the Environmental Protection Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act and other federal, state and local regulations. We are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, generation, manufacture, storage, air emission, effluent discharge, handling and disposal of certain hazardous or potentially hazardous materials. We may be required to incur significant costs to comply with environmental and health and safety regulations in the future. Our research and development involves the controlled use of hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, certain hazardous chemicals.

Our activities are also potentially subject to federal and state consumer protection and unfair competition laws. We are also subject to the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or the FCPA, which prohibits companies and individuals from engaging in specified activities to obtain or retain business or to influence a person working in an official capacity. Under the FCPA, it is illegal to pay, offer to pay, or authorize the payment of anything of value to any foreign government official, governmental staff members, political party or political candidate in an attempt to obtain or retain business or to otherwise influence a person working in an official capacity. In addition, federal and state laws protect the confidentiality of certain health information, in particular, individually identifiable information, and restrict the use and disclosure of that information. At the federal level, the Department of Health and Human Services promulgated health information privacy and security rules under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. In addition, many state laws apply to the use and disclosure of health information.

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Customers

We sell ZanthoSyn[®] primarily through wholesale and e-commerce channels. We launched our e-commerce channel in 2016, and we began selling to GNC stores in 2017. ZanthoSyn[®] is currently available at over two thousand GNC corporate stores in the United States.

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, sales to GNC accounted for approximately 80-90% of our revenues. No other customer accounted for 10% or more of our revenues during these years.

We sell ZanthoSyn[®] to GNC under a purchasing agreement. The exclusivity provision under such agreement related to distribution of ZanthoSyn[®] by GNC in the "brick and mortar" retail channel in the United States expired on October 16, 2019. GNC remains our only distributor of ZanthoSyn[®] in such channel, but we may expand retail distribution to mass market retailers, other specialty nutrition stores, pharmacies, and other retailers. We also plan to increase our sales and marketing efforts through ecommerce.

Human Capital Resources

As of the date of this report, we have 10 full-time employees and 2 part-time employees.

Our ability to successfully execute our strategic initiatives is highly dependent on recruiting and retaining skilled personnel that share our collective mission to address areas of major unmet medical and health needs. Our compensation philosophy is based on incentivizing and rewarding performance, with alignment of individual, corporate, stockholder, and societal interests. Compensation includes salaries, benefits, and equity participation.

We are committed to the health, safety, and well-being of our employees. We follow applicable local, state, and federal laws, regulations, and guidances. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we bolstered measures to enable employees to work remotely and have utilized cloud-based productivity and communications systems to facilitate distributed work.

Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is designed to ensure that all employees maintain the highest standards of business conduct in every aspect of their dealings with each other, customers, suppliers, vendors, service providers, stockholders, and governmental authorities.

We believe the relations with our employees are satisfactory.

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ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

An investment in our common stock, any warrants to purchase our common stock, or any other security that may be issued by us involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all of the other information included elsewhere in this annual report, before making an investment decision. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition, or results of operations could suffer. In that case, the trading price of our shares of common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. You should read the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" above for a discussion of what types of statements are forward-looking statements, as well as the significance of such statements in the context of this annual report.

Risks Related to Our Business, Industry, and Financial Condition

We have a history of operating losses and have received a going concern opinion from our auditors.

We have incurred substantial net losses since our inception and may continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future, as we continue our product development activities. As a result of our limited operating history, we have limited historical financial data that can be used in evaluating our business and our prospects and in projecting our future operating results. Through December 31, 2020, we have accumulated a total deficit of \$72,091,862.

Additionally, we have received a "going concern" opinion from our independent registered public accounting firm. We expect that our marketing program for ZanthoSyn® will continue to focus on outreach to physicians, healthcare professionals, retail personnel, and consumers, and anticipate further losses in the development of our consumer business. We also plan to advance the research and development of our pharmaceutical candidates and anticipate further losses in the development of our pharmaceutical business. As a result of these and other factors, management has determined there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to raise additional capital and implement our business plan. If we are unable to achieve or sustain profitability or to secure additional financing on acceptable terms, we may not be able to meet our obligations as they come due, raising substantial doubts as to our ability to continue as a going concern. Any such inability to continue as a going concern may result in our common stock holders losing their entire investment. There is no guarantee that we will become profitable or secure additional financing on acceptable terms. Our consolidated financial statements contemplate that we will continue as a going concern and do not contain any adjustments that might result if we were unable to continue as a going concern. Changes in our operating plans, our existing and anticipated working capital needs, the acceleration or modification of our expansion plans, increased expenses, potential acquisitions or other events will all affect our ability to continue as a going concern.

We are highly dependent on our senior management and certain consultants or other advisors, and if we are not able to retain them or to recruit and retain additional qualified personnel, our business will suffer.

We are highly dependent upon our senior management and certain consultants or other advisors, including David G. Watumull, our President and Chief Executive Officer, David M. Watumull, our Chief Operating Officer, Paresh N. Soni, our Chief Clinical and Regulatory Strategist, Gilbert M. Rishton, our Chief Science Officer, Jon L. Ruckle, our Chief Medical Officer, Timothy J. King, our Vice President, Research, and John B. Russell, our Chief Financial Officer. The loss of services of David G. Watumull or any other member of our senior management could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations. We carry \$1 million "key person" life insurance policies on David G. Watumull and David M. Watumull, but we do not carry similar insurance for any of our other senior executives.

We may choose to increase our management personnel. For example, we will need to obtain certain additional functional capability, including regulatory, sales, quality assurance and control, either by hiring additional personnel or by outsourcing these functions to qualified third parties. We may not be able to engage these third parties on terms favorable to us. Also, we may not be able to attract and retain qualified personnel on acceptable terms given the competition for such personnel among companies that operate in our markets. The trend in the pharmaceutical industry of requiring sales and other personnel to enter into non-competition agreements prior to starting employment exacerbates this problem, since personnel who have made such a commitment to their current employers are more difficult to recruit. If we fail to identify, attract, retain, and motivate these highly skilled personnel, or if we lose current employees, our business, prospects, financial conditions, and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Our ability to grow and compete in the future will be adversely affected if adequate capital is not available to us or not available on terms favorable to us.

The ability of our business to grow and compete depends on the availability of adequate capital, which in turn depends in large part on our cash flow from operations and the availability of equity and debt financing. We cannot assure you that our cash flow from operations will be sufficient or that we will be able to obtain equity or debt financing on acceptable terms or at all to implement our growth strategy. As a result, we cannot assure you that adequate capital will be available to finance our current growth plans, take advantage of business opportunities, or respond to competitive pressures, any of which could harm our business. Additionally, if adequate additional financing is not available on acceptable terms, we may not be able to continue our business operations. Any additional capital, investment or financing of our business may result in dilution of our stockholders or be on terms and conditions that impair our ability to profitably conduct our business.

We are dependent upon the success of our products and technologies, which may not be successfully developed or commercialized.

While the FDA does not require clinical trials for dietary supplements, we have conducted and may continue to conduct clinical trials with our dietary supplements to promote scientific and consumer awareness. We also expect to conduct clinical trials with our pharmaceutical candidates. A failure of any clinical trial can occur at any stage of testing. The results of initial clinical testing may not necessarily indicate the results that will be obtained from later or more extensive testing. Additionally, any observations made with respect to blinded clinical data are inherently uncertain as we cannot know which set of data come from subjects treated with active versus placebo. Investors are cautioned not to rely on observations coming from blinded data and not to rely on initial clinical trial results as necessarily indicative of results that will be obtained in subsequent clinical trials or clinical practice.

Additionally, our products are subject to a variety of FDA and other applicable regulatory authorities. The extent of regulations applicable to our products, and the approvals or designations our products may receive from regulatory authorities, such as the FDA, are dependent upon the nature and development of our products and how such products are ultimately commercialized and marketed.

A number of different factors could prevent us from developing or commercializing our products on a timely basis, or at all.

We, the FDA, other applicable regulatory authorities, or an institutional review board ('IRB"), may suspend clinical trials of a product at any time for various reasons, including if we or they believe the subjects participating in such trials are being exposed to unacceptable health risks. Among other reasons, adverse side effects of a product on subjects in a clinical trial could result in the FDA or other regulatory authorities suspending or terminating the trial and refusing to approve or allow continued marketing of a particular product for any or all indications or applications of use.

Clinical trials require the enrollment of a sufficient number of subjects who meet certain eligibility criteria. Rates of subject enrollment are affected by many factors, and delays in subject enrollment can result in increased costs and longer development times.

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Clinical trials also require the review and oversight of IRBs, which approve and continually review clinical investigations and protect the rights and welfare of human subjects. An inability or delay in obtaining IRB approval could prevent or delay the initiation and completion of clinical trials, and the FDA may decide not to consider any data or information derived from a clinical investigation not subject to initial and continuing IRB review and approval.

Numerous factors could affect the timing, cost, or outcome of our development and commercialization efforts, including the following:

- delays in filing or acceptance of IND applications for our pharmaceutical candidates;
- difficulty in securing centers to conduct clinical trials;
- conditions imposed on us by the FDA or other regulatory authorities that are applicable to our business regarding the scope or design of our clinical trials or the method or scope of our sales and marketing practices;
- problems in engaging IRBs to oversee trials or problems in obtaining or maintaining IRB approval of studies;
- difficulty in enrolling subjects in conformity with required protocols or projected timelines;
- · third-party contractors failing to comply with regulatory requirements or to meet their contractual obligations to us in a timely manner;
- our products having unexpected and different chemical and pharmacological properties in humans than in laboratory testing and interacting with human biological systems in unforeseen, ineffective or harmful ways;
- the need to suspend or terminate clinical trials if the subjects are being exposed to unacceptable health risks;
- insufficient or inadequate supply or quality of our products or other materials necessary to conduct our clinical trials;
- our products not having the desired effects or having undesirable side effects or other unexpected characteristics;
- the cost of our clinical trials being greater than we anticipate;
- negative or inconclusive results from our clinical trials or the clinical trials of others for similar products or inability to generate statistically significant data confirming the efficacy or safety of the product being tested;
- interim or preliminary results of our clinical trials may not be indicative of the final results for such clinical trials or other clinical trials;
- interim or preliminary results of our clinical trials do not ensure that the final results such clinical trial or other clinical trials will be positive or statistically significant or clinically meaningful;
- results of our clinical trials may not be replicated by other clinical trials;
- changes in the FDA's other applicable regulatory authorities' requirements for testing during the course of testing;
- reallocation of our limited financial and other resources to other programs; and
- adverse results obtained by other companies developing similar products.

It is possible that none of the products we may develop will obtain the appropriate regulatory approvals necessary to begin selling them or that any regulatory approval to market a product may be subject to limitations on the indicated uses for which we may market the product. The time required to obtain FDA and other approvals is unpredictable, but often can take years following the commencement of clinical trials, depending upon the complexity of the product. Any analysis we perform of data from clinical activities is subject to confirmation and interpretation by regulatory authorities, which could delay, limit or prevent regulatory approval. Any delay or failure in obtaining required approvals could have a material adverse effect on our ability to generate revenue from the particular product.

We also must comply with clinical trial and post-approval safety and adverse event reporting requirements. Adverse events related to our products must be reported to the FDA in accordance with regulatory timelines based on their severity and expectedness. Failure to make timely safety reports and to establish and maintain related records could result in withdrawal of marketing authorization.

We may also become subject to numerous foreign regulatory requirements governing the conduct of clinical trials, manufacturing and marketing authorization, pricing, and third-party reimbursement. The foreign regulatory approval process includes all of the risks associated with the FDA approval described above as well as risks attributable to the satisfaction of local regulations in foreign jurisdictions. Approval by the FDA does not assure approval by regulatory authorities outside of the United States.

If we fail to comply with FDA regulations our business could suffer.

The manufacture and marketing of pharmaceuticals and dietary supplements are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA and foreign and state regulatory authorities. In the United States, pharmaceutical and dietary supplement companies such as ours must comply with laws and regulations promulgated by the FDA. These laws and regulations require various authorizations prior to a product being marketed in the United States. Manufacturing facilities and practices are also subject to FDA regulations. The FDA regulates the clinical testing, manufacture, labeling, sale, distribution, and promotion of pharmaceuticals and dietary supplements in the United States. Our failure to comply with regulatory requirements, including any future changes to such requirements, could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations.

Even after clearance or approval of a product, we are subject to continuing regulation by the FDA, including the requirements of registering our facilities and listing our products with the FDA. We are subject to reporting regulations. These regulations require us to report to the FDA if any of our products may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury and such product or a similar product that we market would likely cause or contribute to a death or serious injury. Unless an exemption applies, we must report corrections and removals to the FDA where the correction or removal was initiated to reduce a risk to health posed by the product or to remedy a violation of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. The FDA also requires that we maintain records of corrections or removals, regardless of whether such corrections and removals are required to be reported to the FDA. In addition, the FDA closely regulates promotion and advertising, and our promotional and advertising activities could come under scrutiny by the FDA.

The FDA also requires that manufacturing be in compliance with its Quality System Regulation, or QSR. The QSR covers the methods and documentation of the design, testing, control, manufacturing, labeling, quality assurance, packaging, storage, and shipping of our products. Our failure to maintain compliance with the QSR requirements could result in the shutdown of, or restrictions on, our manufacturing operations, to the extent we have any, and the recall or seizure of our products, which would have a material adverse effect on our business. In the event that one of our suppliers fails to maintain compliance with our quality requirements, we may have to qualify a new supplier and could experience manufacturing delays as a result.

The FDA has broad enforcement powers. If we violate applicable regulatory requirements, the FDA may bring enforcement actions against us, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations. Violations of regulatory requirements, at any stage, including after approval, may result in various adverse consequences, including the delay by a regulatory agency in approving or refusal to approve a product, withdrawal or recall of an approved product from the market, other voluntary agency-initiated action that could delay further development or marketing, as well as the imposition of criminal penalties against the manufacturer and NDA holder. The extent of FDA regulations applicable to us, and whether our products are ultimately designated as drugs (including active pharmaceutical ingredients) or dietary supplements (including dietary ingredients), will depend upon how our products are ultimately commercialized. Furthermore, our products may be commercialized by us or by other parties through licensing arrangements, joint ventures, or other alliances, and our burden of complying with any regulations applicable to our products will depend upon the nature and extent of any relationships with such partners. While dietary supplements are not as extensively regulated as pharmaceuticals, the extent of any regulations to which we may be subject will depend upon the specific products we ultimately produce.

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We have limited experience in managing communications with regulatory authorities, including filing IND applications, filing new drug applications, submitting promotional materials, and generally directing the regulatory processes in all territories.

We may be responsible for managing communications with regulatory authorities, including filing INDs, filing NDAs, submitting promotional materials, and generally directing the regulatory processes in all territories. We have limited experience directing such activities and may not be successful with our planned development strategies, on the planned timelines, or at all. Even if any of our products are designated for "fast track" or "priority review" status or if we seek approval under accelerated approval (Subpart H) regulations, such designation or approval pathway does not necessarily mean a faster development process or regulatory review process or necessarily confer any advantage with respect to approval compared to conventional FDA procedures. Accelerated development and approval procedures will only be available if the indications for which we are developing products remain unmet medical needs and if our clinical trial results support use of surrogate endpoints, respectively. Even if these accelerated development or approval mechanisms are available to us, depending on the results of clinical trials, we may elect to follow the more traditional approval processes for strategic and marketing reasons, since drugs approved under accelerated approval procedures are more likely to be subjected to post-approval requirements for clinical studies to provide confirmatory evidence that the drugs are safe and effective. If we fail to conduct any such required post-approval studies or if the studies fail to verify that any of our products are safe and effective, our FDA approval could be revoked. It can be difficult, time-consuming, and expensive to enroll patients in such clinical trials because physicians and patients are less likely to participate in a clinical trial to receive a drug that is already commercially available. Drugs approved under accelerated approval procedures also require regulatory preapproval of promotional materials that may delay or otherwise hinder commercialization efforts.

We expect to continue to incur significant research and development expenses, which may make it difficult for us to attain profitability.

We expend substantial funds to develop our products, and additional substantial funds will be required for further research and development, including pre-clinical and clinical testing, and to manufacture and market any products that are approved for commercial sale. Because the successful development of our products is uncertain, we are unable to precisely estimate the actual funds we will require to develop and potentially commercialize them. In addition, we may not be able to generate enough revenue, even if we are able to commercialize any of our products, to become profitable.

We operate in highly competitive industries, and our failure to compete effectively could adversely affect our market share, financial condition and growth prospects. If competitors are better able to develop and market products that are more effective, or gain greater acceptance in the marketplace than our products, our commercial opportunities may be reduced or eliminated.

The dietary supplement and pharmaceutical industries are constantly evolving, and scientific advances are expected to continue at a rapid pace. This results in intense competition among companies operating in the industry. Other, larger companies may have, or may be developing, products that compete with our products and may significantly limit the market acceptance of our products or render them obsolete. Our technical and/or business competitors would include major pharmaceutical companies, biotechnology companies, consumer health companies, universities, and nonprofit research institutions and foundations. Most of these competitors have significantly greater research and development capabilities than we have, as well as substantial marketing, financial, and managerial resources. ZanthoSyn[®], our lead product, primarily competes against products that provide anti-inflammatory health benefits. In addition, there are several other companies, both public and private, that service the same markets as we do, all of which compete to some degree with us.

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do. Our ability to compete is affected by our ability to:

- develop or acquire new products and innovative technologies;
- obtain regulatory clearance and compliance for our products;
- manufacture and sell our products cost-effectively;
- meet all relevant quality standards for our products in their particular markets;
- respond to competitive pressures specific to each of our geographic and product markets;
- protect the proprietary technology of our products and avoid infringement of the proprietary rights of others;
- market our products;
- · attract and retain skilled employees, including sales representatives;
- maintain and establish distribution relationships; and
- engage in acquisitions, joint ventures, or other collaborations.

Competitors could develop products that are more effective, achieve favorable reimbursement status from third-party payors, cost less, or are ready for commercial introduction before our products. If our competitors are better able to develop and patent products earlier than we can, or develop more effective and/or less expensive products that render our products obsolete or non-competitive, our business will be harmed and our commercial opportunities will be reduced or eliminated.

In addition, competitors and other parties may also seek to impact regulatory status of our products through the filing of citizen petitions or other similar documents.

We believe that the market in which we compete in is also highly sensitive to the introduction of new products, including various prescription drugs, which may rapidly capture a significant share of the market. In the United States, we expect to also compete for sales with heavily advertised national brands manufactured by large pharmaceutical, biotechnology, and consumer health companies, as well as other retailers.

As some products gain market acceptance, we may experience increased competition for those products as more participants enter the market. Currently, we are not a manufacturer. To the extent that we engage third-party manufacturers or use strategic alliances to produce our products, our manufacturing capabilities may not be adequate or sufficient to compete with large scale, direct, or third-party manufacturers. Certain of our potential competitors are larger than us and have longer operating histories, customer bases, greater brand recognition, and greater resources for marketing, advertising, and product promotion. They may be able to secure inventory from vendors on more favorable terms, operate with a lower cost structure, or adopt more aggressive pricing policies. In addition, our potential competitors may be more effective and efficient in introducing new products. We may not be able to compete effectively, and our attempt to do so may require us to increase marketing and/or reduce our prices, which may result in lower margins. Failure to effectively compete could adversely affect our market share, financial condition, and growth prospects.

The pharmaceutical and dietary supplement industries are subject to extensive and complex healthcare regulation. Any determination that we have violated federal or state laws applicable to us that regulate healthcare would have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, and financial condition.

Federal and state laws regulating healthcare are extensive and complex. The laws applicable to our business are subject to evolving interpretations, and therefore we cannot be sure that a review of our operations by federal or state courts or regulatory authorities will not result in a determination that we have violated one or more provisions of federal or state law. Any such determination could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, and financial condition.

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Healthcare and insurance legislation may increase the difficulty and cost for us to commercialize our products and affect the prices we may obtain.

The United States and many foreign jurisdictions have enacted or proposed legislative and regulatory changes affecting the healthcare system that could prevent or delay marketing approval of our products, restrict or regulate post-approval activities, and affect our ability to profitably sell any product for which we obtain marketing approval.

In the United States, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, or Medicare Modernization Act, changed the way Medicare covers and pays for pharmaceuticals. The legislation expanded Medicare coverage for drug purchases by the elderly by establishing Medicare Part D and introduced a new reimbursement methodology based on average sales prices for physician-administered drugs under Medicare Part B. In addition, this legislation provided authority for limiting the number of drugs that Medicare will cover in any therapeutic class under the new Medicare Part D program. Cost reduction initiatives and other provisions of this legislation could decrease the coverage and reimbursement rate that we receive for any of our approved products. While the Medicare Modernization Act applies only to drug benefits for Medicare beneficiaries, private payors often follow Medicare coverage policy and payment limitations in setting their own reimbursement rates. Therefore, any reduction in reimbursement that results from the Medicare Modernization Act may result in a similar reduction in payments from private payors.

In March 2010, the President signed into law the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or, collectively, the Affordable Care Act, a law intended to broaden access to health insurance, reduce or constrain the growth of healthcare spending, enhance remedies against healthcare fraud and abuse, add new transparency requirements for healthcare and health insurance industries, impose new taxes and fees on pharmaceutical and medical device manufacturers, and impose additional health policy reforms. Among other things, the Affordable Care Act expanded manufacturers' rebate liability under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program by increasing the minimum rebate for both branded and generic drugs, effective the first quarter of 2010, and revising the definition of "average manufacturer price," or AMP, for reporting purposes, which could increase the amount of Medicaid drug rebates manufacturers are required to pay to states. The legislation also extended Medicaid drug rebates, previously due only on fee-for-service utilization, to Medicaid managed care utilization, and created an alternative rebate formula for certain new formulations of certain existing products that is intended to increase the amount of rebates due on those drugs.

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, which administers the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program, also has proposed to expand Medicaid drug rebates to the utilization that occurs in the United States territories, such as Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Also effective in 2010, the Affordable Care Act expanded the types of entities eligible to receive discounted 340B pricing, although, with the exception of children's hospitals, these newly eligible entities will not be eligible to receive discounted 340B pricing on orphan drugs. In addition, because 340B pricing is determined based on AMP and Medicaid drug rebate data, the revisions to the Medicaid rebate formula and AMP definition described above could cause the required 340B discounts to increase. Furthermore, as of 2011, the new law imposes a significant annual fee on companies that manufacture or import branded prescription drugs and requires manufacturers to provide a 50% discount off the negotiated price of prescriptions filled by beneficiaries in the Medicare Part D coverage gap, referred to as the "donut hole." Substantial new provisions affecting compliance have also been enacted, which may affect our business practices with healthcare practitioners. Notably, a significant number of provisions are not yet, or have only recently become, effective. Although it is too early to determine the full effect of the Affordable Care Act, the new law appears likely to continue the downward pressure on pharmaceutical pricing, especially under the Medicare program, and may also increase our regulatory burdens and operating costs.

In addition, other legislative changes have been proposed and adopted since the Affordable Care Act was enacted. In August 2011, the President signed into law the Budget Control Act of 2011, which, among other things, created the Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction to recommend to Congress proposals in spending reductions. The Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction did not achieve a targeted deficit reduction of at least \$1.2 trillion for fiscal years 2012 through 2021, triggering the legislation's automatic reduction to several government programs. This includes aggregate reductions to Medicare payments to providers of up to 2% per fiscal year.

We expect that the Affordable Care Act, as well as other healthcare reform measures that have and may be adopted in the future, may result in more rigorous coverage criteria and in additional downward pressure on the price that we receive for any approved product, and could seriously harm our future revenues. Any reduction in reimbursement from Medicare or other government programs may result in a similar reduction in payments from private payors. The implementation of cost containment measures or other healthcare reforms may prevent us from being able to generate revenue, attain profitability or commercialize our products.

The impact of continued health care reform efforts with respect to the Affordable Care Act is currently unknown, and may adversely affect our business model.

Since its enactment, there have been judicial and Congressional challenges to numerous provisions of the Affordable Care Act. In January 2017, Congress voted to adopt a budget resolution for fiscal year 2017, or the Budget Resolution, that authorizes the implementation of legislation that would repeal portions of the Affordable Care Act. The Budget Resolution is not a law, but it is widely viewed as the first step toward the passage of legislation that would repeal certain aspects of the Affordable Care Act. On January 20, 2017, the President signed an Executive Order directing federal agencies with authorities and responsibilities under the Affordable Care Act to waive, defer, grant exemptions from, or delay the implementation of any provision of the Affordable Care Act that would impose a fiscal or regulatory burden on states, individuals, healthcare providers, health insurers, or manufacturers of pharmaceuticals or medical devices. Additionally, on October 12, 2017, the President issued another executive order requiring the Secretaries of the Departments of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), Labor, and the Treasury to consider proposing regulations or revising existing guidance to allow more employers to form association health plans that would be allowed to provide coverage across state lines, increase the availability of short-term, limited duration health insurance plans, which are generally not subject to the requirements of the Affordable Care Act, and increase the availability and permitted use of health reimbursement arrangements. On October 13, 2017, the Department of Justice announced that HHS was immediately stopping its cost sharing reduction payments to insurance companies based on the determination that those payments had not been appropriated by Congress. Furthermore, on December 22, 2017, the President signed tax reform legislation into law that, in addition to overhauling the federal tax system, also, effective as of January 1, 2019, repeals the penalties associated with the individual mandat

We are not able to provide any assurance that the continued healthcare reform debate will not result in legislation, regulation, or executive action by the President of the United States that is adverse to our business. We expect continued development in health care reform and cannot provide any assurance that any changes will not be adverse to us our products or strategies.

US trade policy could adversely affect our costs.

The future of U.S. trade policy is not certain and may have an effect on the global economy, including our ability or our third-party manufacturers' ability to source product or components from certain countries. The response to current U.S. trade policy by sovereign nations is dynamic and cannot be predicted by us. Other nations may reciprocate in trade tariffs or take other actions that could have an adverse effect on the U.S. economy in general and our ability or our third-party manufacturers' ability to acquire raw materials or inventory at acceptable prices.

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If we are unable to obtain and maintain protection of our intellectual property, the value of our products may be adversely affected.

Our business is dependent in part upon our ability to use intellectual property rights to protect our products from competition. To protect our products, we rely on a combination of patent and other intellectual property laws, employment, confidentiality, and invention assignment agreements with our employees and contractors, and confidentiality agreements and protective contractual provisions with our partners, licensors, and other third parties. These methods, however, afford us only limited protection against competition from other products.

We attempt to protect our intellectual property position, in part, by filing patent applications and obtaining patents related to our proprietary technology, inventions, and improvements that are important to our business. However, our patent position is not likely by itself to prevent others from commercializing products that compete directly with our products. Moreover, we do not have patent protection for certain components of our products and our patent applications can be challenged. In addition, we may fail to receive any patent for which we have applied, and any patent owned by us or issued to us could be challenged, invalidated, or held to be unenforceable. If a defendant were to prevail on a legal assertion of invalidity and/or unenforceability of a patent, we would lose at least part, and perhaps all, of the patent protection on a product. Even if a defendant does not prevail on a legal assertion of invalidity and/or unenforceability, our patent claims may be construed in a manner that would limit our ability to enforce such claims against the defendant and others. We also note that any patent granted may not provide a competitive advantage to us. Our competitors may independently develop technologies that are substantially similar or superior to our technologies. Further, third parties may design around our patented or proprietary products and technologies.

We rely on certain trade secrets and we may not be able to adequately protect our trade secrets even with contracts with our personnel and third parties. Also, any third party could independently develop and have the right to use, our trade secret, know-how, and other proprietary information. If we are unable to protect our intellectual property rights, our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations could suffer materially.

Our ability to market our products may be impaired by the intellectual property rights of third parties.

Our success depends in part on our products not infringing on the patents and proprietary rights of other parties. For instance, in the United States, patent applications filed in recent years are confidential for 18 months, while older applications are not published until the patent issues. As a result, there may be patents and patent applications of which we are unaware, and avoiding patent infringement may be difficult.

Our industry is characterized by a large number of patents, patent applications, and frequent litigation based on allegations of patent infringement. Competitors may own patents or proprietary rights, or have filed patent applications, related to products that are similar to ours. We may not be aware of all of the patents and pending applications potentially adverse to our interests that may have been issued to others. Moreover, since there may be unpublished patent applications that could result in patents with claims relating to our products, we cannot be sure that our current products will not infringe any patents that might be issued or filed in the future. Based on the litigious nature of our industry and the fact that we may pose a competitive threat to some companies who own or control various patents, we believe it is possible that one or more third parties may assert a patent infringement claim seeking damages or enjoining us from the manufacture or marketing of one or more of our products. Such a lawsuit may have already been filed against us without our knowledge or may be filed in the future. If any future claim of infringement against us was successful, we may be required to pay substantial damages, cease the infringing activity, or obtain the requisite licenses or rights to use the technology, which may not be available to us on acceptable terms, if at all. Even if we were able to obtain rights to a third party's intellectual property rights, these rights may be non-exclusive, thereby giving our competitors potential access to the same rights and weakening our market position. Moreover, regardless of the outcome, patent litigation could significantly disrupt our business, divert our management's attention and consume our financial resources. We cannot predict if or when any third-party patent holder will file suit for patent infringement.

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We may be involved in lawsuits or proceedings to protect or enforce our intellectual property rights or to defend against infringement claims, which could be expensive and time consuming.

Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights, protect our trade secrets, or determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others. Interference proceedings conducted by a patent and trademark office may be necessary to determine the priority of inventions with respect to our patent applications. Litigation or interference proceedings, including the defense against infringement or invalidity claims, would be expensive and could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources

and management attention. In addition, in an infringement proceeding, a court may decide that a patent of ours is not valid or is unenforceable or may refuse to stop the other party from using the technology at issue on the grounds that our patents do not cover the technology or the product. An adverse determination of any litigation or defense proceedings could put one or more of our patents at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly and could put our patent applications at risk of not issuing. In addition, we may be enjoined from marketing one or more of our products if a court finds that such products infringe the intellectual property rights of a third party.

During litigation, we may not be able to prevent the confidentiality of certain of our proprietary rights because of the substantial amount of discovery required in connection with intellectual property litigation. In addition, during the course of litigation, there could be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions, or other interim proceedings or developments. If investors or customers perceive these results to be negative, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations.

Commercialization of our products requires sophisticated sales and marketing teams.

We have limited prior experience with commercializing our products. To successfully continue to commercialize our dietary supplement products and to commercialize any pharmaceutical products, we need to establish and maintain sophisticated sales and marketing teams and/or utilize the resources of any licensee, contractor, or other third party. While we intend to use current Company employees and service providers to lead our marketing efforts, we may choose to expand our marketing and sales team. Experienced sales representatives may be difficult to locate and retain, and all new sales representatives will need to undergo extensive training. There is no assurance that we will be able to recruit and retain sufficiently skilled sales representatives, or that any new sales representatives will ultimately become productive. If we are unable to recruit and retain qualified and productive sales personnel, our ability to commercialize our products and to generate revenues will be impaired, and our business will be harmed.

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We have limited experience as a commercial company.

In 2016, we launched our first commercial product, ZanthoSyn®, and we have limited sales to date. As such, we have limited historical financial data upon which to base our projected revenue, planned operating expenses or upon which to evaluate our company and our commercial prospects. Based on our limited experience in developing and marketing new products, we may not be able to effectively:

- drive adoption of our current and future products, including ZanthoSyn®;
- attract and retain customers for our products;
- provide appropriate levels of customer support for our products;
- implement effective marketing strategies to promote awareness of our products;
- develop, manufacture, and commercialize new products or achieve an acceptable return on our research and development efforts and expenses;
- comply with regulatory requirements applicable to our products;
- anticipate and adapt to changes in our market;
- maintain and develop strategic relationships with vendors and manufacturers to acquire necessary materials for the production of our existing or future products;
- scale our manufacturing activities to meet potential demand at a reasonable cost;
- avoid infringement and misappropriation of third-party intellectual property;
- obtain any necessary licenses to third-party intellectual property on commercially reasonable terms;
- obtain valid and enforceable patents that give us a competitive advantage;
- protect our proprietary technology; and
- attract, retain, and motivate qualified personnel.

In addition, a high percentage of our expenses is and will continue to be fixed. Accordingly, if we do not generate revenue as and when anticipated, our losses may be greater than expected and our operating results will suffer.

Market acceptance of ZanthoSyn® and any future products are vital to our future success.

The commercial success of ZanthoSyn® and any future products is dependent upon the acceptance of such products. ZanthoSyn® and any future products may not gain and maintain any significant degree of market acceptance among potential consumers, retailers, healthcare providers, or acceptance by third-party payors, such as health insurance companies. The health applications for ZanthoSyn® and any future products can also be addressed by other products or techniques. The medical community widely accepts alternative treatments, and certain of these other treatments have a long history of use. We cannot be certain that our proposed products and the procedures in which they are used will be able to replace those established treatments or that users will accept and utilize our products or any other medical products that we may market.

Market acceptance will depend upon numerous factors, many of which are not under our control, including:

- the safety and efficacy of our products;
- favorable regulatory approval and product labeling;
- the availability, safety, efficacy, and ease of use of alternative products or treatments;
- our ability to educate potential users on the advantages of our products;
- the price of our products relative to alternative technologies;
- the availability of third-party reimbursement; and
- our distribution channels and any support by retailers.

If our proposed products do not achieve significant market acceptance, our future revenues and profitability would be adversely affected.

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We have limited experience in marketing our products.

We have undertaken limited marketing efforts for ZanthoSyn[®] and any future products. Our sales and marketing teams compete against the experienced and well-funded sales organizations of competitors. Our future revenues and ability to achieve profitability will depend largely on the effectiveness of our sales and marketing team, and we will face significant challenges and risks related to marketing our services, including, but not limited to, the following:

- the ability of sales representatives to obtain access to or persuade adequate numbers of healthcare providers to recommend and/or purchase and/or use our products;
- the ability to recruit, properly motivate, retain, and train adequate numbers of qualified sales and marketing personnel;
- the costs associated with hiring, training, maintaining, and expanding an effective sales and marketing team; and
- assuring compliance with government regulatory requirements affecting the healthcare industry in general and our products in particular.

We may seek to establish a network of distributors in selected markets to market, sell, and distribute our products. If we fail to select or use appropriate distributors, or if the sales and marketing strategies of such distributors prove ineffective in generating sales of our products, our future revenues would be adversely affected, and we might never become profitable.

The loss of our largest customer would substantially reduce revenues.

Our customers are material to our success. If we are unable to maintain good relationships with our existing customers, our business could suffer. We sell ZanthoSyn® to GNC under a purchasing agreement. The exclusivity provision under such agreement related to distribution of ZanthoSyn® by GNC in the "brick and mortar" retail channel in the United States expired on October 16, 2019. GNC remains our only distributor of ZanthoSyn® in such channel, but we may expand retail distribution to mass market retailers, other specialty nutrition stores, pharmacies, and other retailers. We cannot provide assurance that GNC will continue to sell ZanthoSyn® at the same levels, or at all.

Commercialization of our products requires sophisticated sales and marketing teams.

We have limited prior experience with commercializing our products. To successfully continue to commercialize our dietary supplement products and to commercialize any pharmaceutical products, we need to establish and maintain sophisticated sales and marketing teams and/or utilize the resources of any licensee, contractor, or other third party. While we intend to use current Company employees and service providers to lead our marketing efforts, we may choose to expand our marketing and sales team. Experienced sales representatives may be difficult to locate and retain, and all new sales representatives will need to undergo extensive training. There is no assurance that we will be able to recruit and retain sufficiently skilled sales representatives, or that any new sales representatives will ultimately become productive. If we are unable to recruit and retain qualified and productive sales personnel, our ability to commercialize our products and to generate revenues will be impaired, and our business will be harmed.

An unexpected interruption or shortage in the supply or significant increase in the cost of components could limit our ability to manufacture any products, which could reduce our sales and margins.

To the extent we engage in relationships with contract manufacturers in the future, an unexpected interruption of supply or a significant increase in the cost of components, whether to us or to our contract manufacturers for any reason, such as regulatory requirements, import restrictions, loss of certifications, disruption of distribution channels as a result of weather, terrorism or acts of war, or other events, could result in significant cost increases and/or shortages of our products. Our inability to obtain sufficient amounts of our products or to pass through higher cost of products we offer could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

3.5

We rely on third parties to supply and manufacture our products. If these third parties do not perform as expected or if our agreements with them are terminated, our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations would be materially adversely affected.

We outsource our manufacturing to third parties. Our reliance on contract manufacturers and suppliers exposes us to risks, including the following:

- We rely on our suppliers and manufacturers to provide us with the needed products or components in a timely fashion and of an acceptable quality. An uncorrected
 defect or supplier's variation in a component could harm our or our third-party manufacturers' ability to manufacture, and our ability to sell, products and may
 subject us to product liability claims.
- The facilities of our third-party manufacturers must satisfy production and quality standards set by applicable regulatory authorities. Regulatory authorities periodically inspect manufacturing facilities to determine compliance with these standards. If we or our third-party manufacturers fail to satisfy these requirements, the facilities could be shut down.
- These manufacturing operations could also be disrupted or delayed by fire, earthquake or other natural disaster, a work stoppage or other labor-related disruption, failure in supply or other logistical channels, electrical outages, or other reasons. If there was any such disruption to any of these manufacturing facilities, our third-party manufacturers would potentially be unable to manufacture our products.
- A third-party manufacturer or supplier could decide to terminate our manufacturing or supply arrangement, including due to a disagreement between us and such
 third-party manufacturer, if the third-party manufacturer determines not to further manufacture our products, or if we fail to comply with our obligations under such
 arrangements.
- If any third-party manufacturer makes improvements in the manufacturing process for our products, we may not own, or may have to share, the intellectual property rights to the innovation.

We currently rely on a limited number of suppliers to provide key components for our products. If these or other suppliers become unable to provide components in the volumes needed or at an acceptable price or quality, we would have to identify and qualify acceptable replacements from alternative suppliers. We may experience stoppages in the future. We may not be able to find a sufficient alternative supplier in a reasonable time period, or on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, and our ability to produce and supply our products could be impaired.

To the extent we are able to identify alternative suppliers, qualifying suppliers is a lengthy process. There are a limited number of manufacturers and suppliers that may satisfy applicable requirements. In addition, FDA regulations may require additional testing of any components from new suppliers prior to our use of these materials or components, which testing could delay or prevent the supply of components. Moreover, a new manufacturer would have to be educated in, or develop substantially equivalent processes for, production of our products, which could take a significant period of time.

Each of these risks could delay the development or commercialization of our products or result in higher costs or deprive us of potential product revenues. Furthermore, delays or interruptions in the manufacturing process could limit or curtail our ability to meet demand for our products and/or make commercial sales, unless and until the manufacturing capability at the facilities are restored and re-qualified or alternative manufacturing facilities are developed or brought on-line and "scaled up." Any such delay or interruption could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations.

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We may rely on third-party distributors for sales, marketing, and distribution activities.

We may rely on third-party distributors to sell, market, and distribute ZanthoSyn® and any future products. Because we may rely on third-party distributors for sales, marketing, and distribution activities, we may be subject to a number of risks associated with our dependence on these third-party distributors, including:

- lack of day-to-day control over the activities of third-party distributors;
- third-party distributors may not fulfill their obligations to us or otherwise meet our expectations;
- third-party distributors may terminate their arrangements with us on limited or no notice or may change the terms of these arrangements in a manner unfavorable to us for reasons outside of our control; and
- disagreements with distributors could require or result in costly and time-consuming litigation or arbitration.

If we fail to establish and maintain satisfactory relationships with third-party distributors, we may be unable to sell, market, and distribute our products, our future revenues and market share may not grow as anticipated, and we could be subject to unexpected costs which would harm our results of operations and financial condition. There is no assurance that our sales through retail stores will be on terms that are favorable to us or at all.

We may not be able to establish or maintain the third-party relationships that are necessary to develop or potentially commercialize some or all of our products.

We expect to depend on collaborators, partners, licensees, contract research organizations, contract manufacturing organizations, clinical research organizations, and other third parties to support our discovery efforts, to manufacture our products and to conduct clinical trials for some or all of our products. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to successfully negotiate agreements for or maintain relationships with collaborators, partners, licensees, contractors, clinical investigators, vendors, and other third parties on favorable terms, if at all. Our ability to successfully negotiate such agreements will depend on, among other things, potential partners' evaluation of the superiority of our technology over competing technologies, the quality of the pre-clinical and clinical data that we have generated and the perceived risks specific to developing our products. If we are unable to obtain or maintain these agreements, we may not be able to develop, manufacture, obtain regulatory approvals for, or commercialize our products. We cannot necessarily control the amount or timing of resources that our contract partners will devote to our research and development programs, products or potential products, and we cannot guarantee that these parties will fulfill their obligations to us under these arrangements in a timely fashion. We may not be able to readily terminate any such agreements with contract partners even if such contract partners do not fulfill their obligations to us. We may experience stoppages in the future. We may not be able to find a sufficient alternative provider in a reasonable time period, or on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, and our ability to produce and supply our products could be impaired.

We may be subject to product liability claims. Our insurance may not be sufficient to cover these claims, or we may be required to recall our products.

Our business is to develop and commercialize, among other things, pharmaceuticals and dietary supplements. As a result, we will face an inherent risk of product liability claims. The pharmaceutical and dietary supplement industries have been historically litigious. Since our products are to be used in the human body, manufacturing errors, design defects, or packaging defects could result in injury or death to the patient or consumer. This could result in a recall of one or more of our products and substantial monetary damages. Any product liability claim brought against us, with or without merit, could result in a diversion of our resources, an increase in our product liability insurance premiums, and/or an inability to secure coverage in the future. We may also have to pay any amount awarded by a court in excess of our policy limits. In addition, any recall of our products, whether initiated by us or by a regulatory authority, may result in adverse publicity for us that could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations. Our product liability insurance policies have various exclusions; therefore, we may be subject to a product liability claim or recall for which we have no insurance coverage. In such a case, we may have to pay the entire amount of the award or costs of the recall. Finally, product liability insurance supplements or renewals may be expensive and may not be available in the future on acceptable terms, or at all.

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If we experience product recalls, we may incur significant and unexpected costs and damage to our reputation and, therefore, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

We may be subject to product recalls, withdrawals, or seizures if any of our products are believed to cause injury or illness or if we are alleged to have violated governmental regulations in the manufacture, labeling, promotion, sale, or distribution of our products. A recall, withdrawal, or seizure of any of our products could materially and adversely affect consumer confidence in our brands and lead to decreased demand for our products. In addition, a recall, withdrawal, or seizure of any of our products would require significant management attention, would likely result in substantial and unexpected expenditures and could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

Our insurance liability coverage is limited and may not be adequate to cover potential losses.

In the ordinary course of business, we purchase insurance coverage (e.g., liability coverage) to protect us against claims made by third parties and employees for product liability, property damage, or personal injuries. However, the protection provided by such insurance is limited in significant respects and, in some instances, we have no coverage and certain of our insurance policies have substantial "deductibles" or have limits on the maximum amounts that may be recovered. Insurers also have exclusions or limitations of coverage for claims related to certain perils including, but not limited to, product liability, mold, and terrorism. If a series of losses occurred, such as from a series of lawsuits, each of which were subject to the deductible amount, or if the maximum limit of the available insurance was substantially exceeded, we could incur losses in amounts that would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Our operating results may fluctuate, which may result in volatility of our share price.

Our operating results, including components of operating results, can be expected to fluctuate from time to time in the future. Some of the factors that may cause these fluctuations include: the impact of acquisitions; market acceptance of our existing products, as well as products in development; the timing of regulatory approvals; our ability or the ability of third-party distributors to sell, market, and distribute our products; our ability or the ability of our contract manufacturers to manufacture our products efficiently; and the timing of our research and development expenditures.

If we are unable to manage our expected growth, our future revenue and operating results may be adversely affected.

Our anticipated growth is expected to place a significant strain on our management, operational and financial resources. Our current and planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls may not be adequate to support our anticipated growth. To manage our growth, we will be required to improve existing, and implement new, operational and financial systems, procedures, and controls, and to expand, train, and manage our growing employee base. We expect that we may need to increase our management personnel to oversee our expanding operations. Recruiting and retaining qualified individuals can be difficult. If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, or are unsuccessful in recruiting qualified management personnel, our business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations could be harmed.

You may have limited access to information regarding our Company because we are a limited reporting company exempt from many regulatory requirements.

As a filer subject to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company is not required to prepare proxy or information statements; our common stock is not subject to the protection of the going private regulations; the Company is subject to only limited portions of the tender offer rules; our officers, directors, and more than ten (10%) percent stockholders are not required to file beneficial ownership reports about their holdings in our Company; such persons are not subject to the short-swing profit recovery provisions of the Exchange Act; and stockholders of more than five percent (5%) are not required to report information about their ownership positions in the securities. As a result, investors will have reduced visibility as to the Company and its financial condition.

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Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

Our common stock has a limited trading market, which could affect your ability to sell shares of our common stock and the price you may receive for our common stock.

Our common stock is currently traded in the over-the-counter market and "bid" and "asked" quotations regularly appear on the OTCQB maintained by OTC Markets, Inc. under the symbol "CDXI". There is only limited trading activity in our securities. We have a relatively small public float compared to the number of our shares outstanding. Accordingly, we cannot predict the extent to which investors' interest in our common stock will provide an active and liquid trading market, which could depress the trading price of our common stock and could have a long-term adverse impact on our ability to raise capital in the future. Due to our limited public float, we may be vulnerable to investors taking a "short position" in our common stock, which would likely have a depressing effect on the price of our common stock and add increased volatility to our trading market. The volatility of the market for our common stock could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition. There cannot be any guarantee that an active trading market for our securities will develop or, if such a market does develop, will be sustained. Accordingly, investors must be able to bear the financial risk of losing their entire investment in our common stock.

We may voluntarily file for deregistration of our common stock with the Commission.

Compliance with the periodic reporting requirements required by the Commission consumes a considerable amount of both internal, as well external, resources and represents a significant cost for us. Our senior management team has relatively limited experience managing a company subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, and the regulations promulgated thereunder. Our management will be required to design and implement appropriate programs and policies in responding to increased legal, regulatory compliance, and reporting requirements, and any failure to do so could lead to the imposition of fines and penalties and harm our business. In addition, if we are unable to continue to devote adequate funding and the resources needed to maintain such compliance, while continuing our operations, we may be in non-compliance with applicable SEC rules or the securities laws, and be delisted from the OTCQB or other market we may be listed on, which would result in a decrease in or absence of liquidity in our common stock, and potentially subject us and our officers and directors to civil, criminal, and/or administrative proceedings and cause us to voluntarily file for deregistration of our common stock with the Commission.

Future sales of our common stock in the public market could lower the price of our common stock and impair our ability to raise funds in future securities offerings.

We intend to raise additional capital through the sale of our securities. Future sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could adversely affect the then prevailing market price of our common stock and could make it more difficult for us to raise funds in the future through the sale of our securities.

Future sales of our common stock may cause significant dilution to our stockholders.

We intend to raise additional capital through the sale of our securities. If we raise additional funds by issuing shares of our common stock or securities convertible into our common stock, we will reduce the percentage ownership of our then existing stockholders.

We have a substantial number of outstanding options, warrants, and other convertible securities, which may cause significant dilution to our stockholders.

We have a substantial number of outstanding options, warrants, and convertible notes, which may cause significant dilution to our stockholders upon exercise or conversion into shares of our common stock. These options, warrants, and convertible securities provide the right to purchase shares of our common stock at a price that may be less than the then prevailing market price per share of our common stock. In addition, certain of these securities include anti-dilution or repricing provisions that reduce the exercise or conversion price per share of our common stock if we issue shares of our common stock at a price that is lower than the then current exercise or conversion price.

The market price of our common stock may be volatile and may be affected by market conditions beyond our control, and you may not be able to sell our securities.

Companies trading in the stock market in general have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of our securities, regardless of our actual operating performance.

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The market for our common shares is characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect that our share price will continue to be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. The volatility in our share price is attributable to a number of factors. First, our shares of common stock are sporadically and thinly traded. As a consequence of this lack of liquidity, the trading of relatively small quantities of shares by our stockholders may disproportionately influence the price of those shares in either direction. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event that a large number of shares of our common stock are sold on the market without commensurate demand, as compared to a seasoned issuer which could better absorb those sales without adverse impact on its share price. Second, we are a speculative or "risky" investment due to our limited operating history and lack of profits to date, and uncertainty of future market acceptance for our potential products. As a consequence of this enhanced risk, more risk-averse investors may, under the fear of losing all or most of their investment in the event of negative news or lack of progress, be more inclined to sell their shares on the market more quickly and at greater discounts than would be the case with the stock of a seasoned issuer. Many of these factors are beyond our control and may decrease the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance. We cannot make any predictions or projections as to what the prevailing market price for our common stock will be at any time, including as to whether our common stock will sustain its current market price, or as to what effect the sale of shares or the availability of common stock for sale at any time will have on the prevailing market price.

The market price of our common stock is subject to significant fluctuations in response to, among other factors:

- The significant downward pressure on our common stock price caused by the sale of a significant number of shares of our common stock or securities convertible
 into our common stock, or the issuance of shares of our common stock upon the exercise or conversion of outstanding options, warrants, or other convertible
 securities, could cause our common stock price to decline, thus allowing short sellers of our common stock an opportunity to take advantage of any decrease in the
 value of our common stock;
- The presence and action of short sellers in our common stock;
- market acceptance of our existing products, as well as products in development;
- the timing of regulatory approvals;
- our ability or the ability of third-party distributors to sell, market, and distribute our products;
- our ability or the ability of our contract manufacturers to manufacture our products efficiently;
- changes in our financial performance or a change in financial estimates or recommendations by securities analysts;
- our ability to raise additional funds to complete development of our pharmaceutical product candidates;
- announcements of innovations or new products or services by us or our competitors;
- the emergence of new competitors or success of our existing competitors;
- operating and market price performance of other companies that investors deem comparable;
- sales or purchases of our common stock by insiders;
- commencement of, or involvement in, litigation;
- changes in governmental regulations; and
- general economic conditions and slow or negative growth of related markets.

In addition, if the market for stock in our industry, or the stock market in general, experiences a loss of investor confidence, the market price of our common stock could decline for reasons unrelated to our business, financial condition or results of operations.

If any of the foregoing occurs, it could cause the price of our common stock to fall and may expose us to lawsuits that, even if unsuccessful, could be costly to defend and distract our Board of Directors and management.

We could be subject to securities class action litigation following a market price decline of our common stock.

In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against a company following a decline in the market price of its securities. This risk is especially relevant for us because pharmaceutical companies have experienced significant stock price volatility in recent years. If we face such litigation, it could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which could harm our business.

We are subject to penny stock regulations and restrictions and you may have difficulty selling shares of our common stock.

The Commission has adopted regulations which generally define so-called "penny stocks" as an equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exemptions. Our common stock is a "penny stock", and we are subject to Rule 15g-9 under the Exchange Act, or the Penny Stock Rule. This rule imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers that sell such securities to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors" (generally, individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouses). For transactions covered by Rule 15g-9, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale. As a result, this rule affects the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and affects the ability of purchasers to sell any of our securities in the secondary market.

For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require delivery, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule prepared by the Commission relating to the penny stock market. Disclosure is also required to be made about sales commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Finally, monthly statements are required to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stock.

There can be no assurance that our common stock will qualify for exemption from the Penny Stock Rule. In any event, even if our common stock were exempt from the Penny Stock Rule, we would remain subject to Section 15(b)(6) of the Exchange Act, which gives the Commission the authority to restrict any person from participating in a distribution of penny stock if the Commission finds that such a restriction would be in the public interest.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules described above, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") has adopted similar rules that may also limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our common stock. FINRA rules require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for such customer. Prior to recommending speculative low-priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The FINRA requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our stock and have an adverse effect on the market for our shares.

We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock so any returns will be limited to the value of our stock.

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock or preferred stock. We currently anticipate that we will retain future earnings for the development, operation, and expansion of our business and do not anticipate declaring or paying any cash dividends for the foreseeable future. Any return to common or preferred stockholders will therefore be limited to the appreciation of their stock.

We may issue shares of preferred stock that subordinate your rights and dilute your equity interests.

We believe that for us to successfully execute our business strategy we will need to raise investment capital and it may be preferable or necessary to issue preferred stock to investors. Preferred stock may grant the holders certain preferential rights in voting, dividends, liquidation, or other rights in preference over a company's common stock

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The issuance by us of preferred stock could dilute both the equity interests and the earnings per share of existing holders of our common stock. Such dilution may be substantial, depending upon the number of shares issued. The newly authorized shares of preferred stock could also have voting rights superior to our common stock, and in such event, would have a dilutive effect on the voting power of our existing stockholders.

Any issuance of preferred stock with voting rights could, under certain circumstances, have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of us by increasing the number of outstanding shares entitled to vote and by increasing the number of votes required to approve a change in control of us. Shares of voting or convertible preferred stock could be issued, or rights to purchase such shares could be issued, to render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest, merger or otherwise. Such issuances could therefore deprive our stockholders of benefits that could result from such an attempt, such as the realization of a premium over the market price that such an attempt could cause. Moreover, the issuance of such shares of preferred stock to persons friendly to our Board of Directors could make it more difficult to remove incumbent managers and directors from office even if such change were to be favorable to stockholders generally.

Provisions in our corporate charter documents and under Delaware law could make an acquisition of us more difficult and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Provisions in our corporate charter and our bylaws may discourage, delay, or prevent a merger, acquisition, or other change in control of us that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which stockholders might otherwise receive a premium for their shares. These provisions could also limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock, thereby depressing the market price of our common stock. In addition, these provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace members of our Board of Directors. Because our Board of Directors is responsible for appointing the members of our management team, these provisions could in turn affect any attempt by our stockholders to replace current members of our management team. Among others, these provisions include the following:

- our Board of Directors will have the right to elect directors to fill a vacancy created by the expansion of our Board of Directors or the resignation, death, or removal of a director, which will prevent stockholders from being able to fill vacancies on our Board of Directors;
- our stockholders will not be able to act by written consent or call special stockholders' meetings; as a result, a holder, or holders, controlling a majority of our capital stock would not be able to take certain actions other than at annual stockholders' meetings or special stockholders' meetings called by our Board of Directors, the chairman of our board, the chief executive officer, or the president;
- our certificate of incorporation will prohibit cumulative voting in the election of directors, which limits the ability of minority stockholders to elect director candidates:
- our stockholders will be required to provide advance notice and additional disclosures in order to nominate individuals for election to our Board of Directors or to propose matters that can be acted upon at a stockholders' meeting, which may discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company; and
- our Board of Directors will be able to issue, without stockholder approval, shares of undesignated preferred stock, which makes it possible for our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to acquire us.

Moreover, because we are incorporated in Delaware, we are governed by the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which prohibits a person who owns in excess of 15% of our outstanding voting stock from merging or combining with us for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person acquired in excess of 15% of our outstanding voting stock, unless the merger or combination is approved in a prescribed manner.

Risks Related to Market Conditions

The sale of material amounts of common stock could encourage short sales by third parties and further depress the price of our common stock. As a result, you may lose all or part of your investment.

The significant downward pressure on our common stock price caused by the sale of a significant number of shares could cause our common stock price to decline, thus allowing short sellers of our common stock an opportunity to take advantage of any decrease in the value of our common stock. The presence of short sellers in our common stock may further depress the price of our common stock.

We have outstanding securities that provide for recognition of derivative liabilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP"), which may reduce our stockholders' equity balance.

We have outstanding securities that require us to recognize derivative liabilities under U.S. GAAP as described in the footnotes to our financial statements, including Note 2 and Note 10 to our financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. The amount of such derivative liability is determined as of each reporting date and was \$235,165 and \$827,314 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Because we estimate the fair value of the conversion feature for outstanding securities as a derivative financial instrument at issuance and at each subsequent reporting date using the Black-Scholes valuation model, the amount of the derivative liability may increase during future reporting periods based on the components of such valuation model, which we do not control, and the amount of such derivative liability may be material in future periods.

Natural disasters, public health crises, political crises, and other catastrophic events or other events outside of our control may adversely affect our business.

Natural disasters, public health crises, political crises, and other catastrophic events or other events outside of our control may adversely affect, among other things, our employees, service providers, vendors, suppliers, partners, operations, results of operations, financial condition, and/or market price, which could materially adversely affect our business.

Pandemics including COVID-19 may adversely affect our business.

The unprecedented events related to COVID-19 have had significant health, economic, and market impacts and may continue to have short-term and long-term adverse effects on our business, financial condition, and results of operations that we cannot predict as the global pandemic continues to evolve.

We need additional capital to fund our operations and pay our current and future obligations; however, our ability to access the capital markets or otherwise raise such capital has been impacted during the COVID-19 pandemic and there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain sufficient amounts of capital as and when needed. Any such limitation on available financing would adversely affect our business.

We took actions in 2020 to advance a proposed \$15 million public offering of our common stock and warrants and the related listing of our common stock and warrants on the Nasdaq Capital Market, but due to COVID-19 related travel restrictions, financial market conditions, and other considerations, the public offering was not consummated. In March 2021, we requested withdrawal of the registration statement that was previously filed in connection with the proposed public offering.

We recently launched a private placement of preferred stock for an aggregate amount of up to \$10 million. Investor outreach has been limited to virtual communications due to COVID-19. We completed an initial closing of \$50,000 on January 11, 2021; however, there can be no assurance that any additional closings will be consummated.

The U.S. federal government responded to the COVID-19 pandemic with economic stimulus programs, including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), which was signed into law on March 27, 2020. The CARES Act provides aid to small businesses through programs administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA"). The CARES Act established a Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP"), under which certain small businesses are eligible for loans to fund payroll expenses, rent, and related costs. In April 2020, we received a PPP loan, and in February 2021, we received a Second Draw PPP loan. Under the terms of the program, the loan amounts may be forgiven if certain terms and conditions are met. We believe our PPP loans will be eligible for forgiveness in accordance with the terms of the program, but we cannot provide any assurance that such loans will be forgiven. We cannot predict whether any additional economic stimulus programs will be enacted or provide any assurance that these or any other governmental responses or actions will provide any intended economic benefits to us or will improve our access to additional capital in the public or private markets.

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Sales of our physician recommended astaxanthin dietary supplement, ZanthoSyn®, especially in the brick-and-mortar retail channel, decreased during the COVID-19 pandemic. ZanthoSyn® is a discretionary consumer healthcare purchase, and as such, our sales may continue to be impacted as consumers focus their cash resources on non-discretionary purchases during the pandemic. In addition, our largest customer, GNC, filed for Chapter 11 reorganization under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on June 23, 2020, which adversely affected our sales and receivables. On October 7, 2020, GNC announced it had emerged from bankruptcy. We cannot predict the extent of the impact that GNC's reorganization will have on our future sales and receivables.

In March 2020, we suspended recruitment of new subjects and study visits for existing subjects in our CHASE clinical trial due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the related governmental "stay-at-home" orders. Recruitment and study visits remain suspended as of the date of this report.

Supply or manufacture of ZanthoSyn® or any of our other products or product candidates could be disrupted or delayed as a result of impacts to the global supply chain or to the facilities or personnel of our third-party suppliers or manufacturers arising from or related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

We cannot provide any assurance related to the potential role of astaxanthin as a pharmaceutical in the treatment of COVID-19 or of astaxanthin as a supplement to support immune health or that the white paper we released as described under "Astaxanthin and COVID-19" in this report will be accepted by the scientific community. There are numerous vaccines, anti-virals, and anti-inflammatories, either approved or being developed or tested for COVID-19 and SARS-CoV-2 by pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies as well as governmental, academic, and other organizations. There can be no assurance that any third-party will pursue a collaboration, joint venture, grant, or other transaction with us to further develop astaxanthin for COVID-19 or immune health, or that astaxanthin will demonstrate any benefits related to COVID-19 or immune health, or that any such potential benefits will lead to any financial or other benefit to us.

In July 2020, we submitted a grant application to a federal government agency to fund a proposed clinical trial with one of our astaxanthin products in COVID-19 patients. In January 2021, we submitted an updated grant application to address the comments received from the agency's reviewers. We cannot give any assurance that we will receive any grant funding or the amount or timing or extent of restrictions thereof or our obligations related thereto.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.

We maintain a facility of approximately 738 square feet at 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii, which is leased on a month-to-month basis. We believe that our facility is adequate for our current purposes.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

Market Information

Our shares of common stock are quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol "CDXI." The high and low trading prices for our shares of common stock for each full quarterly period within the two most recent fiscal years are set forth in the table below and have been adjusted for the effect of the Reverse Stock Split:

Quarter Ended	H	ligh	 Low
March 31, 2019	\$	44.00	\$ 34.00
June 30, 2019	\$	40.00	\$ 14.40
September 30, 2019	\$	29.00	\$ 12.80
December 31, 2019	\$	50.00	\$ 6.40
March 31, 2020	\$	19.00	\$ 3.00
June 30, 2020	\$	15.00	\$ 2.00
September 30, 2020	\$	5.00	\$ 2.25
December 31, 2020	\$	3.50	\$ 1.15

Such quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and do not necessarily represent actual transactions.

Holders

As of March 30, 2021, there were approximately 456 stockholders of record of our common stock. The number of stockholders does not include beneficial owners holding shares through nominee names.

Dividends

We have never paid any cash dividends and intend, for the foreseeable future, to retain any future earnings for the development of our business. Our future dividend policy will be determined by our Board of Directors on the basis of various factors, including our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and investment opportunities.

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Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

We adopted, and our stockholders approved, the Cardax, Inc. 2014 Equity Compensation Plan, as amended (the "2014 Plan"), effective as of February 7, 2014. Under such plan, we may grant equity-based incentive awards, including options, restricted stock, and other stock-based awards, to any directors, employees, advisors, and consultants that provide services to us or any of our subsidiaries on terms and conditions that are from time to time determined by us. An aggregate of 310,101 shares of our common stock are presently reserved for issuance under the 2014 Plan (the "Plan Shares"). On December 4, 2018, our stockholders and our Board of Directors authorized the annual increase of the Plan Shares on January 1st of each year, at the discretion of our Board of Directors, by up to such number of shares that is equal to four percent (4%) of the shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31st of the previous calendar year; accordingly, effective as of January 1, 2020, the Plan Shares were increased by 27,000 shares, and effective as of January 1, 2021, the Plan Shares were increased by 31,000 shares. Options for the purchase of 226,937 shares of our common stock have been granted, options for the purchase of 55,349 shares of our common stock have been forfeited; options for the purchase of 166,505 shares of our common stock are outstanding as of the date of this report. In addition, an aggregate of 32,581 shares of our common stock have been granted under the 2014 Plan. The purpose of the 2014 Plan is to provide financial incentives for selected directors, employees, advisors, and consultants of Cardax and/or its subsidiaries, thereby promoting the long-term growth and financial success of the Company.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table summarizes information as of the date of this report about our outstanding stock options and shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under our existing equity compensation plans.

	Number of securities			Number of securities
	to be issued upon Weighted-average			remaining available
	exercise of	exerci	se price of	for future issuance
Plan category	outstanding options,	outstand	ling options,	under equity
1 Ian Category	warrants, and rights	warrant	s, and rights	compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	166,505	\$	85.81	105,932

Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders

ψ 05.01

Total 166,505 \$ 85.81 105,932

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Penny Stock Regulations

The Commission has adopted regulations which generally define so-called "penny stocks" as an equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exemptions. Our common stock is a "penny stock", and we are subject to Rule 15g-9 under the Exchange Act, or the Penny Stock Rule. This rule imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers that sell such securities to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors" (generally, individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouses). For transactions covered by Rule 15g-9, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale. As a result, this rule affects the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and affects the ability of purchasers to sell any of our securities in the secondary market.

For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require delivery, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule prepared by the Commission relating to the penny stock market. Disclosure is also required to be made about sales commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Finally, monthly statements are required to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stock.

There can be no assurance that our common stock will qualify for exemption from the Penny Stock Rule. In any event, even if our common stock were exempt from the Penny Stock Rule, we would remain subject to Section 15(b)(6) of the Exchange Act, which gives the Commission the authority to restrict any person from participating in a distribution of penny stock if the Commission finds that such a restriction would be in the public interest.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules described above, the FINRA has adopted similar rules that may also limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our common stock. FINRA rules require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for such customer. Prior to recommending speculative low-priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The FINRA requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit the ability of our stockholders to sell their shares and have an adverse effect on the market for our shares.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

We issued shares of our common stock or securities convertible into common stock in the following transactions and used the net proceeds for our general working capital and to fund our research, development, and clinical programs. The securities were issued in reliance upon exemptions from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Preferred Stock

On January 11, 2021, we sold 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000. In accordance with the Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock dated January 7, 2021: (i) each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder thereof, from and after October 15, 2022, into shares of our common stock; (ii) all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted into shares of our common stock in the event any of our securities are listed for trading on any national exchange; and (iii) we may redeem any or all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock at any time after October 15, 2023.

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Placement Agent Warrants

On January 11, 2021, in connection with the sale of Series A Preferred Stock described above, we issued five-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 700 shares of our common stock to a registered broker-dealer as consideration for placement agent services. Half of the warrants have an exercise price of \$0.01 per share and can only be exercised from and after 12 months from issuance. The other half of the warrants have an exercise price of \$5.00 per share and can be exercised at any time.

Convertible Notes

We entered into convertible notes payable with lenders as set forth in the table below. Each of the outstanding notes and accrued interest thereon may convert into shares of our common stock at the conversion price set forth in the table below. Certain of these notes were issued with detachable five-year warrants to purchase shares of our common stock as set forth in the table below.

Issuance Date	Original Principal Amount	riginal Issue Discount	G	ross Proceeds	utstanding Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Note Conversion Price Per Share	Number of Shares Underlying Warrants	Warrant Exercise Price Per Share
04/18/19	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$	150,000	\$ _(2)	10%	03/17/20	(2)	s -	2,500	\$ 6.25
07/19/19	815,217	65,217		750,000	815,217	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10)	4.27(13,1	4) 7,500	4.27(21)
09/04/19	108,696	8,696		100,000	108,696	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,11)	24.00(15)	1,000	24.00
09/25/19	54,348	4,348		50,000	54,348	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	24.00(15)	500	24.00
10/03/19	27,174	2,174		25,000	27,174	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	24.00(15)	250	24.00
10/10/19	27,174	2,174		25,000	27,174	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	24.00(15)	250	24.00
10/16/19	217,391	17,391		200,000	217,391	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10)	4.27(13,1	4) 2,000	4.27(21)
10/23/19	108,696	8,696		100,000	108,696	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	24.00(15)	1,250 1,250	30.00 40.00
10/29/19	27,174	2,174		25,000	27,174	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	24.00(15)	250	24.00
11/08/19	16,304	1,304		15,000	16,304	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	14.00(15)	150	14.00
11/15/19	100,000	-		100,000	100,000	14%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	20.00(15)	_(16)	-
01/06/20	10,870	870		10,000	10,870	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	10.00(15)	100	10.00
01/21/20	262,500	12,500		250,000	_(3)	10%(9)	03/31/21	(3)	-	_(16,17)	-
02/25/20	52,632	2,632		50,000	52,632	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	7.50(14)	500	7.50
03/16/20	250,000	20,000		225,000(1)	260,000(4)	10%(8)	05/25/21	(10)	4.50(13,1	5) _(16,18)	-
03/16/20	250,000	20,000		230,000	_(5)	10%	05/14/20	(5,10)	-	_(16,19)	-
05/14/20	500,000	40,000		460,000	500,000	10%(8)	05/14/21	(10)	4.50(13,1	5) _(16,20)	-
07/21/20	100,000	-		100,000	100,000	8%(8)	06/30/21	(10,12)	5.00(14)	20,000 20,000	7.50 10.00
07/30/20	25,000	-		25,000	25,000	12%(7)	06/30/21	(10,11)	5.00(15)	250	5.00
08/07/20	100,000	-		100,000	100,000	8%(8)	07/31/21	(10,11)	5.00(15)	20,000 20,000	7.50 10.00

09/08/20	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	8%(8)	06/30/21	(10,12)	4.50(15)	2,000	7.50
09/17/20	271,739	21,739	250,000	271,739	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10)	4.50(13,14)	13,333	4.50(21)
09/22/20	25,000	-	25,000	25,000	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	4.50(15)	5,555	4.50
09/28/20	108,696	8,696	100,000	108,696	8%(7)	06/30/21	(10,12)	4.50(15)	24,155	4.50
10/08/20	60,000	-	60,000	60,000	8%(7)	09/30/21	(10,12)	4.50(15)	13,333	4.50
10/08/20	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	8%(7)	09/30/21	(10,12)	4.50(15)	4,444	4.50
12/17/20	90,000	-	90,000	_(6)	4%	12/17/20	(6,10)	5.00(6)	72,000	5.00
12/28/20	55,556	5,556	50,000	55,556	8%(7)	12/31/21	(10,12)	5.00(15)	15,000	5.00
Subtotal	3,849,167	244,167	3,600,000	3,106,667	4-14%	2020-2021		4.27-24.00	247,570	4.27-40.00
01/27/21	55,556	5,556	50,000	55,556	8%(8)	12/31/21	(10,12)	5.00 ⁽¹⁵⁾	15,000	5.00
01/28/21	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	8%(8)	12/31/21	(10,12)	5.00(15)	20,000	5.00
03/08/21	150,000	-	150,000	150,000	8%(8)	03/08/22	(10,12)	5.00(15)	30,000	5.00
03/26/21	100,000		100,000	100,000	8%(8)	03/31/22	(10,12)	5.00(15)	20,000	5.00
Total	\$ 4,254,723	\$ 249,723	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,512,223	4-14%	2020-2022		\$ 4.27-24.00	332,570	\$ 4.27-40.00

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- (1) Gross proceeds exclude \$5,000 withheld for the holder's legal expenses in connection with the transaction.
- (2) This note was fully repaid as of March 17, 2020.
- (3) This note was fully settled as of March 31, 2021.
- (4) The principal amount was increased by \$10,000 on August 10, 2020, as consideration for an extension.
- (5) This note was fully repaid as of May 14, 2020.
- (6) This note was fully converted into 18,000 shares of our common stock as of December 17, 2020.
- (7) Accrued interest on this note was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity.
- (8) Accrued interest on this note is payable at maturity.
- (9) This note accrued interest at 10% per annum from and after July 1, 2020. This note also accrued a one-time fixed interest charge upon issuance equal to 10% of the principal amount.
- (10) Prepayment of this note is/was not subject to a prepayment penalty or premium.
- (11) If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following twenty (24) months.
- (12) If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months.
- (13) The conversion price of this note is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of our common stock or securities convertible into our common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances.
- (14) This note and accrued interest thereon may convert into shares of our common stock any time at the holder's option or automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at the lower of the conversion price then in effect or a twenty-five percent (25%) discount to the offering price.
- (15) This note and accrued interest thereon may convert into shares of our common stock any time at the holder's option.
- (16) No warrant was issued in connection with this note.
- (17) 5,855 shares of our common stock were issued in connection with the purchase of this note. 6,250 shares of our common stock were issued as consideration for an extension.
- (18) 5,000 shares of our common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note. In addition, 27,777 shares of our common stock were issued in connection with the purchase of this note; provided, however, such shares must be returned to us if this note is fully repaid in accordance with the terms of this note as amended.
- (19) 5,000 shares of our common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note. In addition, 27,777 shares of our common stock were issued in connection with the purchase of this note; however, such shares were returned to us upon repayment of this note.
- (20) 10,000 shares of our common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note.
- (21) The exercise price of this warrant shall be adjusted in accordance with any adjustment to the conversion price of this note.

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Unit Issuances

On February 22, 2019, we sold to a current stockholder of the Company 334 units of our securities for an aggregate purchase price of \$20,000. Each unit consisted of (i) two shares of our common stock, and (ii) a five-year warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at \$40.00. No placement agent or broker dealer was used or participated in any offering or sale of such units.

On March 29, 2019, we sold to a current stockholder of the Company 417 units of our securities for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. Each unit consisted of (i) two shares of our common stock, and (ii) a five-year warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at \$40.00. No placement agent or broker dealer was used or participated in any offering or sale of such units.

On April 3, 2019, we sold to a current stockholder of the Company 1,667 units of our securities for an aggregate purchase price of \$100,000. Each unit consisted of (i) two shares of our common stock, and (ii) a five-year warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at \$40.00. No placement agent or broker dealer was used or participated in any offering or sale of such units.

On April 9, 2019, we sold to a current stockholder of the Company 1,667 units of our securities for an aggregate purchase price of \$100,000. Each unit consisted of (i) two shares of our common stock, and (ii) a five-year warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at \$40.00. No placement agent or broker dealer was used or participated in any offering or sale of such units.

There were no new unit issuances during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Stock Option Exercise

No shares were issued in connection with the cashless exercise of stock options during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Stock Based Compensation

During the year ended December 31, 2020, we issued 28,737 shares of our common stock to our Chairman for compensation and ten-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 118,688 shares of our common stock (12,756 shares at \$6.00 per share; 34,248 shares at \$2.25 per share; 25,952 shares at \$3.00 per share; and 45,732 shares at \$1.70 per share) to our independent directors for compensation.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, we issued 11,054 shares of our common stock to our independent directors for compensation and 750 shares of our common stock to service providers for compensation.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

During each month within the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, neither we nor any "affiliated purchaser," as that term is defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act, repurchased any of our common stock or other securities.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

We are a "smaller reporting company," and, accordingly, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The financial data discussed below is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, which are found elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The financial data discussed below is only a summary and investors should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of our operations in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements reflecting our current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors," and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Corporate Overview and History

We are a biopharmaceutical company primarily focused on the development of pharmaceuticals for chronic diseases driven by inflammation. We also have a commercial business unit that markets dietary supplements for inflammatory health. CDX-101, our astaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, is being developed for cardiovascular inflammation and dyslipidemia, with a target initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia. CDX-301, our zeaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, is being developed for macular degeneration. Our pharmaceutical candidates are currently in pre-clinical development, including the planning of IND enabling studies. ZanthoSyn® is a physician recommended astaxanthin dietary supplement for inflammatory health. We sell ZanthoSyn® primarily through wholesale and e-commerce channels. The safety and efficacy of our products have not been directly evaluated in clinical trials or confirmed by the FDA.

At present we are not able to estimate if or when we will be able to generate sustained revenues. Our financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern; however, given our recurring losses from operations, our independent registered public accounting firm has determined there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Results of Operations

Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

The following table reflects our operating results for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	Year ended	Year ended	
Operating Summary	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Change
Revenues, net	\$ 538,946	\$ 710,949	\$ (172,003)
Cost of Goods Sold	(196,130)	(345,393)	149,263
Gross Profit	342,816	365,556	(22,740)
Operating Expenses	(3,405,452)	(4,442,659)	1,037,207
Net Operating Loss	(3,062,636)	(4,077,103)	1,014,467
Other Expenses, net	(1,992,871)	(1,015,934)	(976,937)
Net Loss	\$ (5,055,507)	\$ (5,093,037)	\$ 37,530

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Operating Summary

Our revenues presently derive from the sale of ZanthoSyn® primarily through wholesale and, to a lesser extent, e-commerce channels. We launched our e-commerce channel in 2016 and began selling to GNC stores in 2017. ZanthoSyn® is available at GNC corporate stores nationwide. As a result, revenues were \$538,946 and \$710,949 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decrease in revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020 was primarily attributed to decreased sales, which we believe were related to the COVID-19 pandemic and GNC's Chapter 11 reorganization. Costs of goods sold were \$196,130 and \$345,393 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and included costs of the product, shipping and handling, sales taxes, merchant fees, and other costs incurred on the sale of goods. Gross profits were \$342,816 and \$365,556 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, which represented gross profit margins of 64% and 51%, respectively.

Operating expenses were \$3,405,452 and \$4,442,659 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Operating expenses primarily consisted of services provided to the Company, including payroll, consultation, and contract services, for research and development, including our clinical trial and pharmaceutical development programs, sales and marketing, and administration. These expenses were paid in accordance with agreements entered into with each employee or service provider. Included in operating expenses were \$632,500 and \$708,588 in stock-based compensation for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Other expenses, net, were \$1,992,871 and \$1,015,934 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2020, other expenses, net, primarily consisted of interest expense of \$2,384,635, gain on change in the fair value of derivative liabilities of \$222,707, gain on modification of debt instruments of \$394,924, other income of \$30,000, loss on the abandonment of patents of \$98,056, and loss on the abandonment of pending stock issuance costs of \$157,811. For the year ended December 31, 2019, other expenses, net, primarily consisted of interest expense of \$623,415, loss on change in the fair value of derivative liabilities of \$356,314, and loss on the abandonment of patents of \$36,205.

Assets and Liabilities

Assets were \$1,425,172 and \$2,018,922 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to decreases in accounts receivable and inventory. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, cash totaled \$19,179 and \$19,303, respectively. Negative working capital was \$9,429,734 and \$6,547,114 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and was primarily due to accrued payroll and paid time off of \$4,362,381 and \$3,687,376, accrued Board of Director fees and related consultation of \$418,546, accounts payable of \$1,689,352 and \$1,544,402, and the aggregate current liability related to notes payable, convertible notes payable, and derivative liability on convertible notes payable, of \$4,018,292 and \$2,412,324, less current assets of \$1,121,799 and \$1,586,061, respectively. The issuance of convertible notes resulted in derivative

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since our inception, we have sustained operating losses and have used cash raised by issuing securities. We expect to continue to operate with a net loss until we are able to develop and commercialize our pharmaceutical product candidates. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, we used cash in operating activities of \$1,791,583 and \$3,522,837, respectively, and incurred net losses of \$5,055,507 and \$5,093,037, respectively.

As of December 31, 2020, we had a U.S. federal income tax net operating loss (NOL") carryforward of approximately \$46 million. These NOLs may be available to offset our future taxable income to the extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code (the "IRC"). Under IRC Section 382, the use of NOL carryforwards, capital loss carryforwards, and other tax credit carryforwards may be significantly limited if a change in ownership of a company occurs. A change in ownership under IRC Section 382 is defined, generally, as a cumulative change of 50 percentage points or more in the ownership positions of certain stockholders owning 5% or more of a company's common stock over a three-year rolling period. If we were to have a change of ownership within the meaning of IRC Section 382, then under certain conditions, our annual federal NOL utilization could be limited to an amount equal to our market capitalization (valued at the time of the ownership change) multiplied by the federal long-term tax exempt rate.

Our existing liquidity is not sufficient to fund our operations, including payroll, anticipated capital expenditures, working capital, and other financing requirements for the foreseeable future. We require additional financing in order to continue to fund our operations and to pay existing and future liabilities and other obligations, and may require more financing than anticipated, especially if we experience downturns or cyclical fluctuations in our business that are more severe or longer than anticipated, or if we experience significant increases in the cost of manufacturing, research and development, or sales and marketing activities, or increases in our expense levels resulting from being a publicly-traded company.

Our working capital and capital requirements at any given time depend upon numerous factors, including, but not limited to:

- · revenues from the sale of any products or licenses;
- · costs of production, marketing and sales capabilities, or other operating expenses; and
- costs of research, development, and commercialization of our products and technologies.

Our largest customer, GNC, filed for Chapter 11 reorganization under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on June 23, 2020. As a result, we wrote off receivables from GNC in the amount of \$69,934 during the year ended December 31, 2020. We cannot predict the extent of the impact that GNC's reorganization will have on our future sales and receivables. On October 7, 2020, GNC announced it had emerged from bankruptcy as GNC Holdings, LLC, a Delaware company, owned indirectly by Harbin Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd., a large Chinese pharmaceutical company ("Harbin"), through its wholly-owned subsidiary, ZT Biopharmaceutical LLC, a Delaware company. Harbin was previously GNC's largest stockholder and acquired the company for approximately \$770 million according to public reports.

We have undertaken certain actions regarding the advancement of our pharmaceutical development program, the conduct of a dietary supplement clinical trial, and the continued sales and marketing of our commercial dietary supplement. We plan to fund such activities, including compensation to service providers, with a combination of cash and equity payments. The amount of payments in cash and equity will be determined by us from time to time.

We will incur ongoing recurring expenses associated with professional fees for accounting, legal, and other expenses for annual reports, quarterly reports, proxy statements, and other filings under the Exchange Act. We estimate that these costs will likely be in excess of \$250,000 per year. These obligations will reduce our ability and resources to fund other aspects of our business. We hope to be able to use our status as a public company to increase our ability to use non-cash means of settling obligations and compensate certain independent contractors who provide professional services to us, although there can be no assurances that we will be successful in any of those efforts.

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As of the date hereof, we have outstanding promissory notes that are (i) due in the 2021 calendar year in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,031,223, of which \$3,262,223 has terms for conversion and/or repayment amortization, (ii) due in the 2022 calendar year in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,461,300, of which \$250,000 has terms for conversion and/or repayment amortization and \$211,300 has terms for forgiveness and otherwise for repayment amortization starting in 2021, and (iii) due in the 2026 calendar year in the aggregate principal amount of \$211,359, which has terms for forgiveness and otherwise for repayment amortization starting in 2022. Our ability to repay any and all of these notes as they become due if not otherwise repaid or converted on or prior to the maturity dates described above is uncertain and will be based on our ability to raise additional capital, generate additional revenues, and/or modify the terms of such debt instruments to the extent necessary.

We need additional capital to fund our operations and pay our current and future obligations, including without limitation our outstanding promissory notes; however, our ability to access the capital markets or otherwise raise such capital is unknown during the COVID-19 pandemic and there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain sufficient amounts of capital as and when needed.

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, we raised financing of \$2,515,300 and \$3,360,000, respectively, primarily through the issuance of promissory notes. We intend to raise additional capital to fund our operations for at least the next twelve months and may seek financing from investors through the issuance of equity, debt, or convertible debt securities. We cannot give any assurance that additional financing will be available to us on acceptable terms and conditions, or at all.

We filed a registration statement on Form S-1 on August 14, 2019, as amended September 27, 2019, and November 22, 2019, for a proposed \$15 million public offering of our common stock and warrants and the listing of our common stock and such warrants on the Nasdaq Capital Market. We continued to take actions to advance the proposed public offering in 2020, but due to COVID-19 related travel restrictions, financial market conditions, and other considerations, the public offering was not consummated. In March 2021, we requested withdrawal of the registration statement from the Commission.

In July 2020, we submitted a grant application to a federal government agency to fund a proposed clinical trial with one of our astaxanthin products in COVID-19 patients. In January 2021, we submitted an updated grant application to address the comments received from the agency's reviewers. We are also pursuing other governmental and non-governmental sources of funding for COVID-19 clinical trials. If awarded, any such grant funding would provide non-dilutive capital, but we cannot give any assurance that we will receive any grant funding or the amount or timing or extent of restrictions thereof or our obligations related thereto.

We recently launched a private placement of our preferred stock for an aggregate amount of up to \$10 million, or such other amount as we may determine. The offering may have more than one closing and had an initial closing of \$50,000 on January 11, 2021. We cannot give any assurance that additional closings will be consummated in a timely manner, or at all.

Our stockholders may be diluted upon the exercise or conversion of our outstanding warrants, options, preferred stock, and convertible notes, including as previously disclosed, certain of our outstanding notes that have rights to convert into shares of our common stock upon certain dates or events at prices that may cause substantial dilution.

Any inability to obtain additional financing will materially and adversely affect us, including requiring us to significantly curtail or cease business operations altogether. We cannot give any assurance that we will in the future be able to achieve a level of profitability from the sale of existing or future products or otherwise to sustain

The following is a summary of our cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities during the periods indicated:

	Year ended				
Cash Flow Summary	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	(1,791,583)	\$	(3,522,837)	
Net Cash from Investing Activities		(14,613)		(61,613)	
Net Cash from Financing Activities		1,806,072		3,360,000	
Net Cash Decrease		(124)		(224,450)	
Cash at Beginning of Year		19,303		243,753	
Cash at End of Year	\$	19,179	\$	19,303	

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, our operating activities primarily consisted of receipts and receivables from sales, payments or accruals for employees, directors, and consultants for services related to administration, sales and marketing, and research and development. The decrease in cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, primarily related to a combination of decreased operating expenses and increased accruals for accounts payable and accrued payroll.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, our investing activities were primarily related to expenditures on patents.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, our financing activities consisted of transactions in which we raised proceeds through the issuance of debt and equity securities.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, we raised proceeds from the issuance of convertible notes payable in the aggregate amount of \$1,720,000, the issuance of related party convertible notes payable in the amount of \$240,000, the issuance of a forgivable note payable in the amount of \$211,300, the issuance of a note payable in the amount of \$25,000, and the issuance of related party notes payable in the amount of \$219,000. During the year ended December 31, 2020, we repaid outstanding convertible notes payable in the aggregate amount of \$529,228, an outstanding note payable in the amount of \$25,000, and an outstanding related party note payable in the amount of \$25,000, and we paid debt issuance costs in the aggregate amount of \$40,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, we raised proceeds from the issuance of common stock in the aggregate amount of \$245,000, the issuance of related party notes payable in the aggregate amount of \$1,575,000, the issuance of convertible notes payable to related parties in the amount of \$1,050,000, and the issuance of convertible notes payable in the aggregate amount of \$490,000.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement. This ASU modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement, based on the concepts in the FASB's Concepts Statement, including the consideration of costs and benefits. The guidance in ASU No. 2018-13 is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

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In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-08, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718) and Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The amendments in this Update require that an entity apply the guidance in Topic 718 to measure and classify share-based payment awards granted to a customer. The amount recorded as a reduction in the transaction price should be based on the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment award. The guidance in ASU No. 2019-08 is effective fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB Issued ASU No. 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740) Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes. The amendments in this Update simplify the accounting for income taxes by removing certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740. The amendments also improve consistent application of and simplify U.S. GAAP for other areas of Topic 740 by clarifying and amending existing guidance. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-06, *Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, which simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current U.S. GAAP, ASU No. 2020-06 removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity contracts to qualify for the derivative scope exception and it also simplifies the diluted earnings per share calculation in certain areas. ASU No. 2020-06 is effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020 and adoption must be as of the beginning of the Company's annual fiscal year. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.*

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

We are a "smaller reporting company," and, accordingly, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA.

The consolidated financial statements required by this Item, together with the report of our independent registered public accounting firm, KBL, LLP, begin on page F-1, immediately following the signatures to this annual report. Please refer to Item 15 of this report for an index of the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report.

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

Not applicable.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (a) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms; and (b) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that (a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and dispositions of our assets; (b) provide reasonable assurance that our transactions are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (c) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting using the framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2020.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, any change in our internal control over financial reporting and identified no change during the quarter ended December 31, 2020, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

Set forth below is a list of the names, ages and positions of our directors and executive officers.

Name	Age	Position(s)
George W. Bickerstaff, III	65	Chairman of the Board of Directors
David G. Watumull	71	President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	59	Director
Michele Galen	64	Director
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	70	Director
Elona Kogan	51	Director
David M. Watumull	39	Chief Operating Officer, Secretary, Assistant Treasurer
John B. Russell	48	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Biographies of Directors and Executive Officers

George W. Bickerstaff, III has served as a Director since June 16, 2014. Mr. Bickerstaff is currently a partner and the managing director of M.M. Dillon & Co., a healthcare and technology investment bank that he co-founded. Previously, he served as Chief Financial Officer of Novartis Pharma AG from 2000 to 2005, held senior financial positions at IMS Health from 1989 to 1997 and held financial positions with Dun & Bradstreet and General Electric. Mr. Bickerstaff currently serves as a member of the boards of directors of the following public companies: Axovant Sciences Ltd., CareDx, Inc. and Innoviva, Inc. He also previously served on the board of directors of ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Inovio Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Mr. Bickerstaff received his B.S. in Engineering and his B.A. in Business Administration from Rutgers University. We believe that Mr. Bickerstaff's experience in the pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical industries and board leadership qualify him to serve on our Board of Directors.

David G. Watumull has served as our Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director since February 7, 2014. Mr. Watumull has served as the Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director of Cardax Pharma, Inc. since its inception in May 2013. Mr. Watumull also served as the Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director of

Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. from its inception in March 2006 until it merged with us in December 2015. Mr. Watumull is a co-founder of Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and has over 20 years of experience as a biotechnology industry executive. From 2001 to 2006, Mr. Watumull served as President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director of Hawaii Biotech, Inc. Mr. Watumull was Executive Vice President of Aquasearch, Inc., a public astaxanthin consumer health company, from 1998 to 2000. From 1997 to 1998 he headed his own biotech research firm, Watumull & Co. From 1994 to 1997 he was a biotech research analyst, money manager, and investment banker at First Honolulu Securities. From 1992 to 1994 he led his own money management firm, Biovest, Inc. Prior to that, from 1982 to 1992, Mr. Watumull worked at Paine Webber in various capacities, including as a biotech money manager and investment executive. Mr. Watumull studied mathematics at Claremont Men's College (now Claremont McKenna College). Mr. Watumull's extensive background in the biotechnology industry, his operational acumen, and his position of leadership since the founding of our business uniquely qualifies him to serve as a member of our Board of Directors.

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Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D. has served as a Director since June 16, 2014. Dr. Kelly has over 25 years of experience as a scientist and executive in the pharmaceutical industry starting as a medicinal chemist in 1990. Dr. Kelly has been the President and Chief Executive Officer of Perception Neuroscience Holdings, Inc. since November 2019. Dr. Kelly also acts as a consultant to the biotech industry through his company, Kelly Pharma Research Consulting, LLC. From 2011 to 2017, Dr. Kelly was the President and Chief Executive Officer of CoMentis, Inc. From 1990 to 2009, Dr. Kelly served in various scientific and executive positions at Boehringer Ingelheim, where after a successful early scientific career, he was promoted to Vice President of its U.S.-based medicinal chemistry department, which included 145 scientists in the high throughput screening, computational chemistry, structural biology, combinatorial chemistry and medicinal chemistry groups. Dr. Kelly holds a B.S. degree in Chemistry from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (1982) and a Ph.D. degree in Chemistry from the University of Texas at Austin (1988). He completed postdoctoral work in natural products synthesis at Yale University (1988-1990) and holds an M.B.A. from New York University, Stern School of Business (1998). Dr. Kelly is the co-author of over 25 scientific publications and served on the College of Natural Sciences Advisory Council for the University of Texas. Dr. Kelly's scientific training and his track record of delivering high quality compounds into advanced clinical studies provide valuable skills and knowledge to our Board of Directors.

Michele Galen has served as a Director since January 4, 2017. Ms. Galen serves as a strategic advisor and board member across pharmaceuticals, biotechnology, health start-ups and global health, drawing on her broad experience in global business, communications, law and journalism. From June 2016 to present, Ms. Galen has led an independent consultancy, Michele Galen LLC. From April 2015 to June 2016, Ms. Galen served as Global Head, Communications and Public Affairs, for Shire plc, a biotechnology company, where she served as the lead communications and public affairs advisor on the successful \$32 billion acquisition and integration of Baxalta. From February 2015 to March 2015, Ms. Galen led an independent consultancy, Michele Galen LLC. From May 2014 to January 2015, Ms. Galen served as a senior advisor to Novartis AG. From February 2012 to May 2014, Ms. Galen led Global Communications for Novartis AG, based in Basel, Switzerland. From February 2010 to February 2010, Ms. Galen served as Vice President and Global Head of Communications & Patient Advocacy for Novartis Pharma AG. From October 2003 to February 2010, Ms. Galen served as Vice President and Global Head, Oncology Affairs for Novartis Pharma AG. From February 2001 to October 2003, Ms. Galen served as Vice President, Corporate Communications for Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation. Earlier in her career, Ms. Galen was a Managing Director in the global public relations firm Burson-Marsteller. There, she co-founded the Organizational Change Communications practice. She is an award-winning journalist, and worked as Legal Editor and Social Issues Editor at Business Week magazine. Ms. Galen is a member of the New York State Bar and practiced law at Stroock, Stroock & Lavan LLP, and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP. She formerly served on the advisory board of MK&A, Global Oncology, Stupid Cancer, and the Global Health Council. Ms. Galen received a B.A. from George Washington University, M.S. from the Columbia University Graduate School of Journalism

Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D. has served as a Director since June 1, 2018. Dr. Jawadekar is a pharmaceutical executive with over 35 years of experience focused on research and development. From October 2017 to present, Dr. Jawadekar has served as Director and Chief Science Officer of Preveceutical Medical Inc., a Canadian pharmaceutical research and development company. Dr. Jawadekar also serves as a strategic advisor to pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies through his independent consultancy, Melinda Consulting, LLC, which he founded in 2010. From 1982 to 2010, Dr. Jawadekar held various technical, management, and business development positions at Pfizer, Inc., including Director, Portfolio Management & Analytics, and Vice President, Asia Colleague Resource Group, for Pfizer Global R&D. Dr. Jawadekar received his B.Pharm. from Shivaji University (1972), M.Pharm. from the University of Bombay (1974), and Ph.D. in Pharmaceutics from the University of Minnesota (1982). Dr. Jawadekar's academic and professional background in pharmaceuticals provides valuable knowledge and experience to our Board of Directors.

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Elona Kogan has served as a Director since June 1, 2018. Ms. Kogan is a biotechnology executive with over 20 years of experience focused on building fast growing publicly traded companies in regulated industries. Ms. Kogan currently serves as the General Counsel and Secretary of Seer, Inc., a California based life sciences company. Prior to joining Seer, Ms. Kogan served as the General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of Selecta Biosciences, a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company, from March 2019 to August 2020. Previously, Ms. Kogan served as the General Counsel and Senior Vice President of Government Relations for ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Cambridge, Massachusetts based biotechnology company, from July 2016 through May 2017. Prior to joining ARIAD, Ms. Kogan served as the Vice President of Legal Affairs, and subsequently head of Government Relations, for Avanir Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a California based biotechnology company, during the period of May 2011 through September 2015. Prior roles included positions at King Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Bristol-Meyers Squibb, and Bergen Brunswig Corporation. Ms. Kogan is a graduate of the Southwestern Law School SCALE Program. Ms. Kogan graduated cum laude from Columbia University, Barnard College, with a B.A. degree in Economics. Ms. Kogan's professional experience working with publicly traded companies in the biotechnology and healthcare arena provides valuable skills and experience to our Board of Directors.

David M. Watumull has served as our Chief Operating Officer since August 2017 and previously as our Vice President, Operations from February 7, 2014 to August 2017. Mr. Watumull has also served as our Secretary since March 30, 2020, and previously as our Assistant Secretary since February 7, 2014. Mr. Watumull has also served as our Assistant Treasurer since February 7, 2014. Mr. Watumull has served as the Chief Operating Officer of Cardax Pharma, Inc. since December 2017 and previously as Vice President, Operations of Cardax Pharma, Inc. from its inception in May 2013 to December 2017. Mr. Watumull has also served as Assistant Treasurer and Assistant Secretary of Cardax Pharma, Inc. since July 2013 and previously as Secretary and Treasurer of Cardax Pharma, Inc. from May 2013 to July 2013. Mr. Watumull also served as Vice President, Operations, Assistant Treasurer, and Assistant Secretary of Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. from July 2013 until it merged with us in December 2015, and previously Director, Operations and Finance from 2009 to 2013, Operations Manager from 2008 to 2009, and Program Manager from its inception in 2006 to 2009. Mr. Watumull overseas all operations with responsibility for product development and manufacturing, regulatory compliance, sales and marketing, finance, and administration. Mr. Watumull was previously Program Manager at Hawaii Biotech, Inc. from 2005 to 2006, Project Coordinator from 2004 to 2005, and Information Technology Associate / Manager from 2002 to 2004. Mr. Watumull also worked at Aquasearch, Inc., from 2000 to 2001 in various capacities including Medical Information Specialist and Information Technology Associate. Mr. Watumull studied Electrical Engineering at the University of Hawaii.

John B. Russell, CPA has served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since February 7, 2014. Mr. Russell has served as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Cardax Pharma, Inc. since July 2013. Mr. Russell also served as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. from July 2013 until it merged with us in December 2015. Mr. Russell is the founder of JBR Business Solutions, LLC and has served as its President since 2010. Mr. Russell has over 20 years of accounting, finance, operations, and SEC reporting experience in biopharmaceutical and high-tech industries. From 2010 to the present, he has served as Chief Financial Officer for various privately-held start-up companies. Mr. Russell was in charge of the Business Advisory Services for the Grant Thornton Honolulu office from 2006 to 2010. From 2005 to 2006, Mr. Russell worked at a consulting company as the Operations Consulting – Financial Management lead, advising Cisco Systems, Inc. Mr. Russell was the General Accounting Manager of the publicly traded company Scios Inc. from 2003 to 2005, where he was in charge of SEC reporting and internal controls. Mr. Russell was the Controller for several portfolio companies in the venture capital firm, Raza Foundries, Inc., from 2001 to 2002, and the General Accounting Manager for inSilicon Corporation, a public company, from 2000 to 2001. Previous to that, Mr. Russell was an auditor at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP from 1995 to 2000. Mr. Russell is a licensed CPA in Hawaii and has a B.A. in Economics/Accounting from Claremont McKenna College.

Executive officers are appointed by our Board of Directors. Each executive officer holds his or her office until he or she resigns, is removed by our Board of Directors or his or her successor is elected and qualified. Directors are elected annually by our stockholders at the annual meeting. Each director holds his or her office until his or her successor is elected and qualified or his or her earlier resignation or removal. There have been no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our Board of Directors since our last annual report.

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Scientific Advisory Board and Key Scientific Personnel

We have assembled a Scientific Advisory Board ("SAB") and key scientific personnel with expertise in science and medicine with significant experience in pharmaceutical development applicable to our strategy. The members of our SAB and key scientific personnel have made significant scientific contributions in their individual fields, have published in top-tier journals, and have been recognized with numerous awards and distinctions. Our SAB meets on an as-needed basis, based on our need for advice in their respective fields of expertise from time to time. The members of our Scientific Advisory Board and our key scientific personnel are:

Name	Affiliation, Position
Deepak L. Bhatt, M.D., M.P.H.	Cardax, Chairman of Scientific Advisory Board
	Harvard Medical School affiliated Brigham and Women's Hospital, Executive Director of Interventional Cardiovascular
	Programs
	Harvard Medical School, Professor
Paresh N. Soni, M.D., Ph.D.	Cardax, Chief Clinical and Regulatory Strategist
	Cardax, Member of Scientific Advisory Board
R. Preston Mason, Ph.D.	Cardax, Member of Scientific Advisory Board
	Harvard Medical School-affiliated Brigham and Women's Hospital, Department of Medicine, Division of Cardiology,
	Faculty
Gilbert M. Rishton, Ph.D.	Cardax, Chief Science Officer
Jon L. Ruckle, M.D.	Cardax, Chief Medical Officer
Timothy J. King, Ph.D.	Cardax, Vice President, Research

Deepak L. Bhatt, M.D., M.P.H. has served as Chairman of our Scientific Advisory Board since 2007. Dr. Bhatt has been the Executive Director of Interventional Cardiovascular Programs at Brigham and Women's Hospital Heart & Vascular Center since December 2013 and Professor of Medicine at Harvard Medical School since June 2012. Dr. Bhatt has authored or co-authored over 1,250 publications and is listed as a Thomson Reuters/Clarivate Analytics Highly Cited Researcher. He is the Editor of Cardiovascular Intervention: A Companion to Braunwald's Heart Disease and Atherothrombosis in Clinical Practice published by Oxford University Press. He is Senior Associate Editor for News and Clinical Trials for ACC.org. He is the Editor of the peer-reviewed Journal of Invasive Cardiology and Editor-in-Chief of the Harvard Heart Letter for patients. Previously, he was the Chief of Cardiology at VA Boston Healthcare System from 2008 to 2013. He also served as Associate Director of the Cardiovascular Coordinating Center from 2006 to 2008, Associate Director of the Cardiovascular Medicine Fellowship from 2001 to 2005, and Director of the Interventional Cardiology Fellowship from 2002 to 2005 at Cleveland Clinic, where he also served as an interventional cardiologist and an Associate Professor of Medicine. He also completed fellowships in interventional cardiology and cerebral and peripheral vascular intervention and served as Chief Interventional Fellow at Cleveland Clinic. Dr. Bhatt has been listed in Best Doctors in America from 2005 to 2018. He received the Eugene Braunwald Teaching Award for Excellence in the Teaching of Clinical Cardiology from Brigham and Women's Hospital in 2017 and the ACC's Distinguished Mentor Award in 2018. Dr. Bhatt's research interests include acute coronary syndromes, preventive cardiology, and advanced techniques in cardiac, cerebral, and peripheral intervention. Dr. Bhatt obtained his undergraduate science degree as a National Merit Scholar at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology while also servi

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Paresh N. Soni, M.D., Ph.D. has served as our Chief Clinical and Regulatory Strategist and as a member of Scientific Advisory Board since November 2018. Dr. Soni brings over 20 years of experience working with large and emerging pharmaceutical companies. He has led multidisciplinary teams across the entire drug development spectrum, from translational medicine to successful approval. Dr. Soni serves as a strategic advisor to pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies through his independent consultancy, Soni Biopharma Consulting, LLC, which he founded in September 2018. Previously, Dr. Soni served as Senior Vice President and Head of Development at Amarin Corporation from September 2008 to August 2013, where he led the development and regulatory approval of Vascepa for severe hypertriglyceridemia, and the design and launch of the landmark REDUCE-IT trial for cardiovascular prevention. Prior to joining Amarin, Dr. Soni worked at Pfizer, Inc. from 1999 to 2008, where he held a number of leadership roles in both experimental medicine and late stage development, including the submission of two New Drug Applications. Dr. Soni also served as the Chief Medical Officer of Albireo, a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company, from September 2016 to August 2018, and as Vice President, Global Medical Sciences and Research at Alexion Pharmaceuticals, from June 2014 to July 2016. Dr. Soni is a member of the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases. He has authored or coauthored more than 50 scientific papers in peer-reviewed journals, in addition to numerous abstracts. Dr. Soni is a board-certified internist and gastroenterologist. He completed his medical and specialist training at the University of Natal in South Africa. He also completed a research fellowship at the Division of Hepatology, Royal Free Hospital School of Medicine, London, where he received his Ph.D.

R. Preston Mason, Ph.D. has served as a member of Scientific Advisory Board since 2007. Dr. Mason has been on the faculty of the Department of Medicine, Division of Cardiology, at the Harvard Medical School affiliated Brigham and Women's Hospital since 2002. He is also the President of Elucida Research LLC, a private biotechnology firm he founded in 2001. Previously, he was an associate professor at Drexel University College of Medicine from 1994 to 2001. He served as an assistant professor at the University of Connecticut Health Center from 1989 to 1993. Dr. Mason has published over 250 scientific research articles, book chapters, and abstracts and serves as a reviewer for numerous journals and scientific organizations, including the NIH. He has been the recipient of many awards and patents for his research in cardiovascular pharmacology, including an honorary doctorate in science. Dr. Mason is also a frequent lecturer at national and international meetings. Dr. Mason received his Bachelor of Science degree Summa Cum Laude from Gordon College in 1985. He received his PhD in cell biology and biophysics from the University of Connecticut Health Center in 1989.

Gilbert M. Rishton, Ph.D. has served as our Chief Science Officer since 2009. Dr. Rishton has been the Co-Founder and Chief Chemist at Cognition Therapeutics since January 2007. He was the Founder and Director of the Channel Islands Alzheimer's Institute, a nonprofit whose mission is to enable new drug development through the identification of high-quality novel drug leads that might become Alzheimer's disease medicines of the future, from 2004 to 2010. From 1995-2004, he served as a medicinal chemist at Amgen's Thousand Oaks site, where he was responsible for initiating and building the Amgen Small Molecule Drug Discovery Group, which has grown to become one of the most formidable in the pharmaceutical industry. He also served as the chemistry manager for Amgen's Sensipar development program, which spanned several phases from pre-clinical development to manufacturing and then human clinical trials, resulting in the commercial launch of Sensipar, Amgen's first orally administered small molecule product. He also led the medicinal chemistry program for Amgen's Secretase Team, which was among the first to produce small molecule secretase inhibitors as potential therapeutic agents for Alzheimer's disease. Dr. Rishton obtained his undergraduate chemistry degree at University of Rhode Island (1983). He received his Ph.D. degree with a concentration in organic chemistry, organic synthesis, and morphinan synthesis from Florida State University (1988). Dr. Rishton was also a post-doctoral researcher at UC Irvine from 1989-1990.

Jon L. Ruckle, M.D. has acted as our Chief Medical Officer and in related medical advisory roles for us since 2013. Dr. Ruckle is a physician with over 20 years of full-time experience in clinical pharmacology research as an Investigator (over 350 studies), Medical Director of clinical research units devoted to Phase I studies, and consultant. Consulting activities focus on clinical study design for first-in-human through proof of concept studies, protocol development and writing, and medical monitoring. As Principal of Pacific Pharma Group, LLC, which Dr. Ruckle founded in 2008, he provides consultation services for the pharmaceutical and nutraceutical industry, including study design, product development strategy, and medical monitoring. Dr. Ruckle served as the founding Medical Director at Northwest Kinetics in Tacoma, WA, 1995 to 2000 (later acquired by Charles River Labs and subsequently by Comprehensive Clinical Development), then led Phase I development at Radiant Research Honolulu from 2000 until acquired by Covance in 2006, remained as Medical Director at Covance Honolulu to 2008, then founded Pacific Pharma Group to provide consulting services, and also served as Medical Director, Early Development for Comprehensive Clinical Development in Tacoma WA from 2011 to 2013.

Timothy J. King, Ph.D. has served as our Vice President, Research since 2009 and previously as our Senior Director of Biological Research from 2007 to 2009 and Director of Biological Research from 2006 to 2007. Dr. King is an expert on the mechanism of action and biological applications of astaxanthin and related carotenoids. Dr. King was the Director of Cancer Chemoprevention at Hawaii Biotech, Inc. from 2005-2006. From 2003-2005, he served as a Staff Scientist at the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, where he also served as a post-doctoral researcher from 1999 to 2004. Dr. King has over 25 years of combined academic and private sector scientific research experience including utilizing cell culture and animal model systems to address a wide range of topics including cardiovascular disease, liver disease, thrombosis, and cancer. Dr. King received his undergraduate degree in Biochemistry/Cell Biology from University of California San Diego. He obtained his Master of Science in biology (Molecular Virology) from San Diego State University studying Rhadoviral transcription processes in 1993. In 1999, he obtained his Ph.D. in Genetics/Molecular Biology from the University of Hawaii at Manoa where he focused on the tumor suppressor and growth regulatory roles of gap junction proteins using cancer cell culture systems and mouse tumor models. Concurrently, he also studied the influence of retinoids and various carotenoids on normal and tumor cell growth/behavior, carcinogenesis and gene regulation.

Family Relationships

David G. Watumull is the father of David M. Watumull. There are no other family relationships among any of our officers or directors.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

To the best of our knowledge, none of our directors or executive officers have been convicted in a criminal proceeding, excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors, or has been a party to any judicial or administrative proceeding during the past ten years that resulted in a judgment, decree, or final order enjoining the person from future violations of, or prohibiting activities subject to, federal or state securities laws, or a finding of any violation of federal or state securities laws, except for matters that were dismissed without sanction or settlement. Except as set forth in our discussion below in "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence – Transactions with Related Persons," none of our directors, director nominees, or executive officers has been involved in any transactions with us or any of our directors, executive officers, affiliates, or associates which are required to be disclosed pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Commission.

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Code of Ethics

Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, effective as of February 7, 2014 (the 'Code of Ethics'), contains the ethical principles by which our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, among others, are expected to conduct themselves when carrying out their duties and responsibilities. A copy of our Code of Ethics may be found on our website at www.cardaxpharma.com. We will provide a copy of our Code of Ethics to any person, without charge, upon request, by writing to David G. Watumull, Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Suite 129, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822.

Board Committees

We are not required under the Securities and Exchange Act to maintain any committees of our Board of Directors. We have formed certain committees of our board as a matter of preferred corporate practices.

We have an audit committee, a compensation committee, and a nominating and corporate governance committee, each of which has the composition and responsibilities described below.

Audit Committee. Our audit committee oversees a broad range of issues surrounding our accounting and financial reporting processes and audits of our consolidated financial statements, including the following: (i) monitors the integrity of our financial statements, our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, our independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications and independence, and the performance of our internal audit function and independent registered public accounting firm; (ii) assumes direct responsibility for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of any independent registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of performing any audit, review or attest services and for dealing directly with any such accounting firm; (iii) provides a medium for consideration of matters relating to any audit issues; and (iv) prepares the audit committee report that the rules require be included in our filings with the SEC. The members of our audit committee are Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D. (Chairperson), Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D., and Elona Kogan. Our audit committee has a written charter available on our website at www.cardaxpharma.com.

Compensation Committee. Our compensation committee reviews and recommends policy relating to compensation and benefits of our officers, directors and employees, including reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer and other senior officers, evaluating the performance of these persons in light of those goals and objectives and setting compensation of these persons based on such evaluations. The compensation committee reviews and evaluates, at least annually, the performance of the compensation committee and its members, including compliance of the compensation committee with its charter. The members of our compensation committee are Elona Kogan (Chairperson), Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D., and Michele Galen. Our compensation committee has a written charter available on our website at www.cardaxpharma.com.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The nominating and corporate governance committee oversees and assists our Board of Directors in identifying, reviewing and recommending nominees for election as directors; evaluating our Board of Directors and our management; developing, reviewing and recommending corporate governance guidelines and a corporate code of business conduct and ethics; and generally advises our Board of Directors on corporate governance and related matters. The members of our nominating and corporate governance committee are Michele Galen (Chairperson), Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D., and Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D. Our nominating and corporate governance committee has a written charter available on our website at www.cardaxpharma.com.

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Conflicts of Interest

Certain potential conflicts of interest are inherent in the relationships between our officers and directors and us.

From time to time, one or more of our affiliates may form or hold an ownership interest in and/or manage other businesses both related and unrelated to the type of business that we own and operate. These persons expect to continue to form, hold an ownership interest in and/or manage additional other businesses which may compete with

our business with respect to operations, including financing and marketing, management time and services and potential customers. These activities may give rise to conflicts between or among the interests of us and other businesses with which our affiliates are associated. Our affiliates are in no way prohibited from undertaking such activities, and neither us nor our stockholders will have any right to require participation in such other activities.

Further, because we intend to transact business with some of our officers, directors and affiliates, as well as with firms in which some of our officers, directors or affiliates have a material interest, potential conflicts may arise between the respective interests of us and these related persons or entities. We believe that such transactions will be effected on terms at least as favorable to us as those available from unrelated third parties.

With respect to transactions involving real or apparent conflicts of interest, we have adopted policies and procedures which require that: (i) the fact of the relationship or interest giving rise to the potential conflict be disclosed or known to the directors who authorize or approve the transaction prior to such authorization or approval; and (ii) the transaction be fair and reasonable to us at the time it is authorized or approved by our directors.

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ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

Compensation of Executive Officers

The following sets forth information with respect to the compensation awarded or paid to David G. Watumull, our Chief Executive Officer, and David M. Watumull, our Chief Operating Officer, for all services rendered in all capacities to the Company and its predecessors during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019. These executive officers are referred to as the "named executive officers" throughout this report. In addition, the following sets forth information with respect to the compensation awarded or paid to our two highest compensated individuals not serving as executive officers, Gilbert M. Rishton, our Chief Science Officer, and Timothy J. King, our Vice President of Research, for all services rendered in all capacities to the Company and its predecessors during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The following table sets forth information regarding each element of compensation provided to our named executive officers, and our two highest compensated individuals not serving as executive officers, for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

Name	<u>Year</u>	Salary Paid ⁽¹⁾	Salary Accrued ⁽²⁾	Salary Total	Payment of Salary Accrued ⁽³⁾	Payment of Other Comp Accrued (3)	Other Comp. (4)	Total
David G. Watumull	2020	\$ 50,469	\$ 137,031	\$ 187,500	\$ 14,423	\$ -	\$ 13,034	\$ 214,957
Chief Executive Officer	2019	\$ 158,654	\$ 28,846	\$ 187,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,151	\$ 198,651
David M. Watumull	2020	\$ 47,585	\$ 102,415	\$ 150,000	\$ 11,538	\$ -	\$ 570	\$ 162,108
Chief Operating Officer	2019	\$ 126,923	\$ 23,077	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,217	\$ 156,217
Gilbert M. Rishton	2020	\$ 45,854	\$ 81,646	\$ 127,500	\$ 9,808	\$ -	\$ 1,061	\$ 138,369
Chief Science Officer	2019	\$ 107,885	\$ 19,615	\$ 127,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 936	\$ 128,436
Timothy J. King	2020	\$ 45,854	\$ 81,646	\$ 127,500	\$ 9,808	\$ 2,000	\$ 13,567	\$ 152,875
Vice President, Research	2019	\$ 107,885	\$ 19,615	\$ 127,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,078	\$ 140,578

- (1) The amounts disclosed refer to salary paid in cash.
- (2) The amounts disclosed refer to salary accrued during the year and outstanding as of year-end.
- (3) The amounts disclosed refer to payment of salary and other compensation accrued in the prior year.
- (4) The amounts disclosed refer to (i) imputed income in connection with certain benefits and/or insurance premiums paid in lieu of additional cash compensation, or (ii) other compensation paid in cash or accrued during the year and outstanding as of year-end.

- (1)(2)

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Outstanding Equity Awards to Executive Officers at Fiscal Year-End 2020

The following table sets forth information regarding outstanding option awards to our named executive officers as of December 31, 2020:

<u>-</u>		_			
Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options unexercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised unearned options	Option exercise price (\$)	Option expiration date
David G. Watumull	8,754	-	-	\$ 31.00	02/07/24
David G. Watumull	24,710	-	-	\$ 125.00	02/07/24
David G. Watumull	3,872(3)	=	-	\$ 12.00	03/31/21
David M. Watumull	226	-	-	\$ 31.00	02/07/24
David M. Watumull	11,943	-	-	\$ 125.00	02/07/24
David M. Watumull	2,815(3)	-	-	\$ 12.00	03/31/21

- (1) The type of securities underlying all outstanding option awards is our common stock.
- (2) None of our named executive officers have received stock awards.
- (3) Stock options awarded in lieu of cash compensation.

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Compensation of Directors

Name	Year	Cas	h Comp	Equi	ity Awards	 Total ⁽¹⁾
George W. Bickerstaff, III	2020	\$		\$	75,000	\$ 75,000
George W. Bickerstaff, III	2019	\$	-	\$	75,000(2)	\$ 75,000
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	2020	\$		\$	75,000	\$ 75,000
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	2019	\$	25,000(3)	\$	50,000(4)	\$ 75,000
Michele Galen	2020	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000
Michele Galen	2019	\$	-	\$	75,000(2)	\$ 75,000
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	2020	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	2019	\$	-	\$	75,000(2)	\$ 75,000
Elona Kogan	2020	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000
Elona Kogan	2019	\$	-	\$	75,000(2)	\$ 75,000

⁽¹⁾ The amounts disclosed represent compensation in connection with services provided by each independent director. Each independent director receives quarterly compensation of \$18,750 in arrears. Independent director compensation is payable in the form of a grant of shares of our common stock or non-qualified stock options to purchase shares of our common stock based on the higher of the then current market price or \$30.00 per share, with up to one-third payable in cash at the election of the director.

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Outstanding Equity Awards to Directors at Fiscal Year-End 2020

The following table sets forth information regarding outstanding equity awards to our independent directors as of December 31, 2020:

Stock

	Stock						
	awards ⁽¹⁾	Option and warrant awards ⁽²⁾					
Name	Number of securities awarded	Number of securities underlying unexercised options / warrants exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options / warrants unexercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised unearned options / warrants	O w e:	ption / arrant xercise price (\$)	Option / warrant expiration date
George W. Bickerstaff, III	38,890	-	-	-	\$	-	-
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	5,562	-	-	-	\$	-	-
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	2,084	-	-	\$	12.00	03/31/21
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	139	-	-	\$	30.00	09/30/21
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	417	-	-	\$	30.00	12/31/21
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	391	=	-	\$	37.00	03/31/22
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	417	-	-	\$	40.00	06/30/22
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	3,189	-	-	\$	6.00	03/31/30
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	8,562	-	-	\$	2.25	06/30/30
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	6,488	-	-	\$	3.00	09/30/30
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	-	11,433	-	-	\$	1.70	12/31/30
•							
Michele Galen	5,673	-	-	-	\$	-	-
Michele Galen	-	3,189	-	-	\$	6.00	03/31/30
Michele Galen	-	8,562	-	-	\$	2.25	06/30/30
Michele Galen							
	-	6,488	-	-	\$	3.00	09/30/30
Michele Galen	-	11,433	-	-	\$	1.70	12/31/30
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	3,448	-	-	-	\$	-	-
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	-	3,189	-	-	\$	6.00	03/31/30
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	-	8,562	-	-	\$	2.25	06/30/30
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	-	6,488	-	-	\$	3.00	09/30/30
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	-	11,433	-	-	\$	1.70	12/31/30
Elona Kogan	3,448	-	-	-	\$	-	-
Elona Kogan	-	3,189	-	-	\$	6.00	03/31/30
Elona Kogan	-	8,562	-	-	\$	2.25	06/30/30
Elona Kogan	-	6,488	-	=	\$	3.00	09/30/30
Elona Kogan	-	11,433	-	-	\$	1.70	12/31/30

⁽¹⁾ All shares are fully vested.

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⁽²⁾ Includes \$18,750 for services provided during the quarter ended December 31, 2019, for which the shares were delivered in January 2020.

⁽³⁾ Includes \$6,250 per quarter (\$12,500 in aggregate) for services provided during the quarters ended September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2019, for which the cash compensation was accrued and outstanding as of year-end.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes \$12,500 for services provided during the quarter ended December 31, 2019, for which the shares were delivered in January 2020.

⁽²⁾ The type of securities underlying all outstanding option and warrant awards is our common stock.

On February 7, 2014, we entered into employment agreements with each of Messrs. David G. Watumull, David M. Watumull, Gilbert M. Rishton, and Timothy J. King, which provided for employment for an initial term of one year, subject to renewal and earlier termination rights as provided in such agreements. These agreements provide for compensation terms and duration of employment as set forth in each such agreement. Such agreements include restrictive covenants concerning competition with us and solicitation of our employees and clients, if such individuals are terminated for cause as defined in such agreements. The compensation arrangements were amended so that effective September 1, 2017, David G. Watumull would receive bi-weekly compensation of \$7,212, David M. Watumull would receive bi-weekly compensation of \$5,769, Gilbert M. Rishton would receive bi-weekly compensation of \$4,904.

On July 30, 2013, we entered into a service agreement with JBR Business Solutions, LLC, under which John B. Russell agreed to serve as our Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Russell is the Managing Partner of JBR Business Solutions, LLC. The compensation arrangement was amended so that effective September 1, 2017, Mr. Russell would receive monthly compensation of \$5,250.

Director Compensation

On June 30, 2015, we entered into an agreement with George W. Bickerstaff, III and Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D. that provided for compensation of each independent director. On January 4, 2017, we entered into an agreement with Michele Galen that provided for compensation on the same terms as our other independent directors. The compensation arrangements of our independent directors were amended so that effective September 1, 2017, they would each receive quarterly equity compensation of \$18,750 in arrears in the form of a grant of shares of our common stock or non-qualified stock options to purchase shares of our common stock under the 2014 Plan based on the higher of the then current market price or \$30.00 per share. In 2018, independent director compensation was updated such that up to one-third could be payable in cash at the election of the director. On June 1, 2018, we entered into agreements with Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D. and Elona Kogan that provided for compensation on the same terms as our other independent directors.

The compensation arrangements of our independent directors were amended so that effective as of the quarter ended March 31, 2020, the quarterly equity compensation of \$18,750 would be payable in the form of a grant of shares of our common stock or ten-year warrants to purchase shares of our common stock, at the election of each independent director, and wherein the number of shares of stock granted would be based on the fair market value on the date of grant, and the number of shares underlying the warrants granted would be based on the Black-Scholes value on the date of grant.

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2014 Equity Compensation Plan

Our 2014 Plan is administered by our compensation committee. The purpose of the 2014 Plan is to provide financial incentives for selected directors, employees, advisers, and consultants of Cardax and/or its subsidiaries, thereby promoting the long-term growth and financial success of the Company. The issuance of awards under the 2014 Plan is at the discretion of our compensation committee, which has the authority to determine the persons to whom any awards shall be granted and the terms, conditions, and restrictions applicable to any award. Under the 2014 Plan, we may grant equity-based incentive awards, including options, restricted stock, and other stock-based awards, to any directors, employees, advisers, and consultants that provide services to us or any of our subsidiaries. The 2014 Plan also permits us to amend the terms of previously granted options or other awards. An aggregate of 310,101 shares of our common stock are presently reserved for issuance under the 2014 Plan, which is subject to adjustment as described in such plan. On December 4, 2018, our stockholders and our Board of Directors authorized the annual increase of the Plan Shares on January 1st of each year, at the discretion of our Board of Directors, by up to such number of shares that is equal to four percent (4%) of the shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31st of the previous calendar year; accordingly, effective as of January 1, 2020, the Plan Shares were increased by 27,000 shares, and effective as of January 1, 2021, the Plan Shares were increased by 31,000 shares. As of the date of this report, there are 105,932 shares of our common stock available for future awards under the 2014 Plan.

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ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The information required by Item 201(d) of Regulation S-K regarding our 2014 Plan is outlined above in Item 5 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth information regarding the ownership of our common stock as of March 30, 2021, for:

- each director:
- each person known by us to own beneficially 5% or more of our common stock;
- each officer named in the summary compensation table elsewhere in this report; and
- all directors and executive officers as a group.

The amounts and percentages of our common stock beneficially owned are reported on the basis of regulations of the SEC governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under the rules of the SEC, a person is deemed to be a "beneficial owner" of a security if that person has or shares "voting power," which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such security, or "investment power," which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days. Under these rules more than one person may be deemed a beneficial owner of the same securities and a person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of securities as to which such person has no economic interest.

Unless otherwise indicated below, to our knowledge each beneficial owner named in the table has sole voting and sole investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned, subject to community property laws where applicable.

Name	Amount of Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock	Percent of Common Stock ⁽¹⁾
Directors and Executive Officers		_
George W. Bickerstaff, III ⁽²⁾	92,477(3)	11.1%
Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D. ⁽⁴⁾	38,682(5)	4.7
Michele Galen ⁽⁶⁾	35,345(7)	4.3
Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D. (8)	34,370(9)	4.2
Elona Kogan ⁽¹⁰⁾	33,120(11)	4.0
David G. Watumull ⁽¹²⁾	51,327(13)	6.1%

David M. Watumull ⁽¹⁴⁾	14,984(15)	1.9%
John B. Russell ⁽¹⁶⁾	829(17)	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (6 persons)	301,134	29.5%
Beneficial Owner of 5% or more		
Eric J. Pearson and Lianne L. Pearson ⁽¹⁸⁾	311,462(19)	32.1%
James K. Schuler ⁽²⁰⁾	440,039(21)	36.7%
* Represents beneficial ownership of our common stock of less than 1%.		

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- (1) Based on 794,183 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of March 30, 2021.
- The address of Mr. George W. Bickerstaff, III is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Mr. Bickerstaff is the current Chairman of our Board of
- Represents (a) 52,477 shares of our common stock, (b) 20,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion by Mr. Bickerstaff of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share, and (c) 20,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. Bickerstaff of a warrant issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.
- (4) The address of Dr. Terence A. Kelly is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Dr. Kelly is a member of our Board of Directors.
- (5) Represents (a) 5,562 shares of our common stock, (b) 2,084 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, (c) 556 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of options that are presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$30.00 per share, (d) 391 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$37.00 per share, (e) 417 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$40.00 per share, (f) 3,189 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, (g) 8,562 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, (h) 6,488 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share, and (i) 11,433 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Kelly of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$1.70 per share.
- (6) The address of Ms. Michele Galen is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Ms. Galen is a member of our Board of Directors.
- (7) Represents (a) 5,673 shares of our common stock, (b) 3,189 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Galen of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, (c) 8,562 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Galen of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, (d) 6,488 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Galen of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share, and (e) 11,433 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Galen of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$1.70 per share.
- (8) The address of Dr. Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D. is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Dr. Jawadekar is a member of our Board of Directors.
- Represents (a) 3,448 shares of our common stock, (b) 1,250 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, which Dr. Jawadekar may be deemed to beneficially own as the principal of Melinda Consulting, LLC, (c) 3,189 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Jawadekar of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, (d) 8,562 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Jawadekar of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, (e) 6,488 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Jawadekar of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share, and (f) 11,433 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Dr. Jawadekar of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$1.70 per share.
- (10) The address of Ms. Elona Kogan is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Ms. Kogan is a member of our Board of Directors.
- (11) Represents (a) 3,448 shares of our common stock, (b) 3,189 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Kogan of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, (c) 8,562 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Kogan of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, (d) 6,488 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Kogan of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share, and (e) 11,433 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Ms. Kogan of a warrant that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$1.70 per share.

- (12) The address of Mr. David G. Watumull is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Mr. David G. Watumull is our President, CEO, and a member of our Board of Directors.
- (13) Represents (a) 8,754 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David G. Watumull of options that are presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$31.00 per share, (b) 24,710 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David G. Watumull of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$125.00 per share, (c) 3,872 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David G. Watumull of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, (d) 1,991 shares of our common stock issued in the Holdings Merger, which Mr. Watumull may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the David G. Watumull Revocable Living Trust, (e) 1,750 shares of our common stock issued in the 2016/2017 Unit Offering, which Mr. Watumull may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the David G. Watumull Revocable Living Trust, (f) 1,750 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016/2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$16.00 per share, which Mr. Watumull may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the David G. Watumull Revocable Living Trust, (g) 1,750 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016/2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which Mr. Watumull may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the David G. Watumull Revocable Living Trust, (h) 1,750 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016/2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$32.00 per share, which Mr. Watumull may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the David G. Watumull Revocable Living Trust, and (i) 5,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion by Mr. David G. Watumull of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$20.00 per share.
- (14) The address of Mr. David M. Watumull is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Mr. David M. Watumull is our Chief Operating Officer.
- (15) Represents (a) 226 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David M. Watumull of options that are presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$31.00 per share, (b) 11,943 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David M. Watumull of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$125.00 per share, and (c) 2,815 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise by Mr. David M. Watumull of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$12.00
- (16) The address of Mr. John B. Russell is c/o Cardax, Inc., 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822. Mr. Russell is our Chief Financial Officer.
- (17) Represents 829 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of an option that is presently exercisable at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, which Mr. Russell may be deemed to beneficially own as the Managing Partner of JBR Business Solutions, LLC.

(18) The address of Dr. Eric J. Pearson and Mrs. Lianne L. Pearson is 814 Mokulua Drive, Kailua, Hawaii 96734. Dr. and Mrs. Pearson do not have any position, office, contractual relationship, or other understanding with the Company regarding the management or control of the Company and accordingly, we have determined that such stockholder is not an affiliate of Cardax.

(19) Represents (a) 1,042 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, (b) 18,834 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Eric J Pearson, (c) 20,151 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Lianne Pearson, (d) 4,845 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Lianne L. Pearson Roth IRA, (e) 6,172 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Eric J. Pearson Roth IRA, (f) 2,000 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Eric J. Pearson Roth IRA, (g) 38,814 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Eric J Pearson, (h) 10,704 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017 Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Lianne Pearson, (i) 333 shares of our common stock issued in the 2017(3) Unit Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Lianne L. Pearson Roth IRA, (j) 15,500 shares of our common stock issued in the 2018 Warrant Exchange Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Eric J. Pearson Roth IRA, (k) 172 shares of our common stock issued in the 2018 Warrant Exchange Offering, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Lianne L. Pearson Roth IRA, (1) 18,000 shares of our common stock issued upon conversion of a convertible note, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Millennium Trust Co., LLC Custodian FBO Eric Pearson Traditional IRA, (m) 1,042 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, (n) 18,834 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Eric J Pearson, (o) 20,151 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Lianne Pearson, (p) 4,845 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Lianne L. Pearson Roth IRA, (q) 6,172 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Eric J. Pearson Roth IRA, (r) 2,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Eric J. Pearson Roth IRA, (s) 38,814 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Eric J Pearson, (t) 10,704 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Eric J Pearson DVM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan FBO Lianne Pearson, (u) 333 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017(3) Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$60.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Sunwest Trust FBO Lianne L. Pearson Roth IRA, and (v) 72,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, which the Pearson's may be deemed to beneficially own as the beneficiaries of the Millennium Trust Co., LLC Custodian FBO Eric Pearson Traditional IRA.

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- (20) The address of Mr. James K. Schuler is 828 Fort Street Mall, Honolulu, HI 96813. Mr. Schuler does not have any position, office, contractual relationship, or other understanding with the Company regarding the management or control of the Company and accordingly, we have determined that such stockholder is not an affiliate of Cardax.
- (21) Represents (a) 23,373 shares of our common stock which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (b) 9,803 shares of our common stock which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of The Schuler Family Foundation, (c) 2,021 shares of our common stock which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the Trustee of the James K. Schuler Revocable Living Trust, (d) 6,250 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016-2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$16.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (e) 6,250 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016-2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (f) 6,250 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2016-2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$32.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (g) 1,042 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in the 2017 Unit Offering at an exercise price of \$24.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (h) 190,918 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$4.27 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (i) 7,500 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$4.27 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (j) 50,912 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$4.27 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (k) 2,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$4.27 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (I) 60,387 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (m) 13,333 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$4.50 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., (n) 30,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of a convertible note at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P., and (o) 30,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of a warrant issued in connection with a convertible note at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, which Mr. Schuler may be deemed to beneficially own as the President of JKS Partners, L.P.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

Transactions with Related Persons

On June 26, 2019, we and our Chief Executive Officer, as a lender to the Company, entered into a promissory note payable in the amount of \$75,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 4.5% per annum and has been amended so that it matures on June 30, 2021.

On November 15, 2019, we and our Chief Executive Officer, as a lender to the Company, entered into a convertible note payable in the amount of \$100,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 14% per annum and has been amended so that it matures on June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest thereon may convert into shares of our common stock at \$20.00 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. We have the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium.

On January 28, 2021, we and the Chairman of our Board of Directors, as a lender to the Company, entered into a convertible note payable in the amount of \$100,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 8% per annum and matures on December 31, 2021. This note and accrued interest thereon may convert into shares of our common stock at \$5.00 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. We have the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. This note was also issued with a detachable five-year warrant to purchase 20,000 shares of our common stock at \$5.00 per share.

Other than compensation arrangements with directors and executive officers, which are described under "Executive Compensation— Employment and Consulting Agreements", and except as described above, we have no other related-party transactions that are subject to disclosure.

Director Independence

George W. Bickerstaff, III, Michele Galen, Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D., Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D., and Elona Kogan are our independent directors. Because our common stock is not currently listed on a national securities exchange, we have used the definition of "independence" of The NASDAQ Stock Market to make this determination. NASDAQ Listing Rule 5605(a)(2) provides that an "independent director" is a person other than an officer or employee of the Company or any other individual having a relationship that, in the opinion of the Company's Board, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The NASDAQ listing rules provide that a director cannot be considered independent if:

- the director is, or at any time during the past three years was, an employee of the Company;
- the director or a family member of the director accepted any compensation from the Company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of 12 consecutive months within the three years preceding the independence determination (subject to certain exclusions, including, among other things, compensation for board or board committee service);
- a family member of the director is, or at any time during the past three years was, an executive officer of the Company;
- the director or a family member of the director is a partner in, controlling stockholder of, or an executive officer of an entity to which the Company made, or from which the Company received, payments in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenue for that year or \$200,000, whichever is greater (subject to certain exclusions);
- the director or a family member of the director is employed as an executive officer of an entity where, at any time during the past three years, any of the executive officers of the Company served on the compensation committee of such other entity; or
- the director or a family member of the director is a current partner of the Company's outside auditor, or at any time during the past three years was a partner or employee of the Company's outside auditor, and who worked on the Company's audit.

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ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES.

We engaged KBL, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. The table below sets forth the aggregate fees billed for fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, for professional services rendered by KBL, LLP, for the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements in our annual reports on Form 10-K, review of the consolidated financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

	Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2020	Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2019			
Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 90,000*	\$	80,000*		
Audit-Related Fees ⁽²⁾	\$ -	\$	-		
Tax Fees ⁽³⁾	\$ -	\$	-		
All Other Fees ⁽⁴⁾	\$ -	\$	-		
Total	\$ 90,000	\$	80,000		

- * The amounts of audit fees disclosed for our fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, represent the aggregate audit fees billed for 2020 and 2019, respectively. The amount billed for 2020 includes fees incurred in connection with the audit of our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and the review of our interim financial statements in 2020. The amount billed for 2019 includes fees incurred in connection with the audit of our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 and the review of our interim financial statements in 2019.
- (1) Audit fees consist of fees incurred for professional services rendered for the audit of our financial statements, for reviews of our interim financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and for services that are normally provided in connection with statutory or regulatory filings or engagements.
- (2) <u>Audit-related fees</u> consist of fees billed for professional services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements, but are not reported "Audit Fees."
- (3) <u>Tax fees</u> consist of fees billed for professional services relating to tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning.
- (4) All other fees consist of fees billed for products and services provided by our principal accountants, other than for products and services reported above.

Audit Committee's Pre-Approval Policies

Our audit committee is responsible for, among other things, the selection, appointment, retention and dismissal of our independent auditors. Additionally, our audit committee pre-approves the retention of our independent auditors for any non-audit services, and the funding for payment of compensation to our independent auditors for both audit and non-audit services.

Audit Hours Incurred

Less than fifty percent of the hours expended on our principal accountant's engagement to audit our financial statements for the most recent fiscal year were attributed to work performed by persons other than our principal accountant's full-time, permanent employees.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES.

(a) Financial Statements

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Consolidated	financial statements:	
Consolidated	<u>balance sheets</u> F-3	3
Consolidated	statements of operations F-4	1
Consolidated	statement of changes in stockholders' deficit F-5	5
Consolidated	statements of cash flows F-6	5
Notes to the c	consolidated financial statements F-7	7
(b) Financial	l Statement Schedules	
All consolidat	tted financial statement schedules are included in the footnotes to the financial statements, are inapplicable, or otherwise not required.	
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(c) Exhibits		
Exhibit No.	Description	
2.1 ⁽¹⁾	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 27, 2013, by and among Koffee Korner Inc., Cardax Acquisition, Inc., Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. a Cardax Pharma, Inc.	and
2.2 ⁽²⁾	First Amendment to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of January 10, 2014, by and among Koffee Korner Inc., Cardax Acquisition, Inc., Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Cardax Pharma, Inc.	<u>lax</u>
2.3 ⁽³⁾	Second Amendment to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 7, 2014, by and among Koffee Korner Inc., Cardax Acquisition, Inc., Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Cardax Pharma, Inc.	<u>lax</u>
$2.4^{(4)}$	Amended and Restated Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 24, 2015 by and among Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Cardax, Inc.	
3.1 ⁽²⁾	Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, of Cardax, Inc.	
3.2 ⁽⁵⁾	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Cardax, Inc.	
3.3 ⁽²⁾	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Cardax, Inc.	
4.1 ⁽³⁾	Form of specimen certificate representing Common Stock of Cardax, Inc.	
4.2 ⁽³⁾	Form of Class A Warrant	
4.3 ⁽³⁾	Form of Noteholder Warrant	
4.4 ⁽³⁾	Form of Placement Agent Warrant	
4.5 ⁽³⁾	Form of Financial Consultant Warrant	
4.6 ⁽³⁾	Form of Warrant issued to JLS Ventures, LLC	
10.1 ⁽²⁾	Cardax, Inc. 2014 Equity Compensation Plan	
10.2 ⁽⁶⁾	2018 Amendment to the Cardax, Inc. 2014 Equity Compensation Plan	
10.3 ⁽³⁾	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2014 Equity Compensation Plan	
10.4 ⁽³⁾	Form of Notice of Stock Option Grant under the 2014 Equity Compensation Plan	
10.5 ⁽³⁾	Form of Notice of Stock Option Grant In Substitution of Stock Option Grant under the Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 2006 Equity Compensation Plan	
10.6 ⁽²⁾	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 10, 2014, by and among Koffee Korner Inc., Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Cardax Pharma, Inc.	
10.7 ⁽³⁾	Spin-off Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2014, between Koffee Korner Inc. and Nazneen D'Silva	
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10.8 ⁽³⁾	Senior Executive Employment Agreement, dated February 7, 2014, of David G. Watumull	
10.9 ⁽³⁾	Senior Executive Employment Agreement, dated February 7, 2014, of David M. Watumull	
10.10 ⁽³⁾	Senior Executive Employment Agreement, dated February 7, 2014, of Gilbert M. Rishton	
10.11 ⁽³⁾	Senior Executive Employment Agreement, dated February 7, 2014, of Timothy J. King	

 $10.12^{(3)}$

Service Agreement, dated July 30, 2013, of JBR Business Solutions LLC

10.13 ⁽⁷⁾	Form of Indemnification Agreement
10.14 ⁽⁷⁾	Form of Independent Board of Directors Agreement
10.15 ⁽⁸⁾	Form of Registration Rights Agreement
10.16 ⁽⁸⁾	Form of Subscription Agreement
10.17 ⁽⁸⁾	Form of Class D Warrant
10.18 ⁽⁸⁾	Form of Class E Warrant
10.19 ⁽⁹⁾	Supplement to Agreement of the Executive Chairman
10.20 ⁽⁹⁾	Independent Directors' Compensation Agreement
10.21 ⁽⁹⁾	Supplement to Senior Executive Employment Agreement of David G. Watumul
10.22 ⁽⁹⁾	Payment Deferral and Acceptance Agreement of JBR Business Solutions, LLC
10.23 ⁽⁹⁾	Form of Payment Deferral and Acceptance Agreement
10.24 ⁽¹⁰⁾	Form of Subscription Agreement
10.25 ⁽¹¹⁾	Form of Equity Purchase Agreement
10.26 ⁽¹²⁾	Form of Subscription Agreement
10.27 ⁽¹³⁾	Form of Subscription Agreement
10.28 ⁽¹⁴⁾	Exclusivity Agreement, dated as of October 16, 2017, by and between Cardax, Inc. and General Nutrition Corporation.
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(15)	
10.29 ⁽¹⁵⁾	Form of the Senior Convertible Notes issued by Cardax, Inc., dated July 19, 2019 and October 16, 2019
10.30 ⁽¹⁵⁾	Form of the Securities Purchase Agreements of Cardax, Inc., dated July 19, 2019 and October 16, 2019
10.31 ⁽¹⁵⁾	Form of the Warrants issued by Cardax, Inc., dated July 19, 2019 and October 16, 2019
10.32 ⁽¹⁶⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of September 2019, October 2019, November 2019, or January 2020
10.33 ⁽¹⁶⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement and the Convertible Note, each dated as of November 15, 2019
10.34 ⁽¹⁷⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Secured Convertible Promissory Note, the Security Agreement, the Subsidiary Guaranty, and the Personal Guaranty, each dated as January 21, 2020
10.35 ⁽¹⁹⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of February 2020
10.36 ⁽¹⁸⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement and the Convertible Note, each dated as of March 16, 2020
10.37 ⁽¹⁸⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement and the Convertible Note, each dated as of March 16, 2020
10.38 ⁽²⁰⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement and the Convertible Note, each dated as of May 14, 2020
10.39 ⁽²¹⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of July 21, 2020
10.40 ⁽²¹⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of July 30, 2020
10.41 ⁽²¹⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of August 7, 2020
10.42 ⁽²²⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of September 8, 2020
10.43 ⁽²²⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of September 17, 2020
10.44 ⁽²²⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of September 22, 2020
10.45 ⁽²²⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of September 28, 2020
10.46 ⁽²²⁾	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of October 8, 2020
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10.47*	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of December 17, 2020
10.48*	Forms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Convertible Note, and the Warrant, each dated as of December 28, 2020, January 27, 2021, January 28, 2021, March 8, 2021, and March 26, 2021
21.1 ⁽³⁾	Subsidiaries of Cardax, Inc.
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.INS* 101.SCH*	XBRL Instance Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.SCH* 101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.SCH* 101.CAL* 101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

- * Filed herewith.
- (1) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed November 29, 2013.
- (2) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed January 14, 2014.
- (3) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed February 10, 2014.
- (4) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed November 24, 2015.
- (5) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed January 14, 2020.
- (6) Filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 of the Company dated August 14, 2019.
- (7) Filed as an exhibit to the Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 of the Company dated September 2, 2014.
- (8) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed March 9, 2015.
- (9) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed July 7, 2015.
- (10) Filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company filed May 13, 2016.
- (11) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed July 18, 2016.
- (12) Filed as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company filed March 31, 2017.
- (13) Filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company filed November 14, 2017.
- (14) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed October 20, 2017.
- (15) Filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company filed July 25, 2019.
- (16) Filed as an exhibit to the Amendment No. 2 of the Registration Statement on Form S-1 of the Company dated November 22, 2019.
- (17) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed January 27, 2020.
- (18) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed March 20, 2020.
- (19) Filed as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company filed March 30, 2020.
- (20) Filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K of the Company filed May 15, 2020.
- (21) Filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company filed August 14, 2020.
- (22) Filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company filed November 13, 2020.

Dated: April 15, 2021

CARDAX, INC.

By: /s/ David G. Watumull

Name: David G. Watumull

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ David G. Watumull David G. Watumull	President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director	April 15, 2021
/s/ John B. Russell John B. Russell	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer	April 15, 2021
/s/ George W. Bickerstaff, III George W. Bickerstaff, III	Chairman	April 15, 2021
/s/ Terence A. Kelly Terence A. Kelly, Ph.D.	Director	April 15, 2021
/s/ Michele Galen Michele Galen	Director	April 15, 2021
/s/ Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D. Makarand Jawadekar, Ph.D.	Director	April 15, 2021
/s/ Elona Kogan Elona Kogan	Director	April 15, 2021
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Consolidated Financial Statements

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

December 31, 2020 and 2019

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary (the "Company") as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Going Concern Consideration

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has sustained significant operating losses and a reduction of revenue, while incurring significant debt, and needs to obtain additional financing to continue the services they provide. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Convertible Notes Payable - Related Parties and Non-related Parties - Notes 8 and 9

Critical Audit Matter Description

As disclosed in Notes 8 and 9 in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company issued a total of \$3,600,000 of convertible notes to both related and non-related parties (the "Convertible Notes"). In accordance with accounting guidance on embedded conversion features indexed to and settled in equity, the Company valued and bifurcated the conversion option associated with the Convertible Notes from the respective host debt instrument where the guidance indicated this was necessary. The carrying amount of the equity component is recorded as a debt discount and represents the difference between the proceeds from the issuance of the Convertible Notes and the fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Notes. The significant assumptions used in the fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Notes were the discount rate based on the Company's implied credit spread and term of the Convertible Notes and the expected volatility of Company's stock price.

Application of the accounting framework for the Convertible Notes is complex, and the determination of the fair value of the liability component requires the Company to make significant estimates and assumptions relating to the implied credit spread and expected volatility. Therefore, performing audit procedures to evaluate the appropriateness of the accounting framework and the reasonableness of the significant estimates and assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, including the need to involve our fair value specialists where necessary.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the accounting for the Convertible Notes, including the Company's judgments and calculations related to the fair value of the liability component, included the following procedures, among others:

- We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls over the Company's accounting treatment for the recording of the Convertible Notes and the internal controls over the determination of the fair value of the liability component.
- We evaluated the Company's conclusions regarding the accounting treatment applied to the recording of the Convertible Notes.
- We evaluated the reasonableness of the valuation methodology and the significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of the liability component, by:
 - o Testing the source information underlying the fair value of the liability component and the mathematical accuracy of the calculation.
 - Developing an independent expectation of certain significant assumptions, including the implied credit spread and expected volatility, and comparing our independent expectation to the Company's estimate.

/s/ KBL, LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2013.

KBL, LLP New York, NY April 15, 2021

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2020	2019
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ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	19,179	\$	19,303
Accounts receivable, net	J	19,179	Ф	205,768
Inventories		994,319		1,177,831
Deposits and other assets		3,063		2,066
Prepaid expenses		105,238		181,093
r repaid expenses	_	103,236		181,093
Total current assets		1,121,799		1,586,061
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net		302,411		420,373
RIGHT TO USE LEASED ASSETS		962		12,488
RIGHT TO USE LEASED ASSETS	_	702		12,400
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,425,172	\$	2,018,922
LIADH ITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accrued payroll and payroll related expenses, current portion	\$	4,362,381	\$	3,687,376
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,689,352		1,544,402
Fees payable to directors		418,546		418,546
Accrued separation costs, current portion		12,000		9,000
Current portion of related party notes payable		769,000		575,000
Current portion of note payable		211,300		-
Related party convertible notes payable, net of discount		1,334,296		651,721
Convertible notes payable, net of discount		1,468,531		358,289
Employee settlement		50,000		50,000
Lease liability, current portion		962		11,527
Derivative liability on convertible notes payable		235,165		827,314
Total current liabilities		10,551,533		8,133,175
NAM CURRENT LIA DILITIES				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Note payable, less of current portion		1 000 000		1 000 000
Related party notes payable, less of current portion		1,000,000		1,000,000
Accrued separation costs, less current portion		71,635		83,635
Lease liability, less current portion	_	-		961
Total non-current liabilities		1,071,635		1,084,596
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	_	-		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		11,623,168		9,217,771
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Preferred Stock - \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding as of				
December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, respectively		-		-
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized, 794,183 and 687,564 shares issued and				
outstanding as of December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, respectively		794		688
Additional paid-in-capital		61,893,072		59,836,818
Accumulated deficit		(72,091,862)		(67,036,355)
Total stockholders' deficit		(10,197,996)		(7,198,849)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$	1,425,172	\$	2,018,922

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the years ended December 31,

	 2020	 2019
REVENUES, net	\$ 538,946	\$ 710,949
COST OF GOODS SOLD	 196,130	345,393
GROSS PROFIT	 342,816	365,556
	2.12,010	2 22,222
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and wages	1,419,070	1,552,226
Professional fees	575,175	920,208

Selling, general, and administrative expenses	607,408		906,074
Stock based compensation	632,500		708,588
Research and development	136,780		315,994
Depreciation and amortization	34,519		39,569
Total operating expenses	 3,405,452		4,442,659
Loss from operations	 (3,062,636)		(4,077,103)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):			
Change in fair value of derivative liability	222,707		(356,314)
Gain on modification of debt instruments	394,924		
Other income	30,000		-
Loss on abandonment of patents	(98,056)		(36,205)
Loss on abandonment of pending stock issuance	(157,811)		-
Interest expense	 (2,384,635)	_	(623,415)
Total other (expense) income, net	(1,992,871)		(1,015,934)
Loss before the provision for income taxes	(5,055,507)		(5,093,037)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	 -		-
NET LOSS	\$ (5,055,507)	\$	(5,093,037)
NET LOSS PER SHARE			
Basic	\$ (6.79)	\$	(7.49)
Diluted	\$ (6.79)	\$	(7.49)
SHARES USED IN CALCULATION OF NET LOSS PER SHARE			
Basic	744,555		680,152
Diluted	744,555		680,152

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ Consolidated \ Financial \ Statements.$

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020 $\,$

	Commo	Amount	Ad	ditional Paid- In- Capital	Α	Accumulated Deficit		Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	669,967	\$ 670	\$	58,407,257	\$	(61,943,318)	\$	(3,535,391)
Common stock grants to independent directors	11,054	11		349,989		-		350,000
Common stock grants to service providers	750	1		16,649		-		16,650
Stock based compensation - options	-	-		341,938		-		341,938
Restricted stock issuance	8,169	8		244,992		-		245,000
Issuance of warrants attached to convertible notes	-	-		125,545		-		125,545
Beneficial conversion feature issued on convertible notes	-	-		350,446		-		350,446
Retirement of issued stock	(2,376)	(2)		2		-		-
Net loss	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(5,093,037)		(5,093,037)
Balance at December 31, 2019	687,564	\$ 688	\$	59,836,818		(67,036,355)	\$	(7,198,849)
Balance at January 1, 2020	687,564	\$ 688	\$	59,836,818	\$	(67,036,355)	\$	(7,198,849)
Common stock grants to independent directors	28,737	29		74,971		-		75,000
Warrants granted to independent directors	-	-		300,000		-		300,000
Stock based compensation - options	-	-		257,500		-		257,500
Common stock grants to convertible note holders	81,409	81		532,131		-		532,212
Isauance of shares upon conversion of convertible note	18,000	18		89,982		-		90,000

Issuance of warrants attached to convertible notes	-	_	448,279	-	448,279
			ĺ		ĺ
Beneficial conversion feature issued on convertible notes	-	-	141,390	-	141,390
Revaluation of notes payable discounts due to modification of					
conversion price	-	-	(271,998)	-	(271,998)
Extension fee for convertible note	6,250	6	24,994	-	25,000
Extinguishment of derivative liability upon repayment of					
convertible note	-	-	458,977	-	458,977
Stock retirement	(27,777)	(28)	28	-	-
Net loss	_	<u>-</u>	_	(5,055,507)	(5,055,507)
Balance at December 31, 2020	794,183	\$ 794	\$ 61,893,072	\$ (72,091,862)	\$ (10,197,996)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31,

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net loss	\$	(5,055,507)	\$	(5,093,037)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	•	(=,==,==,-,		(=,==,==,)
Depreciation and amortization		34,519		39,569
Amortization of debt discount		1,841,388		417,001
Stock based compensation		632,500		708,588
Bad debt expense on note receivable and accrued interest		69,934		
Loss on abandonment of patents		98,056		36,205
Loss on abandonment of pending stock issuance		157,811		-
Change in fair value of derivative liability		(222,707)		356,314
Gain on modification of debt instruments		(394,924)		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		100,998		(138,258)
Inventories		183,512		302,549
Deposits and other assets		(997)		117,000
Prepaid expenses		(81,956)		(157,010)
Accrued payroll and payroll related expenses		675,005		259,365
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		179,785		(362,123)
Accrued separation costs		(9,000)		(9,000)
		(2,000)		(*,***)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,791,583)		(3,522,837)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Increase in intangible assets		(14,613)		(61,613)
Not each and in investing estimates		(14.612)		(61,612)
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,613)		(61,613)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from the issuance of related party notes payable		219,000		1,575,000
Proceeds from the issuance of notes payable		236,300		-,-,-,
Proceeds from the issuance of related party convertible notes payable		340,000		1,050,000
Proceeds from the issuance of convertible notes payable		1,720,000		490,000
Repayment of principal on related party notes payable		(25,000)		.,,,,,,,,
Repayment of principal on notes payable		(25,000)		_
Repayment of principal on convertible notes payable		(529,228)		_
Payment of debt issuance costs		(40,000)		_
Payment of extension costs on convertible notes payable		(90,000)		_
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock		-		245,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,806,072		3,360,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(124)		(224,450)
DECEMBER OF THE VEAR		40.000		2.42.
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		19,303		243,753
END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$</u>	19,179	\$	19,303
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	416.015	\$	137.688
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ \$	410,013	\$	137,000
Cash para for movine taxes	ψ	-	Ψ	-

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

TOTA CHOILE TECHNOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGICA TECHNOLOGIC		
Settlement of receivables with payables	\$ 34,836	\$ 89,572
Right to use assets funded through leases	\$ 11,526	\$ 12,488
Retirement of issued stock	\$ 28	\$ 2
Discounts recognized on notes payable at issuance	\$ 1,146,881	\$ 946,991
Extinguishment of derivative liability upon repayment of convertible notes	\$ 458,977	\$ -
Revaluation of notes payable discounts due to modification of conversion price	\$ 271,998	\$ -
Conversion of convertible note into common stock	\$ 90,000	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - COMPANY BACKGROUND

The Company's predecessor, Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Holdings"), was incorporated in the State of Delaware on March 23, 2006.

Cardax, Inc. (the "Company") (OTCQB:CDXI) is a biopharmaceutical company primarily focused on the development of pharmaceuticals for chronic diseases driven by inflammation. The Company also has a commercial business unit that markets dietary supplements for inflammatory health. CDX-101, the Company's astaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, is being developed for cardiovascular inflammation and dyslipidemia, with a target initial indication of severe hypertriglyceridemia. CDX-301, the Company's zeaxanthin pharmaceutical candidate, is being developed for macular degeneration. The Company's pharmaceutical candidates are currently in pre-clinical development, including the planning of IND enabling studies. ZanthoSyn® is a physician recommended astaxanthin dietary supplement for inflammatory health. The Company sells ZanthoSyn® primarily through wholesale and e-commerce channels. The safety and efficacy of the Company's products have not been directly evaluated in clinical trials or confirmed by the FDA.

Going concern matters

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred net losses of \$5,055,507 and \$5,093,037 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Company has incurred losses since inception resulting in an accumulated deficit of \$72,091,862 as of December 31, 2020, and has had negative cash flows from operating activities since inception. Management expects that its marketing program for ZanthoSyn® will continue to focus on outreach to physicians, healthcare professionals, retail personnel, and consumers, and anticipates further losses in the development of its consumer business. The Company also plans to advance the research and development of its pharmaceutical candidates and anticipates further losses in the development of its pharmaceutical business. The Company's ability to access the capital markets is unknown during the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") pandemic, which may limit or prevent the funding of its operations and related obligations. As a result of these and other factors, management has determined there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company needs to raise additional capital to carry out its business plan. During the year-ended December 31, 2020, the Company raised \$2,515,300 in gross proceeds through the issuance of debt securities. The Company filed a registration statement on Form S-1 on August 14, 2019, as amended September 27, 2019, and November 22, 2019, for a proposed \$15 million public offering of common stock and warrants. The Company continued to take actions to advance the proposed public offering in 2020, but due to COVID-19 related travel restrictions, financial market conditions, and other considerations, the public offering was not consummated. In March 2021, the Company requested withdrawal of the registration statement from the Commission. The Company launched a private placement of preferred stock for an aggregate amount of up to \$10 million with an initial closing of \$50,000 on January 11, 2021; however, there can be no assurance that additional closings will be consummated.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") was signed into law. The CARES Act provides aid to small businesses through programs administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA"). The CARES Act established a Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP"), under which certain small businesses are eligible for loans to fund payroll expenses, rent, and related costs. In April 2020, the Company received a PPP loan (see Note 7). In February 2021, the Company received a Second Draw PPP loan. Under the terms of the program, the loan amounts may be forgiven if certain terms and conditions are met. Management believes the PPP loans received by the Company will be eligible for forgiveness in accordance with the terms of the program.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 1 - COMPANY BACKGROUND (continued)

The Company's continued ability to raise capital through future equity and debt securities issuances is unknown, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, the Company may be required to cease operations or substantially curtail its ongoing and planned commercial activities. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been consistently prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") and include the accounts of Cardax, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary, Cardax Pharma, Inc., and its predecessor, Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., which was merged with and into Cardax, Inc. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts

reported in our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Estimates in these consolidated financial statements include asset valuations, estimates of future cash flows from and the economic useful lives of long-lived assets, valuations of derivative liabilities, warrants, beneficial conversion features, and stock compensation, certain accrued liabilities, income taxes and tax valuation allowances, and fair value estimates. Despite management's intention to establish accurate estimates and reasonable assumptions, actual results could differ materially from these estimates and assumptions.

Cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Company held no cash equivalents as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The Company maintains cash deposit accounts at one financial institution. Accounts at this institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Company's cash balance at times may exceed these limits. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had \$0 in excess of federally insured limits on deposit.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable, net, of \$0 and \$205,768 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, consists of amounts due from sales of dietary supplements.

It is the Company's policy to provide for an allowance for doubtful collections based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. Normal receivables are due 60 days after the issuance of the invoice. Receivables past due more than 90 days are considered delinquent. Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the customer. No allowance was deemed necessary as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Inventory costs include third party costs for finished goods. The Company utilizes contract manufacturers and receives inventory in finished form.

When necessary, the Company provides a reserve against inventory for known or expected inventory obsolescence. The reserve is determined by specific review of inventory items for product age and quality that may affect salability. There were no reserves necessary for inventory as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Notes payable

The Company issued various notes payable to related and non-related parties. These notes payable included original issue discounts, detachable warrants, conversion features, beneficial conversion features, debt issuance costs, and modifications.

- Original issue discounts. The Company accounts for the original issue discounts in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 835-30,
 Interest and Imputation of Interest, which requires the Company to record the discount as a contra-liability and amortize it over the term of the underlying note using the interest method.
- Detachable warrants. The Company accounts for detachable warrants in accordance with ASC No. 470-20, Debt, which requires the Company to bifurcate and separately account for the detachable warrant as a separated debt instrument. The values are assigned to detachable warrant based on a relative fair allocation between the note, the warrants, and any other debt instrument issued with the note payable. The fair value used for the warrant in this allocation is calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model.
- Conversion features. The Company accounts for the fair value of the conversion feature in accordance with ASC No. 815-15, Derivatives and Hedging; Embedded Derivatives, which requires the Company to bifurcate and separately account for the conversion feature as an embedded derivative contained in the Company's convertible note. The Company is required to carry the embedded derivative on its balance sheet at fair value. The initial value of the embedded derivative is accounted for as a discount to the convertible note and a derivative liability. The liability is required to be remeasured at each reporting date and the change in fair value is recognized as a component in the results of operations. The Company values the embedded derivatives on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value using the Black-Scholes valuation model.
- Beneficial conversion features. The Company accounts for beneficial conversion features in accordance with ASC No. 470-20, Debt, which requires the Company to recognize a discount and charge an amount to additional paid in capital equal to the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature.
- Debt issuance costs. The Company accounts for debt issuance costs in accordance with ASC No. 470-20, Debt, which requires the Company to recognize a contra-liability for costs incurred with the issuance of debt instruments. These contra-liabilities are amortized over the term of the underlying note payable using the interest method.
- Debt modifications. The Company accounts for debt modifications in accordance with ASC No. 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments, which requires the Company to recognize accounting extinguishments for modifications considered material.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stock issuance costs

Stock issuance costs related to financing are accounted for as a reduction in stock proceeds in accordance with ASC No. 340-10 *Other Assets and Deferred Costs*. Such costs consist of underwriting and legal fees, as well as travel costs incurred. These costs were \$255,271 as of December 31, 2020, and are being deferred as a component of prepaid expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet until completion of the respective transaction.

Revenue from contracts with customers

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This standard provides a single set of guidelines for revenue recognition to be used across all industries and requires additional disclosures. The updated guidance introduces a five-step model to achieve its core principal of the entity recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Under ASC No. 606, in order to recognize revenue, the Company is required to identify an approved contract with commitments to preform respective obligations, identify rights of each party in the transaction regarding goods to be transferred, identify the payment terms for the goods transferred, verify that the contract has commercial substance, and verify that collection of substantially all consideration is probable.

The Company recognizes revenues from its contracts with customers for its products through wholesale and e-commerce channels when goods and services have been identified, the payment terms agreed to, the contract has commercial substance, both parties have approved the contract, and it is probable that the Company will collect all substantial consideration.

The following table presents our revenues disaggregated by revenue source and geographical location. Sales and usage-based taxes are included as a component of revenues for the years ended December 31:

Geographical area	Source	2020	 2019
United States	Nutraceuticals	\$ 528,574	\$ 705,694
Hong Kong	Nutraceuticals	\$ 10,372	\$ 5,255

Sales discounts, rebates, promotional amounts to vendors, and returns and allowances are recorded as a reduction to sales in the period in which sales are recorded. The Company records shipping charges and sales tax gross in revenues and cost of goods sold. Sales discounts and other adjustments are recorded at the time of sale.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold is comprised of costs to manufacture or acquire products sold to customers, direct and indirect distribution costs, and other costs incurred in the sale of goods.

Shipping and handling costs

Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold. Shipping and handling costs were \$11,310 and \$19,999 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Sales and use tax

Revenues, as presented on the accompanying income statement, include taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities. Such taxes were \$3,045 and \$3,018 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Research and development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and consists primarily of manufacturing of products, third-party research, clinical studies, laboratory supplies, and scientific advisory boards. The focus of these costs is on the development of astaxanthin, and related compounds. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, research and development costs were \$136,780 and \$315,994, respectively.

Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are included as an element of sales and marketing costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, advertising costs were \$27,366 and \$161,468, respectively.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under an asset and liability approach. Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and the amounts recognized for income tax reporting purposes, net operating loss carryforwards, and other tax credits measured by applying currently enacted tax laws. When necessary, a valuation allowance is provided to reduce deferred tax assets to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

The Company determines whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company uses a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon tax authority examination, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States ("U.S."), Hawaii, California, New York, and New York City jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. The federal, state, and city income tax returns of the Company are subject to examination by the IRS, state, and city taxing authorities, generally for three years after they were filed.

The Company did not recognize any tax liabilities for income taxes associated with unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Company's policy is to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, if any, within the provision for income taxes in the consolidated statements of operations.

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurements

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - · Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Stock based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation costs under the provisions of FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ASC No. 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation and ASC No. 505, Equity, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense related to the fair value of stock based compensation awards that are ultimately expected to vest. Stock based compensation expense recognized includes the compensation cost for all stock-based payments granted to employees, officers, directors, and consultants based on the grant date fair value estimated. These standards also apply to awards modified, repurchased, or canceled during the periods reported.

Reclassifications

The Company has made certain reclassifications to conform its prior periods' data to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations or cash flows.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basic and diluted net loss per share

Basic earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net loss for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net loss for the year by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year plus the number of potentially dilutive common shares ("dilutive securities") that were outstanding during the year. Dilutive securities include options granted pursuant to the Company's stock option plans, and warrants issued to non-employees. Potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation of earnings per share in periods in which a net loss is reported, as their effect would be antidilutive.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-08, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718) and Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The amendments in this ASU require that an entity apply the guidance in Topic 718 to measure and classify share-based payment awards granted to a customer. The amount recorded as a reduction in the transaction price should be based on the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment award. The guidance in ASU No. 2019-08 is effective fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The adoption of this ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company or its results of operations.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-06, *Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, which simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current U.S. GAAP. ASU No. 2020-06 removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity contracts to qualify for the derivative scope exception and it also simplifies the diluted earnings per share calculation in certain areas. ASU No. 2020-06 is effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020 and adoption must be as of the beginning of the Company's annual fiscal year. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.*

In December 2019, the FASB Issued ASU No. 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740) Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes. The amendments in this ASU simplify the

accounting for income taxes by removing certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740. The amendments also improve consistent application of and simplify U.S. GAAP for other areas of Topic 740 by clarifying and amending existing guidance. For public business entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. Management is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 3 - INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following as of December 31:

	 2020	 2019
Raw materials	\$ 759,400	\$ 763,800
Finished goods	 234,919	 414,031
Total inventories	\$ 994,319	\$ 1,177,831

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, all raw materials were held at the manufacturer's facility for future production. Additionally, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, \$227,597 and \$407,756, respectively, in finished goods were held at the manufacturer's facility for shipment.

NOTE 4 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net

Intangible assets, net, consists of the following as of December 31:

	 2020	 2019
Patents	\$ 499,106	\$ 614,003
Less accumulated amortization	 (256,742)	 (332,081)
	242,364	281,922
Patents pending	 60,047	 138,451
Total intangible assets, net	\$ 302,411	\$ 420,373

Patents are amortized straight-line over a period of fifteen years. Amortization expense was \$34,519 and \$39,569 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Company has capitalized costs for several patents that are still pending. In those instances, the Company has not recorded any amortization. The Company will commence amortization when these patents are approved.

The Company has 28 issued patents, including 13 in the U.S. and 15 outside the U.S. that will expire between 2023 and 2028, subject to patent term extensions. The Company also has four additional patents pending that if issued would extend patent coverage in the U.S. and outside the U.S. to 2039-2041.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 5 – ACCRUED SEPARATION COSTS

On August 9, 2016, the Company entered into a separation agreement with an employee to pay \$118,635 of accrued compensation over nine-years. This amount is included in accrued payroll and payroll related expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. This amount does not yield interest and matures as follows for the years ended December 31:

2021	\$	12,000
2022	Ψ	12,000
2023		18,000
2024		18,000
2025		23,635
		83,635
Less current portion		(12,000)
	\$	71,635

NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY NOTES PAYABLE

Related party notes payable consisted of the following as of December 31:

2020	2019

Inventory financing. On January 11, 2019, the Company entered into a \$1,000,000 revolving inventory financing facility with a lender that is also a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Use of proceeds from this facility is limited to the purchase of inventory, including raw materials, intermediates, and finished goods, unless otherwise approved by the lender. This facility accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum, is unsecured, and matures in three years from origination. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity.	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Officer loan. On June 26, 2019, the Company borrowed \$75,000 from the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. This note accrues interest at the rate of 4.5% per annum, payable at maturity, is unsecured, and was originally due August 26, 2019, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021.	75,000		75,000
Promissory note 2019-01. On May 20, 2019, the Company entered into a \$400,000 promissory note with a lender that is also a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock. On July 10, 2019, this note was amended to increase the principal sum by an additional \$100,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum, payable at maturity, is unsecured, and was originally due August 20, 2019, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021.	500,000		500,000
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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary			
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)			
NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY NOTES PAYABLE (continued)			
	2020		2019
Promissory note. On June 29, 2020, the Company entered into a \$25,000 promissory note with a lender that is also a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock. This note accrued interest at the rate of 12% per annum, payable at maturity, was unsecured, and was originally due September 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to October 15, 2020. This note was fully repaid on October 8, 2020.	_		_
Promissory note. On November 6, 2020, the Company entered into a \$94,000 promissory note with a lender that is also a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock. This note accrued an issuance fee of \$4,000 and a one-time fixed interest charge upon issuance of \$2,000, payable at maturity, is unsecured, and was originally due December 6, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021.	94,000		_
<i>Promissory note.</i> On December 30, 2020, the Company entered into a \$100,000 promissory note with a lender that is also a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock. This note accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum, is unsecured, and was originally due March 30, 2021, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity.	100,000		
Total related party notes payable	1,769,000		1,575,000
Less current portion	(769,000)		(575,000)
Long term related party notes payable	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Interest expense	, ,		, ,
The Company incurred interest charges of \$190,268 and \$147,605 during the years ended December 31, 2020 which \$116,826 and \$47,413 was accrued and payable as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.	and 2019, respectively, on the	se related	party notes payable o
<u>Maturities</u>			
Future maturities of these related party notes payable are as follows as of December 31:			
2021	760,000		

2021	\$ 769,000
2022	 1,000,000
	\$ 1,769,000

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 7 – NOTES PAYABLE

On April 22, 2020, the Company received a Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") loan from a U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA") lender for \$211,300. Management believes the loan will be eligible for forgiveness in accordance with the terms of the program.

On July 14, 2020, the Company issued a note payable in the amount of \$25,000. This note accrued interest at 12% per annum, payable at maturity, and matured on July 31, 2020. On July 31, 2020, this note was repaid in full.

Interest expense

The Company incurred interest charges on these notes payable of \$1,606 during the year ended December 31, 2020. The aggregate amount of accrued and unpaid interest on this note payable was \$1,466 as of December 31, 2020.

Other

The Company also applied for the Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL") from the SBA, which remains pending as of the date hereof. The Company received an EIDL advance amount of \$10,000 during the year-ended December 31, 2020. According to the terms set forth by the SBA, regardless of whether the loan application is approved or declined, the advance does not need to be repaid; accordingly, the Company recognized the advance as other income.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

Related party convertible notes payable consisted of the following as of December 31:

Convertible note 2019-02. On July 19, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$815,217, with an original issue discount of \$65,217 in exchange for \$750,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$24 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option or automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at the lower of the conversion price then in effect or a 25% discount to the offering price. The conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances; accordingly, the adjusted conversion price was equal to \$4.27 per share as of December 31, 2020, and \$14 per share as of December 31, 2019. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance and adjustment being less than fair market value. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 7,500 shares of stock at \$24 per share, which is subject to adjustment in accordance with any adjustment to the conversion price of this note; accordingly, the adjusted exercise price was equal to \$4.27 per share as of December 31, 2020, and \$14 per share as of December 31, 2019. The valuation of the conversion feature and detachable warrant and intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$234,300 and \$582,533 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, wherein the difference was due to the revaluation of such features upon adjustment of the conversion price in February 2020.

2020 2019

815,217 \$

100,000

815,217

100,000

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

conversion price of \$20 per share.

	2020	2019
Convertible note 2019-07. On October 16, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$217,391, with an original issue discount of \$17,391 in exchange for \$200,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$24 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option or automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at the lower of the conversion price then in effect or a 25% discount to the offering price. The conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances; accordingly, the adjusted conversion price was equal to \$4.27 per share as of December 31, 2020, and \$14 per share as of December 31, 2019. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon adjustment being less than fair market value. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 2,000 shares of stock at \$24 per share, which is subject to adjustment in accordance with any adjustment to the conversion price of this note; accordingly, the adjusted conversion price was equal to \$4.27 per share as of December 31, 2020, and \$14 per share as of December 31, 2019. The valuation of the conversion feature and detachable warrant and intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$63,060 and \$110,783 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, wherein the difference was due to the revaluation of such features upon adjustment of the conversion price in February 2020.	217,391	217,391
Officer convertible note. On November 15, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 14% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the		

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-11. On September 17, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$271,739, with an original issue discount of \$21,739 in exchange for \$250,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and has a maturity of June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$4.50 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option or automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at the lower of the conversion price then in effect or a 25% discount to the offering price. The conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 13,333 shares of stock at \$4.50 per share, which is subject to adjustment in accordance with any adjustment to the conversion price of this note. The valuation of the conversion feature and detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$88,950 as of December 31, 2020.	271,739	_
Convertible note 2020-16. On December 17, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$90,000. This note accrued interest at 4% per annum, payable at maturity, and was originally due December 31, 2021. This note was fully converted into 18,000 shares of our common stock as of December 17, 2020.	-	
Total related party convertible notes payable	1,404,347	1,132,608
Less original issue discounts	(104,347)	(82,608)
Related party convertible notes payable, net	1,300,000	1,050,000
Less discounts for conversion rights, beneficial conversion features, and detachable warrants	(386,310)	(693,316)
Plus amortization of discounts	420,606	295,037
Total related party convertible notes payable, net	\$ 1,334,296	\$ 651,721
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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Discounts

Total discounts (original issue discounts plus discounts for conversion rights, beneficial conversion features, and detachable warrants) of \$490,658 are amortized using the interest method, which resulted in amortization recorded as interest expense of \$478,072 for the year ended December 31, 2020, with total accumulated amortization equal to \$420,606 as of December 31, 2020.

Modifications

The Company evaluated changes to the terms of certain related party convertible notes payable in accordance with FASB ASC No. 470-50 Debt Modifications and Extinguishments, as described below.

In February 2020, the Company adjusted the conversion price of certain related party convertible notes payable in accordance with their terms, which triggered modification accounting and resulted in a gain of \$258,903.

On June 30, 2020, the Company extended the maturity dates of the related party convertible notes payable as described in the table above. Management compared the present values of these notes before and after the extensions, noting that the change in present value was less than 10%. As such, these notes were determined to not be substantially different and no changes in values were recognized.

Interest expense

The Company incurred interest charges on these related party convertible notes payable of \$102,905 and \$35,132 during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, on these related party convertible notes payable of which \$10,024 and \$8,205 was accrued and payable as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Maturities

Future maturities of these related party convertible notes payable are as follows as of December 31:

2021	\$ 1,404,347
	\$ 1,404,347

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

Convertible notes payable consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2020	2019
Convertible note 2019-01. On April 18, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$150,000. This note accrued interest at 10% per annum, payable at maturity, and was originally due December 31, 2019, but the maturity date was extended to March 31, 2020. This note was fully repaid as of March 17, 2020. Prior to repayment, this note and accrued interest were convertible into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$24 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option. The conversion price was subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances; accordingly, the adjusted conversion price was equal to \$4.27 per share as of March 17, 2020, and \$14 per share as of December 31, 2019. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance and adjustment being less than fair market value. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 2,500 shares of stock at \$40 per share. The valuation of the conversion feature and detachable warrant and intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$199,012 as of December 31, 2019. The discounts on this note and accumulated amortization of such discounts were eliminated upon repayment.	\$	\$ 150,000
Convertible note 2019-03. On September 4, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount		
\$108,696, with an original issue discount of \$8,696 in exchange for \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance being less than fair market value. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following twenty-four (24) months, as amended. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 1,000 shares of stock at \$24 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant and intrinsic value of the		
beneficial conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$18,326.	108,696	108,696
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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2019-04. On September 25, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$54,348, with an original issue discount of \$4,348 in exchange for \$50,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 500 shares of stock at \$24 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$4,190.	54,348	54,348
Convertible note 2019-05. On October 3, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$27,174, with an original issue discount of \$2,174 in exchange for \$25,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 250 shares of stock at \$24 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$2,705.	27,174	27,174
	21,174	21,174
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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

	2020	2019
Convertible note 2019-06. On October 10, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$27,174, with an original issue discount of \$2,174 in exchange for \$25,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 250 shares of stock at \$24 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$2,505.	27,174	27,174
Convertible note 2019-08. On October 23, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$108,696, with an original issue discount of \$8,696 in exchange for \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with detachable warrants to purchase 1,250 shares of stock at \$30 per share and 1,250 shares of stock at \$40 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrants resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$21,363.	108,696	108,696
	,	,
F-24		
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2019-09. On October 29, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$27,174, with an original issue discount of \$2,174 in exchange for \$25,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$24 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 250 shares of stock at \$24 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to		
\$2,295.	27,174	27,174
Convertible note 2019-10. On November 8, 2019, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$16,304, with an original issue discount of \$1,304 in exchange for \$15,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$14 per share any time at the holder's option. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance being less than fair market value. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 150 shares of stock at \$14 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant and intrinsic value of the beneficial		
conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$3,279.	16,304	16,304
F-25		
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019

Convertible note 2020-01. On January 6, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$10,870, with an original issue discount of \$870 in exchange for \$10,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per		
annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$10 per share any time at the holder's option. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 100 shares of stock at \$10		
per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$793.	10,870	-
Convertible note 2020-02. On January 21, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$262,500, with an original issue discount of \$12,500 in exchange for \$250,000. This note accrued interest at 10% per annum from and after July 1, 2020, and accrued a one-time fixed interest charge upon issuance equal to 10% of the principal amount. This note was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to February 28, 2021. This note was fully settled as of March 31, 2021. The Company issued 6,250 shares of common stock as consideration for an extension to September 1, 2020. The Company paid \$25,000 on November 10, 2020, as consideration for an extension to December 15, 2020, which was considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40, resulting in an accounting extinguishment. Prior to repayment, this note and accrued interest were convertible into shares of common stock at \$4.27 per share any time at the holder's option. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon adjustment being less than fair market value. 5,855 shares of common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost. The debt issuance costs, intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature, and extension fees resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$110,247 prior to the accounting extinguishment and \$25,000 as of December 31, 2020. \$200,000 was paid to the holder on September 18, 2020: \$32,003 for accrued and unpaid interest to date, \$129,228 for principal repayment, and \$38,769 as a premium on the principal repayment. Payments of \$100,000, \$10,000, and \$20,000 were paid to the holder on February 1, March 8, and March 31, 2021, respectively, in full settlement of the note.	133,272	
F-26	133,272	
		_
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-03. On February 25, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$52,632, with an original issue discount of \$2,632 in exchange for \$50,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and was originally due June 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$7.50 per share any time at the holder's option or automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at the lower of the conversion price then in effect or a 25% discount to the offering price. If this note, or any portion thereof, has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant to purchase 500 shares of stock at \$7.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$1,985.	52,632	_
Convertible note 2020-04. On March 16, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$250,000, with an original issue discount of \$20,000 in exchange for \$230,000. This note accrued interest at 10% per annum, payable at maturity, and was originally due September 16, 2020. This note was fully repaid as of May 14, 2020. Prior to repayment, this note and accrued interest were convertible into shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share, subject to adjustment, any time at the holder's option. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance being less than fair market value. The conversion price was subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances. 5,000 shares of common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost. 27,777 shares of common stock were also issued in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost; however, these shares were subject to return if the note was fully repaid within 6 months of issuance and were therefore returned upon repayment. \$5,000 was paid for the holder's legal expenses in connection with the transaction and recognized as a debt issuance cost. The valuation of the conversion feature, debt issuance costs, and intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$343,854 upon issuance. The discounts on this note and accumulated amortization of such discounts were eliminated upon repayment.	-	
F-27		
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		

NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

2020 2019

Convertible note 2020-05. On March 16, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$250,000, with an original issue discount of \$20,000 in exchange for \$230,000. This note accrues interest at 10% per annum, payable at maturity, and was originally due September 16, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to May 25, 2021. The principal amount was increased by \$10,000 on August 10, 2020, as consideration for an extension to October 31, 2020. The Company paid \$7,500 on November 13, 2020, and \$7,500 on December 1, 2020, as consideration for an extension to December 31, 2020. The Company paid \$7,500 on January 28, 2021, and \$7,500 on February 22, 2021, as consideration for an extension to February 28, 2021. The Company agreed to pay \$7,500 by April 22, 2021, and \$7,500 by May 14, 2021, as consideration for an extension to May 25, 2021. Each amendment was not considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40 and accordingly did not result in an accounting extinguishment. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$4.50 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option. A beneficial conversion feature was recognized as a result of the conversion price upon issuance being less than fair market value. The conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances. 5,000 shares of common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost. 27,777 shares of common stock were also issued in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost; however, these shares are subject to return if the note is fully repaid. \$5,000 was withheld from the proceeds for the holder's legal expenses in connection with the transaction and recognized as a debt issuance cost. The valuation of the conversion feature, debt issuance costs, intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature, and extension fees resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$368,854 as of December 31, 2020.

260,000

2019

2019

2020

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 9 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Convertible note 2020-06. On May 14, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$500,000, with an original issue discount of \$40,000 in exchange for \$460,000. This note accrues interest at 10% per annum, payable at maturity, and matures on May 14, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at the conversion price then in effect (initially \$9.75 per share, subject to adjustment) any time at the holder's option. The conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the issuance of the Company's common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a price per share less than the then prevailing conversion price, other than specified exempt issuances; accordingly, the adjusted conversion price was equal to \$4.50 per share as of December 31, 2020. 10,000 shares of common stock were issued as a commitment fee in connection with the purchase of this note and recognized as a debt issuance cost. \$10,000 was paid for the holder's legal expenses in connection with the transaction and recognized as a debt issuance cost. The Company paid \$25,000 on November 9, 2020, and \$25,000 on December 11, 2020, as consideration for extensions to the period before the conversion price adjusts from a fixed price to a variable price at a discount to market and the period the Company may prepay the note without penalty or premium. The Company paid \$12,500 on January 28, 2021, \$12,500 on February 12, 2021, \$12,500 on February 26, 2021, \$12,500 on March 12, 2021, and \$12,500 on March 30, 2021, as consideration for additional extensions to the fixed conversion price and prepayment periods. Each amendment was not considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40 and accordingly did not result in an accounting extinguishment. The valuation of the conversion feature, debt issuance costs, and extension fees resulted in the recognition of discounts on this note equal to \$280,158 as of December 31, 2020. 500,000

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Convertible note 2020-07. On July 21, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable at maturity, and matures on June 30, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock (i) any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share, or (ii) automatically upon a qualified financing of at least \$5 million at a conversion price equal to the lower of \$5.00 per share or a 25% discount to the market price. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at \$7.50 per share and 20,000 shares of common stock at \$10.00 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrants resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$105,800.

2020

100,000

Convertible note 2020-08. On July 30, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$25,000. This note accrues interest at 12% per annum and was originally due September 30, 2020, but the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following twenty-four (24) months, as amended. This note also contains a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 250 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$953.	25,000	_
F-30		
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
NOTE 9 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES LATABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-09. On August 7, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable at maturity, and matures on July 31, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share. The Company may not prepay this note without the prior written consent of the holder. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following twenty-four (24) months. This note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years on a cash or cashless basis to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at \$7.50 per share and 20,000 shares of common stock at \$10.00 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrants resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$106,000.	100,000	-
Convertible note 2020-10. On September 8, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount		
\$15,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable at maturity, and matures on June 30, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 2,000 shares of common stock at \$7.50 per share. The valuation of the		
detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$5,300.	15,000	-
F-31		
Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary		
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-12. On September 22, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$25,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 5,555 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$11,499.	25,000	
Convertible note 2020-13. On September 28, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$108,696 with an original issue discount of \$8,696 in exchange for \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on June 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This		
note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 24,155 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$50,001.		
note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 24,155 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note	108,696	
note also contains detachable warrants exercisable for 5 years to purchase 24,155 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note	108,696	-

	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-14. On October 8, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$60,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on September 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 13,333 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$27,599.	60,000	_
Convertible note 2020-15. On October 8, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$20,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on September 30, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$4.50 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 4,444 shares of common stock at \$4.50 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$9,199.	20,000	_
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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)		
NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)		
	2020	2019
Convertible note 2020-17. On December 28, 2020, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount \$55,556 with an original issue discount of \$5,556 in exchange for \$50,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on December 31, 2021. Interest was originally payable monthly but was amended on January 1, 2021, to be payable at maturity. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock any time at the holder's option at a conversion price of \$5.00 per share. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the unpaid principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note also contains a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share. The valuation of the detachable warrant resulted in the recognition of a discount on this note equal to \$14,250.	55,556	
Total convertible notes payable	1,835,592	519,566
Less original issue discounts	(107,320)	(29,566)
Convertible notes payable, net	1,728,272	490,000
Less discounts for conversion rights, beneficial conversion features, debt issuance costs, extension fees, and detachable warrants	(1,062,054)	(253,675)
Plus amortization of discounts	802,313	121,964
Total convertible notes payable, net	\$ 1,468,531	\$ 358,289

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 9 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Discounts

Total discounts (original issue discounts plus discounts for conversion rights, beneficial conversion features, debt issuance costs, extension fees and detachable warrants) of \$1,169,372 are amortized using the interest method, which resulted in amortization recorded as interest expense of \$1,363,316 and \$121,964 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, with total accumulated amortization equal to \$802,313 as of December 31, 2020.

Modifications

The Company evaluated changes to the terms of certain convertible notes payable in accordance with FASB ASC No. 470-50 Debt Modifications and Extinguishments, as described below.

In February 2020, the Company adjusted the conversion price of a convertible note payable in accordance with its terms, which triggered modification accounting and resulted in a gain of \$95,888.

On June 30, 2020, the Company extended the maturity dates of certain convertible notes payable as described in the table above. Management compared the present values of these notes before and after the extensions, noting that the change in present value was less than 10%. As such, these notes were determined to not be substantially different and no changes in values were recognized.

In September 2020, the Company adjusted the conversion price of a convertible note payable in accordance with its terms, which triggered modification accounting and resulted in a gain of \$40,133.

In November 2020, the Company extended the maturity date of a certain convertible note payable as described in the table above. Management compared the present value of this note before and after the extension, noting that the change in present value was greater than 10%, which triggered an accounting extinguishment in such period.

In November 2020, the Company extended the maturity date and the fixed conversion price and prepayment period of certain convertible notes payable as described in the table above. Management compared the present values of these notes before and after the extensions, noting that the change in present value was less than 10%. As such, these notes were determined to not be substantially different and no changes in values were recognized.

Interest expense

The Company incurred interest charges on these convertible notes payable of \$142,227 and \$17,877 during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, of which \$67,648 and \$13,114 was accrued and payable as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Maturities

Future maturities of these convertible notes payable are as follows as of December 31:

2021	\$ 1,835,592
	\$ 1,835,592

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 10 – DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company has identified the embedded derivatives related to the convertible notes described in Notes 8 and 9. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion and reset features. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record fair value of these derivative liabilities as of the issuance date of the convertible notes and each subsequent reporting date as well as upon modification, repayment, or extinguishment of the convertible notes. Derivative liabilities are eliminated upon repayment or extinguishment of the convertible notes and recorded as an adjustment to additional paid in capital.

The Company estimates the fair value of these derivative liabilities using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The initial value is used in the determination of a note discount with each subsequent change in fair value as a component of operations. The range of fair value assumptions used for derivative financial instruments during the year ended December 31, 2020, were as follows:

Dividend yield	0.0%
Risk-free rate	0.10% - 1.43%
Volatility	147% - 190%
Expected term	1 year

The expected dividend yield is zero, because the Company does not anticipate paying a dividend within the relevant timeframe. The risk-free interest rate used is based on the U.S. Treasury constant maturity rate in effect at the time of valuation for the expected term of the derivative liabilities to be valued. The expected volatility is calculated based on the historical volatility of the Company.

The Company recognized derivative liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, as follows:

Derivative liabilities as of January 1, 2019	\$ -
Valuation upon issuance	323,675
Revaluation upon modification	147,325
Change in fair value	356,314
Derivative liabilities as of December 31, 2019	827,314
Valuation upon issuance	433,672
Revaluation upon modification	(344,137)
Change in fair value	(222,707)
T21: 1: 2: 2: 2: 1.1 . 4	(458,977)
Elimination upon extinguishment	
Derivative liabilities as of December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 235,165</u>

The following table presents the three-level hierarchy prescribed by U.S. GAAP for derivative liabilities since it is a liability that is measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis as of:

	Level 1	_	 Level 2		 Level 3	 Change in Fair Value
December 31, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 827,314	\$ 356,314
December 31, 2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 235,165	\$ (222,707)

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Preferred stock issuance

On January 11, 2021, the Company sold 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000. In accordance with the Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock dated January 7, 2021: (i) each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder thereof, from and after October 15, 2022, into shares of common stock; (ii) all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock in the event any of the Company's securities are listed for trading on any national exchange; and (iii) the Company may redeem any or all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock at any time after October 15, 2023.

Reverse stock split

On January 15, 2020, the Company effected a 200-for-1 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") of its issued and outstanding shares of common stock. The Reverse Stock Split did not change the number of shares of common stock authorized for issuance, the par value of the common stock, or any other terms of the common stock. No fractional shares were issued in the Reverse Stock Split and any remaining share fractions were rounded up to the next whole share. Under the terms and conditions of outstanding options, warrants, and other convertible securities, the number of underlying shares of common stock and the exercise prices or conversion prices thereof were proportionately adjusted for the Reverse Stock Split. All share and per share amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements reflect the Reverse Stock Split.

Self-directed stock issuance 2019

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company sold securities in a self-directed offering to existing stockholders of the Company in the aggregate amount of \$245,000, respectively, at \$60 per unit. Each \$60 unit consisted of 2 shares of restricted common stock (8,169 shares) and a five-year warrant to purchase 1 share of restricted common stock (4,085 warrant shares) at \$40 per share.

Conversion of convertible note

On December 17, 2020, the Company issued 18,000 shares of restricted common stock upon the full conversion of a convertible note in the principal amount of \$90,000.

Shares outstanding

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had a total of 794,183 and 687,564 shares of common stock outstanding, respectively.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 12 – STOCK GRANTS

Stock grants to convertible note holders

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted convertible note holders an aggregate of 81,409 shares of restricted common stock as consideration for commitment fees ("commitment shares"). 27,777 commitment shares were cancelled upon repayment of a convertible note in accordance with its terms and another 27,777 commitment shares are returnable upon repayment of a convertible note in accordance with its terms.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted a convertible note holder 6,250 shares of restricted common stock as consideration for extension fees.

Director stock grants

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company granted its independent directors an aggregate of 28,737 and 11,054, respectively, shares of restricted common stock. These shares were fully vested upon issuance. The expense recognized for these grants based on the fair value on the grant date was \$75,000 and \$350,000 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Effective as of the quarter ended March 31, 2020, certain independent directors elected to receive compensation in the form of warrants rather than stock.

Consultant stock grants

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company did not grant consultants any stock and accordingly did not recognize any related expense.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company granted consultants an aggregate of 750 shares of restricted common stock, which were fully vested upon issuance. The expense recognized for these grants based on the fair value on the grant date was \$16,650.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 13 – STOCK OPTION PLANS

On February 7, 2014, the Company adopted the 2014 Equity Compensation Plan. Under this plan, the Company may issue options to purchase shares of common stock to employees, directors, advisors, and consultants. The aggregate number of shares reserved under this plan upon adoption was 152,101. On April 16, 2015, the majority stockholder of the Company approved an increase in the shares reserved under this plan by 75,000 shares. On December 4, 2018, the stockholders of the Company approved

an increase in the shares reserved under this plan by an additional 25,000 shares and authorized the annual increase of the shares reserved under this plan on January 1st of each year, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, by up to such number of shares that is equal to four percent (4%) of the shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31st of the previous calendar year. Accordingly, effective as of January 1, 2020, the shares reserved under this plan were increased by 27,000 shares, and effective as of January 1, 2021, the shares reserved under this plan were increased by 31,000 shares. An aggregate of 279,101 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under this plan as of December 31, 2020, and an aggregate of 310,101 shares of common stock are presently reserved for issuance under this plan.

Under the terms of the 2014 Equity Compensation Plan and the 2006 Stock Incentive Plan (collectively, the "Plans"), incentive stock options may be granted to employees at a price per share not less than 100% of the fair market value at date of grant. If the incentive stock option is granted to a 10% stockholder, then the purchase or exercise price per share shall not be less than 110% of the fair market value per share of common stock on the grant date. Non-statutory stock options and restricted stock may be granted to employees, directors, advisors, and consultants at a price per share, not less than 100% of the fair market value at date of grant. Options granted are exercisable, unless specified differently in the grant documents, over a default term of ten years from the date of grant and generally vest over a period of four years.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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NOTE 13 - STOCK OPTION PLANS (continued)

A summary of stock option activity is as follows:

	Options	 Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual term in years	Aggregate intrinsic value
Outstanding January 1, 2019	202,537	\$ 80.13	4.52	\$ 987,064
Exercisable January 1, 2019	185,837	\$ 82.13	4.10	\$ 967,064
Canceled	(291)			
Granted	-			
Exercised	-			
Expired				
Outstanding December 31, 2019	202,246	\$ 80.14	3.52	\$ -
Exercisable December 31, 2019	192,108	\$ 81.32	3.26	\$ -
Canceled				
Granted	-			
Exercised	-			
Expired	(35,741)			
Outstanding December 31, 2020	166,505	\$ 85.81	3.14	\$ -
Exercisable December 31, 2020	160,536	\$ 87.00	2.98	\$ -

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above is before applicable income taxes and represents the excess amount over the exercise price option recipients would have received if all options had been exercised on December 31, 2020, based on a valuation of the Company's stock for that day.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 13 – STOCK OPTION PLANS (continued)

A summary of the Company's non-vested options for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, is presented below:

Non-vested at January 1, 2019	16,700
Granted	-
Vested	(6,271)
Canceled	(291)
Non-vested at December 31, 2019	10,138
Granted	-
Vested	(4,169)
Canceled	<u> </u>
Non-vested at December 31, 2020	5,969

Option valuation

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options granted on each grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model and recognizes an expense ratably over the requisite service period. The expected dividend yield is zero, because the Company does not anticipate paying a dividend within the relevant timeframe. The risk-free interest rate used is based on the U.S. Treasury constant maturity rate in effect at the time of grant for the expected term of the stock options to be valued. The expected volatility is calculated based on the historical volatility of the Company. Due to a lack of historical information needed to estimate the Company's expected term, it is estimated using the simplified method allowed. The Company records forfeitures as they occur and reverses compensation cost previously recognized, in the period the award is forfeited, for an award that is forfeited before completion of the requisite service period.

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, no options were granted.

Stock-based compensation expense

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to options during the years ended December 31:

	2020			2019		
Service provider compensation	\$	98,750	\$	177,500		
Employee compensation		158,750		164,438		
Total	\$	257,500	\$	341,938		

Option expiration

During the year ended December 31, 2020, options to purchase an aggregate of 35,741 shares of common stock expired. During the year ended December 31, 2019, no options expired.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 14 - WARRANTS

The following is a summary of the Company's warrant activity:

	Warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual term in years	i	Aggregate ntrinsic value
Outstanding January 1, 2019	590,340	\$ 40.65	2.32	\$	7,846,743
Exercisable January 1, 2019	590,340	\$ 40.65	2.32	\$	7,846,743
Canceled					
Granted	20,985				
Exercised	-				
Expired	(94,577)				
Outstanding December 31, 2019	516,748	\$ 24.60	1.86	\$	-
Exercisable December 31, 2019	516,748	\$ 24.60	1.86	\$	-
Canceled					
Granted	349,358				
Exercised	-				
Expired	(85,171)				
Outstanding December 31, 2020	780,935	\$ 15.47	3.53	\$	-
Exercisable December 31, 2020	780,935	\$ 15.47	3.53	\$	-

Warrant valuation

The Company estimates the fair value of warrants granted on each grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The range of fair value assumptions related to warrants issued were as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2020	2019
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Risk-free rate	0.13% - 1.55%	1.34% - 2.37%
Volatility	143% - 207%	145% – 168%
Expected term	2 – 5 years	2-2.5 years

The expected dividend yield is zero, because the Company does not anticipate paying a dividend within the relevant timeframe. The risk-free interest rate used is based on the U.S. Treasury constant maturity rate in effect at the time of grant for the expected term of the warrants to be valued. The expected volatility is calculated based on the historical volatility of the Company. Due to a lack of historical information needed to estimate the Company's expected term, it is estimated using the simplified method allowed.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 14 - WARRANTS (continued)

Convertible note warrants

During the year ended December 31, 2020, warrants to purchase 230,670 shares of common stock at \$4.50 to \$10.00 per share were issued in connection with the issuance of convertible notes. During the year ended December 31, 2019, warrants to purchase 16,900 shares of common stock at \$14 (\$4.27 as adjusted upon dilutive issuance) to \$40 per share were issued in connection with the issuance of convertible notes. These warrants were immediately vested and expire in five years. The value of the warrants was recorded as a discount on the convertible notes in the aggregate amount of \$421,399 and \$125,545 during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Director warrant grants

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted its independent directors warrants as follows:

Date of Grant	Warrants	Exercise Price	
March 31, 2020	12,756	\$	6.00
June 30, 2020	34,248	\$	2.25
September 30, 2020	25,952	\$	3.00
December 31, 2020	45,732	\$	1.70

These warrants were immediately vested and expire in ten years. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to these warrants in the aggregate amount of \$300,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company did not recognize any stock-based compensation expense related to warrants.

Warrant expiration

During the year ended December 31, 2020, warrants to purchase an aggregate of 85,171 shares of common stock expired. During the year ended December 31, 2019, warrants to purchase an aggregate of 94,577 shares of common stock expired.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 15 - INCOME TAXES

The following table presents a reconciliation of the statutory Federal rate and the Company's effective tax rate for the years ended December 31:

	2020	2019
Change in valuation allowance	19.02%	12.80%
Debt instruments	(2.57)%	3.19%
Stock based compensation	2.63%	2.92%
Accrued compensation	2.80%	1.03%
Interest expense	(2.26)%	0.85%
Depreciation and amortization	1.37%	0.16%
Other	0.00%	0.04%
Tax benefit at Federal statutory rate	(21.00)%	(21.00)%
Effective tax rate	0.00%	0.00%

The effective tax rate for the three and years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, differs from the statutory rate of 21% for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, as a result of state taxes (net of Federal benefit), permanent differences, and a reserve against deferred tax assets.

There was not a provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The following table presents significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31:

		2020		2019
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS, net:	<u></u>			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$	12,186,945	\$	10,670,455
Accrued compensation		1,341,779		1,211,630
Stock based compensation		175,676		196,809
Credit carryforwards		58,122		58,122
Interest expenses		57,333		57,332
Depreciation and amortization		(155,304)		(208,482)
Debt instruments		(14,944)		(408,144)
Total		13,649,607		11,577,722
Less valuation allowance		(13,649,607)		(11,577,722)
NET DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	\$	-	\$	-

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had a Federal net operating loss carryforward of \$46,286,607. In addition, the Company had a net operating loss carryforward for Hawaii income tax purposes of \$36,410,868 as of December 31, 2020.

The Company's valuation allowance was primarily related to the operating losses. The valuation allowance is determined in accordance with the provisions of ASC No. 740, *Income Taxes*, which requires an assessment of both negative and positive evidence when measuring the need for a valuation allowance. Based on the available objective evidence and the Company's history of losses, management provides no assurance that the net deferred tax assets will be realized. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company has applied a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets net of the expected income from the reversal of the deferred tax liabilities.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

	2020					
	Net Lo	ss (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)		Per share amount	
Basic loss per share	\$	(5,055,507)	744,555	\$		(6.79)
Effect of dilutive securities—Common stock options, warrants, and convertible						
notes		-	_			
Diluted loss per share	\$	(5,055,507)	744,555	\$		(6.79)
			2019			
					Per share	
	Net Lo	ss (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)		amount	
Basic loss per share	\$	(5,093,037)	680,152	\$		(7.49)
Effect of dilutive securities—Common stock options and warrants		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			
Diluted loss per share	\$	(5,093,037)	680,152	\$		(7.49)

The following outstanding shares of common stock equivalents were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have been antidilutive for the years ended December 31:

	2020	2019
Common stock underlying convertible notes	638,247	105,360
Common stock underlying options	166,505	202,246
Common stock underlying warrants	780,935	516,748
Total common stock equivalents	1,585,687	824,354

Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 17 - LEASES

Office lease

The Company entered into an automatically renewable month-to-month lease for office space on August 13, 2010. Under the terms of this lease, the Company must provide a written notice 45 days prior to vacating the premises. Total rent expense under this agreement as amended was \$36,777 and \$37,915 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Fleet lease

In January 2018, the Company entered into a vehicle lease arrangement with a rental company for three vehicles. The terms of the leases require monthly payments of \$1,619 for three years. These leases convert to month-to-month leases in January 2021 unless terminated. The Company terminated one lease in August of 2019, which reduced the monthly payments to \$1,002. Total lease expense under this agreement was \$15,315 and \$16,174 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Company terminated the remaining two leases in January of 2021.

Right-to-use leased asset and liability

As a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, on January 1, 2019, the Company recognized a right-to-use leased asset and liability for the Fleet Leases. The balance of this right-to-use asset and liability was \$962 and \$12,488 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments

Future minimum lease payments are as follows for the years ended December 31:

2021	\$_	962
	_	962

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

Patent license payable

As part of the formation of the Company, a patent license was transferred to the Company. The original license began in 2006. Under the terms of the license the Company agreed to pay \$10,000 per year through 2015 and royalties of 2% on any revenues resulting from the license. The license expired in February 2016. There were no revenues generated by this license. The remaining obligation of \$20,000 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, is recorded as a part of accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheets

Employee settlement

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company owed a former employee a severance settlement payable in the amount of \$50,000 for accrued vacation benefits. As part of the severance settlement, a stock option previously granted to the former employee was fully vested and extended.

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated all material events through the date the financials were ready for issuance and identified the following for additional disclosure.

Preferred stock issuance

On January 11, 2021, the Company sold 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000. In accordance with the Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock dated January 7, 2021: (i) each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder thereof, from and after October 15, 2022, into shares of common stock; (ii) all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock in the event any of the Company's securities are listed for trading on any national exchange; and (iii) the Company may redeem any or all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock at any time after October 15, 2023.

Related party notes payable

On January 1, 2021, an amendment to the revolving inventory financing facility issued January 11, 2019, in the aggregate amount of \$1,000,000, provided that interest shall be payable at maturity. All other terms remain unchanged.

On January 1, 2021, an amendment to the related party note payable issued December 30, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$100,000, provided that interest shall be payable at maturity. All other terms remain unchanged. This note was subsequently amended as described below.

On March 30, 2021, an amendment to the related party note payable issued December 30, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$100,000, extended the maturity date to June 30, 2021. All other terms remain unchanged.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

Notes payable

On February 6, 2021, the Company received a Second Draw Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") loan for \$211,359. Under the terms of the program, the loan amount may be forgiven if certain terms and conditions are met.

Related party convertible notes payable

On January 1, 2021, amendments to the related party convertible notes payable issued July 19, 2019 (original principal amount of \$815,217), October 16, 2019 (original principal amount of \$217,391), November 15, 2019 (original principal amount of \$100,000), and September 17, 2020 (original principal amount of \$271,739), provided that interest shall be payable at maturity. All other terms remain unchanged. The amendments were not considered material modifications under ASC 470-50-40, and as a result, were not considered accounting extinguishments in the period the notes were modified.

On January 28, 2021, the Company and the Chairman of the Board of Directors, as a lender to the Company, entered into a convertible note payable in the amount of \$100,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 8% per annum and matures on December 31, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share any time at the holder's option. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share.

On March 8, 2021, the Company and a current stockholder that beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's common stock, as a lender to the Company, entered into a convertible note payable in the amount of \$150,000. This note accrues interest at the rate of 8% per annum and matures on March 8, 2022. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share any time at the holder's option. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 30,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

Convertible notes payable amendments

On January 1, 2021, amendments to the convertible notes payable issued September 4, 2019 (original principal amount of \$108,696), September 25, 2019 (original principal amount of \$54,348), October 3, 2019 (original principal amount of \$27,174), October 10, 2019 (original principal amount of \$27,174), October 29, 2019 (original principal amount of \$108,696), October 29, 2019 (original principal amount of \$27,174), November 8, 2019 (original principal amount of \$16,304), January 6, 2020 (original principal amount of \$108,696), October 29, 2020 (original principal amount of \$25,000), September 22, 2020 (original principal amount of \$25,000), September 28, 2020 (original principal amount of \$20,000), and December 28, 2020 (original principal amount of \$20,000), and December 28, 2020 (original principal amount of \$55,556), provided that interest shall be payable at maturity. All other terms remain unchanged. The amendments were not considered material modifications under ASC 470-50-40, and as a result, were not considered accounting extinguishments in the period the notes were modified.

On January 13, 2021, an amendment to the convertible note payable issued March 16, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$250,000, extended the maturity date to February 28, 2021. The amendment also provided that the 27,777 shares of common stock issued in connection with the purchase of the note shall be subject to return if the note is fully repaid by February 28, 2021. As consideration for the extension, the Company paid an extension fee of \$15,000 (\$7,500 on January 28, 2021, and \$7,500 on February 22, 2021). All other terms remain unchanged. The amendment to this note was not considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40, and as a result, is not considered an accounting extinguishment in the period the note was modified. This note was subsequently amended as described below.

On March 29, 2021, an amendment to the convertible note payable issued March 16, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$250,000, extended the maturity date to May 25, 2021. The amendment also provided that the 27,777 shares of common stock issued in connection with the purchase of the note shall be subject to return if the note is fully repaid by May 25, 2021. As consideration for the extension, the Company agreed to pay an extension fee of \$15,000 (\$7,500 by April 22, 2021, and \$7,500 by May 14, 2021). All other terms remain unchanged. The amendment to this note was not considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40, and as a result, is not considered an accounting extinguishment in the period the note was modified.

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Cardax, Inc., and Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

Convertible notes payable amendments (continued)

On January 19, 2021, an amendment to the convertible note payable issued May 14, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$500,000, provided the Company with options to extend the period before the conversion price adjusts from a fixed price to a variable price at a discount to market and the period the Company may prepay the note without penalty or premium. The Company elected to extend such periods to nine (9) months following issuance (February 14, 2021) with payment of an extension fee of \$25,000 (\$12,500 on January 28, 2021, and \$12,500 on February 12, 2021), to nine and one-half (9.5) months following issuance (February 28, 2021) with payment of an additional extension fee of \$12,500 on February 26, 2021, to ten (10) months following issuance (March 14, 2021) with payment of an additional extension fee of \$12,500 on March 12, 2021, and to ten and one-half (10.5) months following issuance (March 31, 2021) with payment of an additional extension fee of \$12,500 on March 30, 2021. All other terms remain unchanged. Each amendment to extend the respective periods to this note was not considered a material modification under ASC 470-50-40, and as a result, is not considered an accounting extinguishment in the period the note was modified.

On January 29, 2021, and March 31, 2021, amendments to the convertible note payable issued January 21, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$262,500, provided terms for settlement of the note. In accordance with the amendment, the Company paid \$130,000 to the holder (\$100,000 on February 1, 2021, \$10,000 on March 8, 2021, and \$20,000 on March 31, 2021) in full settlement of the note.

Convertible notes payable issuances

On January 27, 2021, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount of \$55,556 with an original issue discount of \$5,556 in exchange for \$50,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on December 31, 2021. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share any time at the holder's option. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share.

On March 26, 2021, the Company issued a convertible note payable in the amount of \$100,000. This note accrues interest at 8% per annum and matures on March 31, 2022. This note and accrued interest may convert into shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share any time at the holder's option. The Company has the right to prepay this note without penalty or premium. If this note has not been repaid or converted in full on or prior to the maturity date, then repayment of the outstanding principal balance shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months. This note was also issued with a detachable warrant exercisable for 5 years to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share.

SECURITIES PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Securities Purchase Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated as of December 17, 2020, by and between Cardax, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the 'Company'), and (the "Purchaser"). Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in Section 1.1.

WHEREAS, the Company is a public company with its shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the 'Common Stock') traded on the OTCQB under the symbol "CDXI";

WHEREAS, the Company and the Purchaser are executing and delivering this Agreement in reliance upon the exemption from securities registration afforded by the rules and regulations as promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act");

WHEREAS, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement the Company desires to sell to the Purchaser and the Purchaser desires to purchase the "Securities" (as defined below) for aggregate consideration of \$_______:

(a) a convertible promissory note (the 'Note"), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit I, with an aggregate principal amount of \$______, convertible into shares of Common Stock at \$____, subject to adjustment and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Documents; and

(b) ____ warrants (the "<u>Warrants</u>"), in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit II</u>, each exercisable for 5 years from issuance on a cash or cashless basis to purchase _____ shares of Common Stock at a price per share of \$____, subject to adjustment and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Documents.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION of the mutual covenants contained in this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the Company and the Purchaser, intending to be legally bound hereby, hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

1.1 <u>Definitions</u>. In addition to the terms defined elsewhere in this Agreement, for all purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth in this <u>Section 1.1</u>:

"Affiliate" means any Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by or is under common control with a Person, as such terms are used in and construed under Rule 405 under the Securities Act.

"Business Day" means any day except any Saturday, any Sunday, any day that is a federal legal holiday in the United States, or any day on which banking institutions in the State of New York are authorized or required by law or other governmental action to close.

"Closing" means the closing of the purchase and sale of the Securities pursuant to Section 2.1.

"Closing Date" means the date of this Agreement.

"Company Sub" means Cardax Pharma, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Person" means an individual or corporation, partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, joint stock company, government (or an agency or subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.

"Registration Statement" means the registration statement filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the public offering of Common Stock and warrants to purchase Common Stock (registration no. 333-233281).

"Securities" means the Note, the Warrants, and any shares of Common Stock issued or issuable to the Purchaser under the Note and the Warrants.

"Securities Purchase Amount" means the aggregate amount to be paid for the Securities, which amount shall be paid by the Purchaser making a payment to the Company as provided in this Agreement.

"Short Sale" means any securities transaction in which a Person sells a number of shares or other units of a security that are not owned by such Person at the time of such sale.

"Trading Market" means any of the following markets or exchanges on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted for trading on the date in question: the NYSE MKT, the Nasdaq Capital Market, the Nasdaq Global Market, the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the New York Stock Exchange, OTCQB or the OTC Bulletin Board (or any successors to any of the foregoing).

"Transaction Documents" means this Agreement, the Note, the Warrants, and all exhibits and schedules thereto and hereto and any other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transaction contemplated hereunder.

ARTICLE II PURCHASE AND SALE

2.1 Closing.

(a) On the Closing Date, the Purchaser shall purchase the Securities and the Company shall issue the Securities.

2.2 Deliveries.

(a) On the Closing Date, the Purchaser shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Company a check or wire transfer of the Securities Purchase Amount of the Purchaser in accordance with the check or wire transfer instructions set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> to this Agreement.

(b) On the Closing Date, the Company and the Purchaser shall close the purchase and sale of the Securities and the Company shall promptly deliver or cause

ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

- 3.1 Representations and Warranties of the Company. The Company hereby makes the following representations and warranties to the Purchaser as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date (unless such representation is made as of a specific date therein in which case such representation and warranty shall be accurate as of such date):
- (a) <u>Organization and Qualification</u>. Each of the Company and the Company Sub is an entity duly incorporated, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, with the requisite power and authority to own and use its properties and assets and to carry on its business as currently conducted.
 - (b) Capitalization. The capitalization of the Company is properly reflected in all material respects by the SEC Filings as of the date indicated in such filings.
- (c) <u>Private Placement</u>. Assuming the accuracy of the Purchaser's representations and warranties set forth in <u>Section 3.2</u>, no registration under the Securities Act is required for the offer and sale of the Securities to the Purchaser as contemplated hereby. The issuance and sale of the Securities hereunder does not contravene the rules and regulations of the Trading Market applicable to the Company.
- (d) <u>SEC Filings</u>. The documents (the "<u>SEC Filings</u>") that have been filed by the Company with the SEC do not (as amended and supplemented) contain a material misstatement of fact or does not omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as interpreted by the Exchange Act.
- (e) <u>Financing Needs</u>. The Company requires immediate financing through the offering of the securities under this Agreement to acquire additional funds for certain working capital and general corporate purposes that are due and payable within 30 days and if not paid would cause a material adverse effect to the Company, including the payment of payroll and other cash compensation and insurance. Accordingly, the purpose of the offering under this Agreement is different than the planned use of proceeds from the public offering described in the Registration Statement.
- 3.2 <u>Representations and Warranties of the Purchaser</u>. The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date to the Company as follows (unless as of a specific date therein):

(a) Organization; Authority.

- (i) The Purchaser is either an individual or an entity that is duly incorporated or formed, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or formation with full right, corporate, partnership, limited liability company, or similar power and authority to enter into and to consummate the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents and otherwise to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder.
- (ii) The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents and performance by the Purchaser of the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate, partnership, limited liability company, or similar action, as applicable, on the part of the Purchaser.

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- (iii) Each Transaction Document to which it is a party has been duly executed by the Purchaser, and when delivered by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof, will constitute the valid and legally binding obligation of the Purchaser, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except: (a) as limited by general equitable principles and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other laws of general application affecting enforcement of creditors' rights generally; (b) as limited by laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief, or other equitable remedies; and (c) insofar as indemnification and contribution provisions may be limited by applicable law.
- (b) Own Account. The Purchaser understands that the Securities are "restricted securities" and have not been registered under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law and is acquiring the Securities as principal for its own account and not with a view to or for distributing or reselling the Securities or any part thereof in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law, has no present intention of distributing any of such Securities in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law and has no direct or indirect arrangement or understandings with any other person to distribute or regarding the distribution of such Securities in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law (this representation and warranty not limiting the Purchaser's right to sell the Securities in compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws). The Purchaser is acquiring the Securities hereunder in the ordinary course of its business or investment strategy.
- (c) <u>Purchaser Status</u>. At the time the Purchaser was offered the Securities, it was, and as of the date hereof it is an "accredited investor" as defined in Rule 501 under the Securities Act; or (ii) a Non U.S. Person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act. The information provided by the Purchaser to the Company in the Certificate of Accredited Investor Status is true and correct.
- (d) Experience of the Purchaser. The Purchaser, either alone or together with its representatives, has such knowledge, sophistication and experience in business and financial matters so as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment in the Securities, and has so evaluated the merits and risks of such investment. The Purchaser is able to bear the economic risk of an investment in the Securities and, at the present time, is able to afford a complete loss of such investment.
- (e) No Short Sales. The Purchaser shall not directly or indirectly, nor shall any Person acting on behalf of or pursuant to any understanding with the Purchaser, execute any Short Sales of the securities of the Company while the Note is outstanding.

(f) Disclosure.

(i) The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the information provided and available to the Purchaser at the time that this Agreement is executed and delivered (including, but not limited to the SEC Filings) (the "Execution Date Information") may not include all of the material information that would be provided to a purchaser of securities in an offering of securities that is registered under the Securities Act and included in a prospectus that is required to be delivered in accordance with Section 5 of the Securities Act. Additionally, the Purchaser acknowledges that it will not have the benefits of the disclosures and the civil remedies that flow from an offering registered under the Securities Act.

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conditions of investment in the Securities and to obtain such additional information as may have been necessary to verify the accuracy of any information that may have been provided to the Purchaser; and (c) acknowledges that the only information the Purchaser relied upon is information or documentation that was provided expressly by the Company to the Purchaser for such purposes. The Purchaser acknowledges that it has had information about the Company based on its investments in the Company and by reference to the SEC Filings other than the Registration Statement.

(iii) The Purchaser and/or Purchaser's advisor acknowledges that it has received and reviewed the SEC Filings, including the summary of risks contained in the "Risk Factors" sections in such documents and Schedule B and certain matters regarding the use of proceeds set forth inSection 4.3 and had access to or been furnished with sufficient facts and information to evaluate an investment in the Company and a reasonable opportunity to ask questions of and receive answers from a person or persons acting on behalf of the Company concerning the Company and all such questions have been answered to the full satisfaction of the Purchaser. The Purchaser acknowledges that in addition to the risks summarized in Schedule B, there is a risk that the public offering contemplated by the Registration Statement will not be consummated, that the Company may abandon the Registration Statement for any reason, including without limitation, market conditions or any decision by the lead underwriter described therein, which decision is in the sole and absolute discretion of such underwriter. The Purchaser acknowledges it would purchase the securities to be issued by the Company under this Agreement even if the Company does not complete the public offering described in the Registration Statement.

(g) Solicitation. The Purchaser acknowledges that it did not become interested in the purchase of securities to be issued by the Company through any general solicitation or advertisement, including the Registration Statement. The Purchaser acknowledges that it has a substantive, preexisting personal investment relationship with the Company based on its ownership of Common Stock and several investments by the Purchaser. The Purchaser was solicited by the Company via direct solicitation by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO"), who has a personal relationship with the Purchaser, and a determination by the CEO that the Purchaser has the means and is likely to continue its investment interest in the Company. The Purchaser acknowledges that it was solicited by the Company for interest in the securities to be issued by the Company under this Agreement and that the Purchaser was not identified or contacted through the marketing of the public offering under the Registration Statement and the Purchaser did not independently contact the Company as a result of any solicitation by any broker dealer, including the lead underwriter specified in the Registration Statement.

The Company acknowledges and agrees that the representations contained in <u>Section 3.2</u> shall not modify, amend or affect the Purchaser's right to rely on the Company's representations and warranties contained in this Agreement or any representations and warranties contained in any other Transaction Document or any other document or instrument executed and/or delivered in connection with this Agreement or the consummation of the transaction contemplated hereby.

ARTICLE IV OTHER AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES

4.1 Transfer Restrictions.

(a) The Securities may only be disposed of in compliance with state and federal securities laws. In connection with any transfer of any of the Securities other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or Rule 144, to the Company or to an Affiliate of the Purchaser, the Company may require the transferor thereof to provide to the Company an opinion of counsel selected by the transferor and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the form and substance of which opinion shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company, to the effect that such transfer does not require registration of such transferred Securities under the Securities Act.

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(b) <u>Legend on Share Certificates</u>. The Purchaser agrees to the imprinting, so long as is required by this <u>Section 4.1</u>, of a legend on any of the certificates representing the Securities in the following form:

THIS SECURITY HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

- (c) The legends set forth in Section 4.1(b) shall, to the fullest extent permitted, be removed (i) while a registration statement covering the resale of such security is effective under the Securities Act, (ii) following any sale of the Securities pursuant to Rule 144, (iii) if the Securities are eligible for sale under Rule 144, without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information required under Rule 144 as to the Securities and without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions, or (iv) if such legend is not required under applicable requirements of the Securities Act (including judicial interpretations and pronouncements issued by the staff of the SEC).
- (d) The Purchaser agrees that it will sell any Securities only pursuant to either: (i) the registration requirements of the Securities Act, including any applicable prospectus delivery requirements; or (ii) an exemption therefrom, and that if the Securities are sold pursuant to any such effective registration statement, they will be sold in compliance with the plan of distribution set forth therein, and acknowledges that the removal of the restrictive legend from certificates representing the Securities set forth in this Section 4.1 is predicated upon the Company's reliance upon this understanding.
- 4.2 Non-Public Information. Except with respect to the material terms and conditions of the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents, the Company covenants and agrees that neither it, nor any other Person acting on its behalf, will provide the Purchaser or its agents or counsel with any information that the Company believes constitutes material non-public information, unless prior thereto the Purchaser, agent, or counsel shall have entered into a written agreement with the Company regarding the confidentiality and use of such information or such Person is otherwise obligated to maintain the confidentiality of such information and not use such information in violation of applicable law. The Company understands and confirms that the Purchaser shall be relying on the foregoing covenant in evaluating and providing any information it receives in connection with its consideration of purchasing the Securities.
 - 4.3 <u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Company will use the proceeds from this transaction for its general corporate purposes.

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4.4 <u>Replacement of Certificates</u>. If any certificate or instrument evidencing the Securities is mutilated, lost, stolen, or destroyed, the Company shall issue or cause to be issued in exchange and substitution for and upon cancellation thereof (in the case of mutilation), or in lieu of and substitution therefor, a new certificate or instrument, but only upon receipt of evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Company of such loss, theft, or destruction. The applicant for a new certificate or instrument under such circumstances shall also pay any reasonable third-party costs (including customary indemnity) associated with the issuance of such replacement Securities and may be required to provide an indemnity in favor of the Company.

ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

5.1 Fees and Expenses. Except as expressly set forth in the Transaction Documents to the contrary, each party shall pay the fees and expenses of its advisers, counsel, accountants, and other experts, if any, and all other expenses incurred by such party incident to the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery, and performance of this

Agreement.

- 5.2 Entire Agreement. The Transaction Documents contain the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter thereof and supersede all prior agreements and understandings, oral or written, with respect to such matters, which the parties acknowledge have been merged into such documents, exhibits and schedules.
- 5.3 Notices. All notices (including any consent required of any party to the Transaction Documents) given or permitted to be provided pursuant to the Transaction Documents shall be in writing and shall be mailed by certified mail, delivered by professional courier or hand, or transmitted via email. The Purchaser may change the address that notices should be delivered to it by delivering a notice with the corrected information to the Company. The Company may change the address that notices should be delivered to it by delivering a notice with the corrected information to the Purchaser then a party to this Agreement. In each case, such corrected information to be effective only upon delivery of such notice. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Transaction Documents, each such notice shall be effective on the date three days after the date of mailing or, if delivered by hand or professional courier, or transmitted via email with delivery receipt (or acknowledgement or confirmation which may be by electronic means), on the date of delivery, provided, however, that notices to the Company will be effective upon receipt.
- 5.4 Amendments; Waivers. No provision of the Transaction Documents may be waived, modified, supplemented or amended except by means of a written agreement signed, in the case of an amendment, by the Company and the Purchaser subject to such waiver, modification, supplement or amendment. No waiver of any default with respect to any provision, condition or requirement of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a continuing waiver in the future or a waiver of any subsequent default or a waiver of any other provision, condition or requirement thereof, nor shall any delay or omission of any party to exercise any right thereunder in any manner impair the exercise of any such right.
- 5.5 <u>Headings</u>. The headings in the Transaction Documents are for convenience only, do not constitute a part of the Transaction Documents and shall not be deemed to limit or affect any of the provisions thereof.
- 5.6 <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Transaction Documents shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties and their successors and permitted assigns. The Company may not assign the Transaction Documents or any rights or obligations thereunder without the prior written consent of the Purchaser (other than by merger). The Purchaser may assign any or all of its rights under this Agreement to any Person; provided that such assignment is approved by the Company, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned and such transferee agrees in writing to be bound by the provisions of the Transaction Documents that apply to the "Purchaser" and such transferee is able and makes the representations and warranties to the Company provided under <u>Section 3.2</u>.

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- 5.7 <u>Third-Party Beneficiaries</u>. The Transaction Documents are intended for the benefit of the parties thereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns and is not for the benefit of, nor may any provision thereof be enforced by, any other Person.
- 5.8 Governing Law. The Transaction Documents are to be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 5.9 Attorney Fees. If one or more parties shall commence an action, suit, or proceeding to enforce any provision of the Transaction Documents, then the prevailing party or parties in such action, suit, or proceeding shall be reimbursed by the other party or parties to such action, suit, or proceeding for the reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses incurred by the prevailing party or parties with the investigation, preparation, and prosecution of such action, suit, or proceeding.
 - 5.10 Survival. The representations and warranties contained herein shall survive the Closing and the delivery of the Securities for the applicable statute of limitations.
- 5.11 <u>Counterparts and Execution</u>. The Transaction Documents may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which when taken together shall be considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when counterparts have been signed by each party and delivered to each other party, it being understood that the parties need not sign the same counterpart. In the event that any signature is delivered by email delivery of a ".pdf" format data file, such signature shall create a valid and binding obligation of the party executing (or on whose behalf such signature is executed) with the same force and effect as if such ".pdf" signature page was an original thereof.
- 5.12 Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of any Transaction Document is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, void, or unenforceable, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants, and restrictions set forth therein shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated, and the parties thereto shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to find and employ an alternative means to achieve the same or substantially the same result as that contemplated by such term, provision, covenant, or restriction. It is hereby stipulated and declared to be the intention of the parties that they would have executed the remaining terms, provisions, covenants, and restrictions without including any of such that may be hereafter declared invalid, illegal, void, or unenforceable.
- 5.13 <u>Saturdays, Sundays, Holidays, etc.</u> If the last or appointed day for the taking of any action or the expiration of any right required or granted herein shall not be a Business Day, then such action may be taken or such right may be exercised on the next succeeding Business Day.
- 5.14 <u>Construction</u>. The parties agree that each of them and/or their respective counsel have reviewed and had an opportunity to revise the Transaction Documents and, therefore, the normal rule of construction to the effect that any ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not be employed in the interpretation of the Transaction Documents or any amendments thereto.

[signature page follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this Securities Purchase Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized signatories as of the date first indicated above.

CARDAX, INC.			
By: Name:			
Name: Title:			
[Name of Purchaser	.]		
By:			
Name:			
Title:			

SCHEDULE A

Check and Wire Transfer Instructions

[provided separately]

SCHEDULE B

Certain Additional Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factors summarized in the Company's SEC Filings, you should consider the following:

An investment in the Securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks summarized in the Company's SEC Filings, together with all of the other information provided to you in this Agreement, before making an investment decision. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could suffer. In that case, the trading price of our shares of Common Stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. You should read the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" included in our SEC Filings for a discussion of what types of statements are forward-looking statements, as well as the significance of such statements.

The terms of this transaction and the purchase price for the Securities were not independently valued and may not be indicative of the future price of Common Stock.

Our board of directors determined the terms and conditions of this transaction, including the purchase price of the Securities. The purchase price of the Securities was not necessarily determined to be equal to the market price of the Common Stock on the OTCQB or the fair value of the Company. If you purchase the Securities, you may not be able to sell any of the Securities at or above the purchase price. The trading price of the Common Stock will be determined by the marketplace and will be influenced by many factors outside of the Company's control, prevailing interest rates, investor perceptions, securities analyst research reports and general industry, geopolitical, and economic conditions. Publicly traded stocks, including stocks of pharmaceutical and nutraceutical companies, often experience substantial market price volatility. These market fluctuations might not be related to the operating performance of particular companies whose shares are traded. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that if you purchase the Securities you will later be able to sell any of the Securities at or above the purchase price.

The Securities are "Restricted Securities" under the Securities Act and there is no assurance they will be registered.

The Securities will be restricted securities under United States federal and applicable state securities laws. The Securities will be restricted securities unless and until the Securities are registered. Restricted securities may not be transferred, sold or otherwise disposed of in the United States, except as permitted under United States federal and state securities laws, pursuant to registration or an exemption therefrom. You should be prepared to hold the Securities for an indefinite period.

The Securities may not be sold unless, at the time of such intended sale, there is a current registration statement covering the resale of the securities or there exists an exemption from registration under the Securities Act, and such securities have been registered, qualified, or deemed to be exempt under applicable securities or "blue sky" laws in the state of residence of the seller or in the state where sales are being affected.

If there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the Securities, you will be precluded from disposing of such shares unless such shares may become eligible to be disposed of under the exemptions provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act without restriction. If the Securities are not registered for resale under the Securities Act, or exempt therefrom, and not registered or qualified under applicable securities or "blue sky" laws, or deemed exempt therefrom, the value of the Securities will be greatly reduced.

Insufficient Capital

There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Company will raise sufficient capital, through this transaction or otherwise, to meet the Company's business objectives or fund its operations. The audited financial statements of the Company include a going concern qualification and the Company has significant liquidity issues, including that described in the SEC Filings. There can be no assurance that other obligations that are necessary for the Company will not be incurred or that the budgeted expenditures will not be subject to any material increase.

NEITHER THIS SECURITY NOR THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON ITS CONVERSION HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

Principal Amount: \$	Issue Date: December 17, 2020
Purchase Price: \$	
CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE	
FOR VALUE RECEIVED, Cardax, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby promises to pay to the order of	(together with its

The following terms shall apply to this Note:

- 1.1 Method of Payment. All payments hereunder shall be made in lawful money of the United States of America no later than 5:00 PM on the date on which such payment is due by check, certified check payable to the Holder, or by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the Holder's account at a bank specified by the Holder in writing to the Company from time to time.
- 1.2 <u>Business Day Convention</u>. Whenever any amount expressed to be due by the terms of this Note is due on any day that is not a business day, the same shall instead be due on the next succeeding business day. As used in this Note, the term "business day" shall mean any day except any Saturday, any Sunday, any day that is a federal legal holiday in the United States, or any day on which banking institutions in the State of New York are authorized or required by law or other governmental action to close.

ARTICLE II. INTEREST

- 2.1 Interest Rate. Except as otherwise provided herein, the outstanding principal amount of the Note shall bear interest at a rate (the fhterest Rate") of <a href="mailto:mount-shall-shal
- 2.2 <u>Interest Payment</u>. The accrued and unpaid interest shall be due and payable upon maturity of Note unless otherwise converted in accordance with <u>Section</u> 3.
- 2.3 <u>Interest Calculations</u>. Interest shall be calculated on the basis of a year of 365/366 days, as the case may be, and the actual number of days elapsed. Interest shall accrue on the Issue Date but shall not accrue on any Conversion Date (as to that principal amount then being converted), on any Prepayment Date (as to that principal amount then being paid), on the Maturity Date (as to that principal amount then being paid, if any), or on up to the first 10 calendar days of each month wherein an Amortization Payment is being made pursuant to <u>Section 4.2</u> (as to that principal amount then being paid).
- 2.4 <u>Default Interest</u>. Upon an Event of Default (as defined in <u>Section 6.1</u>), the Interest Rate shall increase to twelve percent (12%) per annum from the date thereof until cured or waived.
- 2.5 <u>Interest Rate Limitation</u>. If at any time and for any reason whatsoever, the interest rate payable on the Note shall exceed the maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged by the Holder to the Company under applicable law, such interest rate shall be reduced automatically to the maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged under applicable law. That portion of each sum paid attributable to that portion of such interest rate that exceeds the maximum rate of interest permitted by applicable law shall be deemed a voluntary prepayment of principal.

ARTICLE III. CONVERSION

- 3.1 Method of Conversion. At any time while this Note is outstanding, this Note shall be convertible, in whole or in part, into shares (the Conversion Shares") of Common Stock at the Conversion Price (as defined below), at the option of the Holder, at any time and from time to time. The Holder shall effect conversions by delivering to the Company a Notice of Conversion, the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit I (each, a "Notice of Conversion"), specifying therein the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus at the Holder's option, any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, to be converted and the date on which such conversion shall be effected (such date, a "Conversion Date"). If no Conversion Date is specified in a Notice of Conversion, the Conversion Date shall be the date that such Notice of Conversion is deemed delivered hereunder.
- 3.2 <u>Conversion Price</u>. The conversion price (the "<u>Conversion Price</u>") per share of Common Stock in effect on any Conversion Date shall be equal to \$_____, subject to adjustment as provided below.
- (a) Adjustment Upon Stock Split. If at any time while this Note is outstanding, the Company: (i) subdivides outstanding shares of Common Stock into a larger number of shares, (ii) combines (including by way of a reverse stock split) outstanding shares of Common Stock into a smaller number of shares, or (iii) issues, in the event of a reclassification of shares of the Common Stock, any shares of capital stock of the Company, then the Conversion Price shall be equitably adjusted. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 3.2(a) shall become effective immediately after the effective date of the subdivision, combination, or re-classification.

3.3 Mechanics of Conversion.

(a) <u>Conversion Shares Issuable Upon Conversion</u>. The number of Conversion Shares issuable upon a conversion hereunder shall be determined by the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the outstanding principal amount of this Note to be converted, plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon to be converted, by (y) the Conversion Price.

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- (b) No Fractional Shares Upon Conversion. No fractional shares shall be issued upon the conversion of this Note. As to any fraction of a share that the Holder would otherwise be entitled to upon such conversion, the Company shall at its election, either pay a cash adjustment in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the Conversion Price or round up to the next whole share.
- (c) <u>Delivery of Certificate Upon Conversion</u>. On the Conversion Date, or promptly thereafter, the Company shall issue and deliver or cause to be issued and delivered a certificate or certificates representing the Conversion Shares.
- (d) <u>Surrender of Note Upon Conversion</u>. To effect conversions hereunder, the Holder shall not be required to physically surrender this Note to the Company unless the entire outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, is to be converted. Conversions hereunder shall have the effect of lowering the outstanding principal amount of this Note and accrued and unpaid interest thereon, in an amount equal to the applicable conversion, and all rights with respect to the portion of this Note being so converted shall forthwith terminate except the right to receive the Conversion Shares, as provided herein. The Holder and the Company shall maintain records showing the principal and interest amount(s) converted and the date of such conversion(s). In the event of any dispute or discrepancy, the records of the Company shall be controlling and determinative in the absence of manifest error. The Holder, and any assignee by acceptance of this Note, acknowledge and agree that, by reason of the provisions of this paragraph, following conversion of a portion of this Note, the unpaid and unconverted principal amount of this Note may be less than the amount stated on the face hereof.
- (e) <u>Authorized Shares</u>. The Company shall reserve from its authorized and unissued Common Stock a sufficient number of shares, free from preemptive rights, to provide for the issuance of Common Stock upon the full conversion of this Note. The Company represents that upon issuance, such shares will be duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

ARTICLE IV. REPAYMENT

4.1 Prepayment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Note, the Company may prepay the amounts outstanding hereunder pursuant to

the following terms and conditions:

- (a) At any time while this Note is outstanding, the Company shall have the right, exercisable on not less than five (5) trading days prior written notice (a "Prepayment Notice") to the Holder, to prepay the Note (outstanding principal and accrued interest), in whole or in part, without penalty.
- (b) Notwithstanding the Prepayment Notice, upon receipt of such notice and prior to the prepayment date (the <u>Prepayment Date</u>") specified by the Company in the Prepayment Notice, the Holder may elect to convert any outstanding portion of the Note, including any accrued interest, by submitting a Notice of Conversion to the Company as set forth in this Note.
- 4.2 <u>Repayment Amortization Upon Maturity</u>. If this Note, or any portion thereof, remains outstanding upon the Maturity Date, then repayment of the unpaid and unconverted principal amount of this Note, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months, with monthly payments (each, an "<u>Amortization Payment</u>") to be made on or prior to the 10th calendar day of each month, beginning on the first such date after the Maturity Date. Until this Note is repaid or converted in full, the Holder shall continue to have all rights as a holder of this Note.

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ARTICLE V. CERTAIN COVENANTS

- 5.1 <u>Sale or Disposition of Assets</u>. So long as the Company shall have any obligation under this Note, the Company shall not, without the Holder's written consent, sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets outside the ordinary course of business unless the proceeds of any disposition of its assets shall be used to repay this Note.
- 5.2 Non-Circumvention. The Company hereby covenants and agrees that the Company will not, by amendment of its Certificate or Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, or through any reorganization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, scheme of arrangement, dissolution, issuance or sale of securities, or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms of this Note, and will at all times in good faith carry out all the provisions of this Note and take all action as may be required to protect the rights of the Holder.

ARTICLE VI EVENTS OF DEFAULT

- 6.1 Events of Default. The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default":
- (a) Failure to Pay Principal or Interest. The Company fails to pay any outstanding portion of this Note when due and such non-payment continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.
- (b) <u>Failure to Deliver Conversion Shares</u>. The Company fails to issue and deliver or cause to issue and deliver the Conversion Shares to the Holder for a period of fifteen (15) days from the Conversion Date, provided that, an Event of Default shall not occur under this <u>Section 6.1(b)</u> if the Company shall have delivered proper issuance instructions for the Conversion Shares to its stock transfer agent prior to such date.
- (c) <u>Breach of Covenants</u>. The Company breaches any material covenant or other material term or condition contained in this Note or any other Transaction Documents and such breach continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.
- (d) <u>Breach of Representations or Warranties</u>. Any representation or warranty of the Company made in this Note or any other Transaction Documents shall be false or misleading in any material respect when made and the breach of which has (or with the passage of time will have) a material adverse effect on the rights of the Holder with respect to this Note or any other Transaction Documents, and such breach continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.
- (e) <u>Bankruptcy</u>. Bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or liquidation proceedings, or other proceedings, voluntary or involuntary, for relief under any bankruptcy law or any law for the relief of debtors shall be instituted by or against the Company or any subsidiary of the Company; or the Company admits in writing its inability to pay its debts generally as they mature, provided that, any disclosure of the Company's ability to continue as a "going concern" shall not be an admission that the Company cannot pay its debts as they become due; or the Company or any subsidiary of the Company shall make an assignment for the benefit of creditors or commence proceedings for its dissolution, or apply for or consent to the appointment of a receiver or trustee for it or for a substantial part of its property or business, or such a receiver or trustee shall otherwise be appointed for the Company or for a substantial part of its property or business without its consent and shall not be discharged within sixty (60) days after such appointment; or any dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of Company or any substantial portion of its business.

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- (f) Change of Control. The occurrence after the date hereof of any of (a) an acquisition by an individual or legal entity or "group" (as described in Rule 13d-5(b)(1) promulgated under the Exchange Act) of effective control (whether through legal or beneficial ownership of capital stock of the Company, by contract or otherwise) of in excess of 50% of the voting securities of the Company, other than in connection with an underwritten public offering, (b) the Company consummates a merger or similar transaction, after giving effect to such transaction, the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to such transaction own less than 50% of the aggregate voting power of the Company or the successor entity of such transaction, or (c) the Company sells or transfers all or substantially all of its assets and the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to such transaction own less than 50% of the aggregate voting power of the acquiring entity immediately after the transaction, (d) a replacement at one time or within a two year period of more than half of the members of the Board of Directors, if not approved by a majority of the Board of Directors, (e) David G. Watumull and David M. Watumull shall both have been terminated by the Company as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer other than for cause, or (f) the execution by the Company of an agreement to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, providing for any of the events set forth in clauses (a) through (e) above
- (g) <u>Judgments</u>. Any money judgment, writ, or similar process shall be entered or filed against the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or any of its property or other assets for more than \$500,000, and shall remain unvacated, unbonded, or unstayed for a period of one-hundred eighty (180) days unless otherwise consented to by the Holder, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld.
- (h) <u>Delisting of Common Stock</u>. The Company shall fail to maintain the listing of the Common Stock on the OTCQB or on the principal securities exchange or other securities market on which the Common Stock is then being traded, and such delisting continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.
- 6.2 Remedies Upon Event of Default. Upon an Event of Default, interest on this Note shall accrue pursuant to Section 2.4, and the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus accrued and unpaid interest, shall become, at the Holder's election, immediately due and payable in cash. In lieu of cash payment, the Holder may elect to receive from time to time all or part of the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus accrued and unpaid interest, in Conversion Shares. Such acceleration may be rescinded and annulled by the Holder at any time prior to payment hereunder and the Holder shall have all rights as a holder of the Note until such time, if any, as the Holder receives full payment pursuant to this Section 6.2. No such rescission or annulment shall affect any subsequent Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Company has caused this Note to be signed in its name by its duly authorized officer as of the date first above written.

CARDAX, INC.

		Ву:	
		Name: Title:	
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		EXHIBIT I NOTICE OF CONVERSION	
unpaid interest the to the conversion	hereto, totaling \$ into that number of sh n of the Note as set forth below, according to the condit en below. No fee will be charged to the Holder for any	ares of Common Stock of Carda tions of the convertible promisso	te (defined below) together with \$ of accrued and x, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), to be issued pursuant ry note of the Company dated as of December 17, 2020 (the Note"), as axes, if any. This Notice of Conversion is irrevocable unless otherwise
Delivery instruct	tions:		
[]	The Company shall electronically transmit the Comm with DTC through its Deposit Withdrawal At Custodi.		is Notice of Conversion to the account of the undersigned or its nominee provided that such shares are eligible for deposit.
	Name of DTC Prime Broker: DTC Participant Number: Account Number:		
[]			ommon Stock set forth below (which numbers are based on the Holder's f additional space is necessary, on an attachment hereto:
	Name:Address:Form: [] Physical Certificate [] Book Entry		
Date of Convers	sion:		_
Applicable Conv	version Price:	\$	-
	es of Common Stock to be Issued version of the Note:		_
	cipal Balance Due Remaining after this Conversion:	\$	-
Accrued and Unj	paid Interest Remaining:	\$	-
[Name of Holder	r]		
By:		Dete	
Name: Title:		Date	
WARRANT NU	UMBER		

CARDAX, INC.

WARRANT TO PURCHASE SHARES OF CAPITAL STOCK

NEITHER THIS WARRANT NOR THE SHARES ISSUABLE UPON ITS EXERCISE HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

THIS CERTIFIES THAT, for value received, ________(together with its successors and assigns, the "Holder"), commencing December 17, 2020 (the "Date of Issue") is entitled to purchase, subject to the conditions set forth below, at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the Exercise Period (as defined in Section 1.3 below), up to that number of fully paid and non-assessable shares (the "Shares") of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("Common Stock"), of Cardax, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") set forth in Section 1.1, at the per share purchase price (the "Warrant Exercise Price") set forth in Section 1.2, subject to the further provisions of this Warrant.

1. EXERCISE OF WARRANT

The terms and conditions upon which this Warrant may be exercised, and the shares of Common Stock covered hereby which may be purchased hereunder, are as follows:

1.1 Warrants. The Company hereby issues to the Holder warrants to purchase	newly issued shares of Common Stock (the Warrants").
1.2 <u>The Warrant Exercise Price.</u> The exercise price for the Warrants shall be equal to \$	per share, subject to adjustment as provided in Section 4 below.

- 1.3 Method of Exercise. The Holder of this Warrant may, during the period commencing on the Date of Issue and ending on December 17, 2025, unless extended by the Company in its sole discretion (the "Exercise Period"), exercise in whole or in part the purchase rights evidenced by this Warrant. Such exercise shall be effected by either "cash exercise" as provided in Section 1.3(a) hereof or by "cashless exercise" as provided in Section 1.3(b) hereof.
 - (a) <u>Cash Exercise</u>. The Holder may exercise this Warrant by means of a "<u>Cash Exercise</u>" as follows:
 - (i) the surrender of the Warrant, together with a duly executed copy of the form of subscription attached hereto, to the Secretary of the Company at its principal offices;
 - (ii) the payment to the Company, by certified check or bank draft payable to its order, of an amount equal to the aggregate Warrant Exercise Price for the number of Shares for which the purchase rights hereunder are being exercised; and
 - (iii) the delivery to the Company, if necessary, to assure compliance with federal and state securities laws, of an instrument executed by the Holder certifying that the Shares are being acquired for the sole account of the Holder and not with a view to any resale or distribution.
 - (b) Cashless Exercise. The Holder may exercise this Warrant by means of a "cashless exercise" as follows:
 - (i) The Holder may elect to exercise this Warrant, in whole or in part, and to receive, without the payment by such Holder of any cash (*Cashless Exercise*), Shares equal to the value of this Warrant or any portion hereof by surrendering this Warrant, along with the Notice of Exercise providing such number of Shares to be surrendered in the Cashless Exercise. The Company shall then issue to the Holder such number of validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable Shares as is computed using the following formula:

$$X = \underline{Y * (A-B)}_{A}$$

where X = the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued to the Holder pursuant to this Section 1.3(b).

Y = the number of Shares subject to this Warrant to be surrendered according to the Notice of Exercise delivered to the Company pursuant to this <u>Section 1.3(b)</u>.

A = the Market Price of one share of Common Stock at the time the Notice of Exercise is made pursuant to this Section 1.3(b).

B = the Exercise Price in effect under this Warrant at the time the Notice of Exercise is made pursuant to this Section 1.3(b).

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- (ii) The term "Market Price" of a share of Common Stock shall mean the fair market value of a share, which shall be, (i) at any time such security is listed or traded on any securities exchange or quoted in an over-the-counter market, (A) the average of the closing prices of sales of Common Stock on the principal national securities exchange on which the Common Stock is listed or admitted to trading, averaged over the period of the 10 consecutive trading days prior to the day as of which the Market Price is being determined, or, if there have been no sales reported on any day, the average of the highest bid and lowest asked prices on such exchange, averaged over the period of the 10 consecutive trading days prior to the day as of which the Market Price is being determined (or such earlier period from the date that this Warrant is issued), (B) if on any day such security is not so listed and is instead quoted in the OTC Bulletin Board, the average of the highest bid and lowest asked prices on such day in the domestic over-the-counter market as reported by the National Quotation Bureau, Incorporated, or any similar successor organization, in each of (A) and (B) of this paragraph, averaged over a period of the 20 consecutive trading days prior to the day as of which the Market Price is being determined, or (ii) at any time such security is not listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any quotation system, as determined reasonably and in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board").
- (iii) The Holder may object in writing to the Board's determination of Market Price within 10 days of receipt of written notice thereof. If the Holder and the Company are unable to agree on the Market Price during the 10-day period following the delivery of the Holder's objection, the Appraisal Procedure may be invoked by either party to determine Market Price by delivering written notice thereof not later than the 30th day after delivery of the Holder's objection. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, if the Market Price has been determined by the Company through an Appraisal Procedure under this Warrant or any warrant of the same class of warrants held by any other Person within 90 days of the date that the Holder exercises this Warrant through a cashless exercise, then the Holder and the Company shall not have the right to invoke the Appraisal Procedure and the Market Price, in the event the Holder disputes the amount determined by the Board pursuant to the last clause of paragraph (ii) above, shall be the most recently determined Market Price as appropriately adjusted for any dividends, distributions or issuances of securities since such date.
- (iv) The term "Appraisal Procedure" shall mean a procedure whereby two independent appraisers, one chosen by the Company and one by the Holder, shall mutually agree upon the determinations then the subject of appraisal. Each party shall deliver a notice to the other appointing its appraiser within 15 days after the Appraisal Procedure is invoked. If within 30 days after appointment of the two appraisers they are unable to agree upon the amount in question, a third independent appraiser shall be chosen within 10 days thereafter by the mutual consent of such first two appraisers or, if such first two appraisers are unable to agree upon the appointment of a third appraiser, such appointment shall be made by the American Arbitration Association, or any organization successor thereto, from a panel of arbitrators having experience in the appraisal of the subject matter to be appraised. The decision of the third appraiser so appointed and chosen shall be given within 30 days after the selection of such third appraiser. If three appraisers shall be appointed and the determination of one appraiser is disparate from the middle determination of one appraiser is disparate from the middle determination, then the determination of such appraiser shall be excluded, the remaining two determinations shall be averaged and such average shall be binding and conclusive upon the Company and the Holder; otherwise, the average of all three determinations shall be binding upon the Company and the Holder. The costs of one appraiser selected by the Company that conducts any Appraisal Procedure shall be borne by the Company, the costs of one appraiser shall be borne by the Company; provided, that if the difference of the Market Price determined by the third appraiser and the appraiser selected by the Company is less than 10% of the Market Price determined by the Appraisal Procedure shall bear the costs of the third appraiser.

a bona fide offering for cash to investors and such securities were not issued upon the exercise of an option or convertible security, then the Market Price of a share of Common Stock shall be the Market Price of a share of Common Stock in such transaction, as appropriately adjusted for any dividends, distributions or issuances of securities since such date.

- (v) Upon receipt of the executed Notice of Exercise by the Company, the Holder shall be deemed to be the holder of record of such Shares to be issued pursuant to the Cashless Exercise, notwithstanding that the Company's stock transfer books may be closed or that certificates representing such Shares have not been issued or delivered to the Holder, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in the event the Appraisal Procedure has been invoked in connection with a dispute regarding the Market Price, then the Holder shall be deemed to be the holder of record of the number of Shares that it would own if the Company were to prevail in the Appraisal Procedure, pending the outcome of such proceeding, and the Company shall deliver to the Holder, upon receipt of the executed Notice of Exercise, and, if applicable, following the outcome of the Appraisal Procedure, the number of Shares necessary to effect the foregoing.
- (vi) The Company shall, as promptly as practicable after completion of the exercise of the Warrant as specified in this Section 1.3(b), cause to be executed, and delivered to the Holder exercising such Warrants, a certificate representing the aggregate number of Shares calculated pursuant to the Cashless Exercise formula described above. Each certificate for Shares so delivered shall be in such denomination as may be requested by the Holder and shall be registered in the name of the Holder. If this Warrant shall have been exercised only in part, then the Company shall, at the time of delivery of said certificate or certificates, also deliver to the Holder a new Warrant evidencing the remaining outstanding unexercised balance of Shares. The Company shall pay all expenses, stock transfer taxes and other charges payable in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of such certificates for Shares and new Warrants, if any.

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- 1.4 <u>Satisfaction with Requirements of Securities Act of 1933</u>. Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>Section 1.3</u> and <u>Section 7</u> hereof, exercise of this Warrant is contingent upon the Company's satisfaction that the issuance of the Shares for which this Warrant is being exercised is exempt from the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and all applicable state securities laws. The Holder of this Warrant agrees to execute any and all documents deemed necessary by the Company to effect the exercise of this Warrant.
- 1.5 <u>Issuance of Shares</u>. In the event the purchase rights evidenced by this Warrant are exercised in whole or in part, one or more certificates for the purchased Shares shall be issued as soon as practicable thereafter to the Holder.
- 1.6 <u>Partial Exercise</u>. If this Warrant shall have been exercised only in part, then the Company shall, at the time of delivery of the certificate or certificates for the Shares purchased upon such exercise, also deliver to the Holder a new Warrant evidencing the remaining outstanding unexercised balance of Shares purchasable hereunder.
- 1.7 <u>Cancellation</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Warrant to the contrary, this Warrant shall be cancelled, and shall not be exercisable, if it is not exercised before the expiration of the Exercise Period.

2. TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

2.1 <u>Transfer</u>. This Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are "restricted securities" as such term is defined by the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Act. This Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof may only be disposed of in compliance with state and federal securities laws. In connection with any transfer of this Warrant or the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof, other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or Rule 144, to the Company or to an Affiliate of the Holder, the Company may require the transferor to provide to the Company an opinion of counsel selected by the transferor and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the form and substance of which opinion shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company, to the effect that such transfer does not require registration of the transferred Warrant or Shares under the Securities Act. As a condition of transfer, any such transferee shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms of this Warrant. The Holder of this Warrant agrees that if this Warrant or any Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are sold pursuant to any such effective registration statement, they will be sold in compliance with the plan of distribution set forth therein, and acknowledges that the removal of the restrictive legend from certificates representing the Shares or this Warrant is predicated upon the Company's reliance upon this understanding. Each Holder of this Warrant may be required to provide information regarding the beneficial ownership of the Holder in the Company and may be required to represent and warrant to the Company that such information is true and correct.

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2.2 <u>Legend</u>. The Holder agrees to the imprinting of a legend on any of the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof in the following form:

THIS SECURITY HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OF ANY STATE IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND, ACCORDINGLY, MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR PURSUANT TO AN AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS AS EVIDENCED BY A LEGAL OPINION OF COUNSEL TO THE TRANSFEROR TO SUCH EFFECT, THE SUBSTANCE OF WHICH SHALL BE REASONABLY ACCEPTABLE TO THE CORPORATION. THIS SECURITY MAY BE PLEDGED IN CONNECTION WITH A BONA FIDE MARGIN ACCOUNT WITH A REGISTERED BROKER-DEALER OR OTHER LOAN WITH A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION THAT IS AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR" AS DEFINED IN RULE 501(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER LOAN SECURED BY SUCH SECURITIES.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, certificates evidencing this Warrant or the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof shall not contain any legend (including the legend set forth above), (i) while a registration statement covering the resale of such security is effective under the Securities Act, (ii) following any sale of this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof pursuant to Rule 144, (iii) if this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are eligible for sale under Rule 144, without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information required under Rule 144 as to this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof and without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions, or (iv) if such legend is not required under applicable requirements of the Securities Act (including judicial interpretations and pronouncements issued by the staff of the Commission).

3. FRACTIONAL SHARES

Notwithstanding that the number of Shares purchasable upon the exercise of this Warrant may have been adjusted pursuant to the terms hereof, the Company shall nonetheless not be required to issue fractions of Shares upon exercise of this Warrant or to distribute certificates that evidence fractional shares, provided that in lieu of any fraction shares, the Company shall make a cash payment to the Holder in an amount equal to the fair market value (as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in its reasonable good faith) of such fractional share.

4. ANTIDILUTION PROVISIONS

4.1 Stock Splits and Combinations. If the Company shall at any time subdivide or combine its outstanding shares of Common Stock, this Warrant shall, after that subdivision or combination, evidence the right to purchase the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been issuable as a result of that change with respect to the

shares of Common Stock which were purchasable under this Warrant immediately before that subdivision or combination. If the Company shall at any time subdivide the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect immediately before that subdivision shall be proportionately decreased, and, if the Company shall at any time combine the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect immediately before that combination shall be proportionately increased. Any adjustment under this section shall become effective at the close of business on the date the subdivision or combination becomes effective.

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- 4.2 <u>Reclassification</u>, <u>Exchange And Substitution</u>. If the Common Stock issuable upon exercise of this Warrant shall be changed into the same or a different number of shares of any other class or classes of stock, whether by capital reorganization, reclassification, or otherwise (other than a subdivision or combination of shares provided for above), the Holder of this Warrant shall, on its exercise, be entitled to purchase for the same aggregate consideration, in lieu of the Common Stock that the Holder would have been entitled to purchase but for such change, a number of shares of such other class or classes of stock equivalent to the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been subject to purchase by the Holder on exercise of this Warrant immediately before that change.
- 4.3 Reorganizations, Mergers, Consolidations Or Sale Of Assets. If at any time there shall be a capital reorganization of the Company's Common Stock (other than a combination, reclassification, exchange, or subdivision of shares provided for elsewhere above) or merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another entity, or the sale of the Company's properties and assets as, or substantially as, an entirety to any other person or entity, then, as a part of such reorganization, merger, consolidation or sale, lawful provision shall be made so that the Holder of this Warrant shall thereafter be entitled to receive upon exercise of this Warrant, during the period specified in this Warrant and upon payment of the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect, the number of shares of Common Stock or other securities or property of the Company, or of the successor entity resulting from such merger or consolidation, to which a holder of the Common Stock deliverable upon exercise of this Warrant would have been entitled in such capital reorganization, merger, or consolidation or sale if this Warrant had been exercised immediately before that capital reorganization, merger, consolidation, or sale. In any such case, appropriate adjustment (as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors) shall be made in the application of the provisions of this Warrant with respect to the rights and interests of the Holder of this Warrant after the reorganization, merger, consolidation, or sale to the end that the provisions of this Warrant (including adjustment of the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect and number of Shares purchasable upon exercise of this Warrant) shall be applicable after that event, as near as reasonably may be, in relation to any shares or other property deliverable after that event upon exercise of this Warrant. The Company shall, within thirty (30) days after making such adjustment, give written notice (by first class mail, postage prepaid) to the Holder of this Warrant at the address of the Hold
- 4.4 <u>Reservation of Stock Issuable Upon Exercise</u>. The Company shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock solely for the purpose of effecting the exercise of this Warrant such number of its shares of Common Stock as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the exercise of this Warrant and if at any time the number of authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock shall not be sufficient to effect the exercise of this Warrant, in addition to such other remedies as shall be available to the Holder of this Warrant, the Company will use its best efforts to take such corporate action as may, in the opinion of its counsel, be necessary to increase its authorized but un-issued shares of Common Stock to such number of shares as shall be sufficient for such purposes.

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5. RIGHTS PRIOR TO EXERCISE OF WARRANT

This Warrant does not entitle the Holder to any of the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including without limitation, the right to receive dividends or other distributions, to exercise any preemptive rights, to vote, or to consent or to receive notice as a stockholder of the Company. If, however, at any time prior to the termination of this Warrant and prior to its exercise, any of the following events shall occur:

- (a) the Company shall declare any dividend payable in any securities upon its shares of Common Stock or make any distribution (other than a regular cash dividend) to the Holders of its shares of Common Stock; or
- (b) the Company shall offer to the holders of its shares of Common Stock any additional Warrant of Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock or any right to subscribe for or purchase any thereof; or
- (c) a dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company (other than in connection with a consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of its property, assets and business as an entirety) shall be proposed and action by the Company with respect thereto has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors;

then in any one or more of said events the Company shall give notice in writing of such event to the Holder at the last address of the Holder as it shall appear on the Company's records at least twenty (20) days prior to the date fixed as a record date or the date of closing the transfer books for the determination of the stockholders entitled to such dividends, distribution, or subscription rights, or for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote on such proposed dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Such notice shall specify such record date or the date of closing the transfer books, as the case may be. Failure to publish, mail or receive such notice or any defect therein or in the publication or mailing thereof shall not affect the validity of any action taken in connection with such dividend, distribution or subscription rights, or such proposed dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Each person in whose name any certificate for shares of Common Stock is to be issued shall for all purposes be deemed to have become the holder of record of such shares on the date on which this instrument was surrendered and payment of the Warrant Exercise Price was made, irrespective of the date of delivery of such stock certificate, except that, if the date of such surrender and payment is a date when the stock transfer books of the Company are closed, such person shall be deemed to have become the holder of such shares of Common Stock at the close of business on the next succeeding date on which the stock transfer books are open.

6. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

The terms and provisions of this Warrant shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Company and the Holder hereof and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

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7. LOSS OR MUTILATION

Upon receipt by the Company of satisfactory evidence of the ownership of and the loss, theft, destruction, or mutilation of any Warrant, and (i) in the case of loss, theft, or destruction, upon receipt by the Company of indemnity satisfactory to it, or (ii) in the case of mutilation, upon receipt of such Warrant and upon surrender and cancellation of such Warrant, the Company shall execute and deliver in lieu thereof a new Warrant representing the right to purchase an equal number of shares of Common Stock.

The Holder also acknowledges that each of the Shares issuable upon the due exercise hereof will be subject to any transfer restrictions in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, including a right of first refusal to the Company, and the certificate or certificates evidencing the Shares will bear a legend to this effect.

8. TERMINATION DATE

This Warrant shall terminate upon the sooner of (a) the expiration of the Exercise Period; or (b) the exercise of all or any portion of this Warrant pursuant to the terms of Section 1 hereof.

9. GOVERNING LAW

This Warrant and any dispute, disagreement or issue of construction or interpretation arising hereunder whether relating to its execution, its validity, the obligations provided herein or performance shall be governed or interpreted according to the internal laws of the State of New York without regard to conflicts of law.

- 11. **HEADINGS**. The headings and captions used in this Warrant are used only for convenience and are not to be considered in construing or interpreting this Warrant. All references in this Warrant to sections and exhibits shall, unless otherwise provided, refer to sections hereof and exhibits attached hereto, all of which exhibits are incorporated herein by this reference.
- 12. **NOTICES**. All notices or other communications given or made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be mailed by certified or registered mail, delivered by professional courier or hand, or transmitted via email or facsimile, to such party's address as set forth in the register maintained by the Company for the Holder of this Warrant, or such other address as the Holder or the Company shall notify the other in writing as above provided. Any notice sent in accordance with this section shall be effective on the date three days after the date of mailing or, if delivered by hand or professional courier, or transmitted via email or facsimile with delivery receipt, on the date of delivery, provided, however, that notices to the Company will be effective upon receipt.
- 13. **SEVERABILITY**. If one or more provisions of this Warrant are held to be unenforceable under applicable law, such provision(s) shall be excluded from this Warrant and the balance of this Warrant shall be interpreted as if such provision(s) were so excluded and shall be enforceable in accordance with its terms.

[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK] In Witness Whereof, the parties have executed this Warrant as of the date first written above. **COMPANY** CARDAX, INC. Bv: Name: Title: TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR By: Authorized Signature 10 NOTICE OF WARRANT EXERCISE To: Cardax, Inc. Gentlemen: The undersigned, , hereby elects to purchase, pursuant to the provisions of the foregoing Warrant held by the undersigned, shares of the common stock ("Common [Payment of the purchase price of per Share required under such Warrant accompanies this subscription.] [The exercise of this Warrant is by the Cashless Exercise Procedure under Section 1.3(b) of this Warrant for all the shares of Common Stock that may be purchased The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned is acquiring such Common Stock for the account of the undersigned and not for resale or with a view to distribution of such Common Stock or any part hereof; that the undersigned is fully aware of the transfer restrictions affecting restricted securities under the pertinent securities laws and the undersigned understands that the shares purchased hereby are restricted securities and that the certificate or certificates evidencing the same will bear a legend to that effect. DATED: , _____.__. Signature: Name: Title: Address:

SECURITIES PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Securities Purchase Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated as of, 2021, by and between Cardax, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and (the "Purchaser"). Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in Section 1.1.
WHEREAS, the Company is a public company with its shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the 'Common Stock') traded on the OTCQB under the symbol "CDXI";
WHEREAS, the Company and the Purchaser are executing and delivering this Agreement in reliance upon the exemption from securities registration afforded by the rules and regulations as promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act");
WHEREAS, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement the Company desires to sell to the Purchaser and the Purchaser desires to purchase the "Securities" (as defined below) for aggregate consideration of \$:
(a) a convertible promissory note (the 'Note'), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit I, with an aggregate principal amount of \$, convertible into shares of Common Stock at \$, subject to adjustment and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Documents; and
(b) a warrant (the "Warrant"), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit II, exercisable for 5 years from issuance, to purchase shares of Common Stock at a price per share of \$, subject to adjustment and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Documents.
NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION of the mutual covenants contained in this Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the Company and the Purchaser, intending to be legally bound hereby, hereby agree as follows:
ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS
1.1 <u>Definitions</u> . In addition to the terms defined elsewhere in this Agreement, for all purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth in this <u>Section 1.1</u> :
"Affiliate" means any Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by or is under common control with Person, as such terms are used in and construed under Rule 405 under the Securities Act.
"Business Day" means any day except any Saturday, any Sunday, any day that is a federal legal holiday in the United States, or any day on which bankin institutions in the State of New York are authorized or required by law or other governmental action to close.
"Closing" means the closing of the purchase and sale of the Securities pursuant to Section 2.1.
"Closing Date" means the date of this Agreement.

- "Company Sub" means Cardax Pharma, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- "Person" means an individual or corporation, partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, joint stock company, government (or an agency or subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.
- "Registration Statement" means the registration statement filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the public offering of Common Stock and warrants to purchase Common Stock (registration no. 333-233281).
 - "Securities" means the Note, the Warrant, and any shares of Common Stock issued or issuable to the Purchaser under the Note and the Warrant.
- "Securities Purchase Amount" means the aggregate amount to be paid for the Securities, which amount shall be paid by the Purchaser making a payment to the Company as provided in this Agreement.
- "Short Sale" means any securities transaction in which a Person sells a number of shares or other units of a security that are not owned by such Person at the time of such sale.
- "Trading Market" means any of the following markets or exchanges on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted for trading on the date in question: the NYSE MKT, the Nasdaq Capital Market, the Nasdaq Global Market, the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the New York Stock Exchange, OTCQB or the OTC Bulletin Board (or any successors to any of the foregoing).
- "Transaction Documents" means this Agreement, the Note, the Warrant, and all exhibits and schedules thereto and hereto and any other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transaction contemplated hereunder.

ARTICLE II PURCHASE AND SALE

2.1 Closing.

(a) On the Closing Date, the Purchaser shall purchase the Securities and the Company shall issue the Securities.

2.2 Deliveries.

- (a) On the Closing Date, the Purchaser shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Company a check or wire transfer of the Securities Purchase Amount of the Purchaser in accordance with the check or wire transfer instructions set forth on <u>Schedule A</u> to this Agreement.
 - (b) On the Closing Date, the Company and the Purchaser shall close the purchase and sale of the Securities and the Company shall promptly deliver or cause

ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

- 3.1 <u>Representations and Warranties of the Company</u>. The Company hereby makes the following representations and warranties to the Purchaser as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date (unless such representation is made as of a specific date therein in which case such representation and warranty shall be accurate as of such date):
- (a) <u>Organization and Qualification</u>. Each of the Company and the Company Sub is an entity duly incorporated, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, with the requisite power and authority to own and use its properties and assets and to carry on its business as currently conducted.
 - (b) Capitalization. The capitalization of the Company is properly reflected in all material respects by the SEC Filings as of the date indicated in such filings.
- (c) <u>Private Placement</u>. Assuming the accuracy of the Purchaser's representations and warranties set forth in <u>Section 3.2</u>, no registration under the Securities Act is required for the offer and sale of the Securities to the Purchaser as contemplated hereby. The issuance and sale of the Securities hereunder does not contravene the rules and regulations of the Trading Market applicable to the Company.
- (d) <u>SEC Filings</u>. The documents (the "<u>SEC Filings</u>") that have been filed by the Company with the SEC do not (as amended and supplemented) contain a material misstatement of fact or does not omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as interpreted by the Exchange Act.
- (e) <u>Financing Needs</u>. The Company requires immediate financing through the offering of the securities under this Agreement to acquire additional funds for certain working capital and general corporate purposes that are due and payable within 30 days and if not paid would cause a material adverse effect to the Company, including the payment of payroll and other cash compensation and insurance. Accordingly, the purpose of the offering under this Agreement is different than the planned use of proceeds from the public offering described in the Registration Statement.
- 3.2 <u>Representations and Warranties of the Purchaser</u>. The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date to the Company as follows (unless as of a specific date therein):

(a) Organization; Authority.

- (i) The Purchaser is either an individual or an entity that is duly incorporated or formed, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or formation with full right, corporate, partnership, limited liability company, or similar power and authority to enter into and to consummate the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents and otherwise to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder.
- (ii) The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents and performance by the Purchaser of the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate, partnership, limited liability company, or similar action, as applicable, on the part of the Purchaser.

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- (iii) Each Transaction Document to which it is a party has been duly executed by the Purchaser, and when delivered by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof, will constitute the valid and legally binding obligation of the Purchaser, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except: (a) as limited by general equitable principles and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other laws of general application affecting enforcement of creditors' rights generally; (b) as limited by laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief, or other equitable remedies; and (c) insofar as indemnification and contribution provisions may be limited by applicable law.
- (b) Own Account. The Purchaser understands that the Securities are "restricted securities" and have not been registered under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law and is acquiring the Securities as principal for its own account and not with a view to or for distributing or reselling the Securities or any part thereof in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law, has no present intention of distributing any of such Securities in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law and has no direct or indirect arrangement or understandings with any other person to distribute or regarding the distribution of such Securities in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable state securities law (this representation and warranty not limiting the Purchaser's right to sell the Securities in compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws). The Purchaser is acquiring the Securities hereunder in the ordinary course of its business or investment strategy.
- (c) <u>Purchaser Status</u>. At the time the Purchaser was offered the Securities, it was, and as of the date hereof it is an "accredited investor" as defined in Rule 501 under the Securities Act; or (ii) a Non U.S. Person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act. The information provided by the Purchaser to the Company in the Certificate of Accredited Investor Status is true and correct.
- (d) Experience of the Purchaser. The Purchaser, either alone or together with its representatives, has such knowledge, sophistication and experience in business and financial matters so as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment in the Securities, and has so evaluated the merits and risks of such investment. The Purchaser is able to bear the economic risk of an investment in the Securities and, at the present time, is able to afford a complete loss of such investment.
- (e) No Short Sales. The Purchaser shall not directly or indirectly, nor shall any Person acting on behalf of or pursuant to any understanding with the Purchaser, execute any Short Sales of the securities of the Company while the Note is outstanding.

(f) Disclosure.

- (i) The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the information provided and available to the Purchaser at the time that this Agreement is executed and delivered (including, but not limited to the SEC Filings) (the "Execution Date Information") may not include all of the material information that would be provided to a purchaser of securities in an offering of securities that is registered under the Securities Act and included in a prospectus that is required to be delivered in accordance with Section 5 of the Securities Act. Additionally, the Purchaser acknowledges that it will not have the benefits of the disclosures and the civil remedies that flow from an offering registered under the Securities Act.
- (ii) The Purchaser agrees that it has had an opportunity to conduct its due diligence on the investment and in connection therewith: (a) obtain additional information concerning investment in the Securities, including without limitation, information concerning the Company and any other matters relating directly or indirectly to the purchase of the Securities by the Purchaser; (b) ask questions of, and receive answers from, the executives of the Company concerning the terms and conditions of investment in the Securities and to obtain such additional information as may have been necessary to verify the accuracy of any information that may have been provided to the Purchaser; and (c) acknowledges that the only information the Purchaser relied upon is information or documentation that was provided expressly by the Company to the Purchaser for such purposes. The Purchaser acknowledges that it has had information about the Company based on its investments in the

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(iii) The Purchaser and/or Purchaser's advisor acknowledges that it has received and reviewed the SEC Filings, including the summary of risks contained in the "Risk Factors" sections in such documents and Schedule B and certain matters regarding the use of proceeds set forth inSection 4.3 and had access to or been furnished with sufficient facts and information to evaluate an investment in the Company and a reasonable opportunity to ask questions of and receive answers from a person or persons acting on behalf of the Company concerning the Company and all such questions have been answered to the full satisfaction of the Purchaser. The Purchaser acknowledges that in addition to the risks summarized in Schedule B, there is a risk that the public offering contemplated by the Registration Statement will not be consummated, that the Company may abandon the Registration Statement for any reason, including without limitation, market conditions or any decision by the lead underwriter described therein, which decision is in the sole and absolute discretion of such underwriter. The Purchaser acknowledges it would purchase the securities to be issued by the Company under this Agreement even if the Company does not complete the public offering described in the Registration Statement.

(g) Solicitation. The Purchaser acknowledges that it did not become interested in the purchase of securities to be issued by the Company through any general solicitation or advertisement, including the Registration Statement. The Purchaser acknowledges that it has a substantive, preexisting personal investment relationship with the Company based on its ownership of Common Stock and several investments by the Purchaser. The Purchaser was solicited by the Company via direct solicitation by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO"), who has a personal relationship with the Purchaser, and a determination by the CEO that the Purchaser has the means and is likely to continue its investment interest in the Company. The Purchaser acknowledges that it was solicited by the Company for interest in the securities to be issued by the Company under this Agreement and that the Purchaser was not identified or contacted through the marketing of the public offering under the Registration Statement and the Purchaser did not independently contact the Company as a result of any solicitation by any broker dealer, including the lead underwriter specified in the Registration Statement.

The Company acknowledges and agrees that the representations contained in <u>Section 3.2</u> shall not modify, amend or affect the Purchaser's right to rely on the Company's representations and warranties contained in this Agreement or any representations and warranties contained in any other Transaction Document or any other document or instrument executed and/or delivered in connection with this Agreement or the consummation of the transaction contemplated hereby.

ARTICLE IV OTHER AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES

4.1 Transfer Restrictions.

(a) The Securities may only be disposed of in compliance with state and federal securities laws. In connection with any transfer of any of the Securities other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or Rule 144, to the Company or to an Affiliate of the Purchaser, the Company may require the transferor thereof to provide to the Company an opinion of counsel selected by the transferor and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the form and substance of which opinion shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company, to the effect that such transfer does not require registration of such transferred Securities under the Securities Act.

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(b) <u>Legend on Share Certificates</u>. The Purchaser agrees to the imprinting, so long as is required by this <u>Section 4.1</u>, of a legend on any of the certificates representing the Securities in the following form:

THIS SECURITY HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

- (c) The legends set forth in Section 4.1(b) shall, to the fullest extent permitted, be removed (i) while a registration statement covering the resale of such security is effective under the Securities Act, (ii) following any sale of the Securities pursuant to Rule 144, (iii) if the Securities are eligible for sale under Rule 144, without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information required under Rule 144 as to the Securities and without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions, or (iv) if such legend is not required under applicable requirements of the Securities Act (including judicial interpretations and pronouncements issued by the staff of the SEC).
- (d) The Purchaser agrees that it will sell any Securities only pursuant to either: (i) the registration requirements of the Securities Act, including any applicable prospectus delivery requirements; or (ii) an exemption therefrom, and that if the Securities are sold pursuant to any such effective registration statement, they will be sold in compliance with the plan of distribution set forth therein, and acknowledges that the removal of the restrictive legend from certificates representing the Securities set forth in this Section 4.1 is predicated upon the Company's reliance upon this understanding.
- 4.2 Non-Public Information. Except with respect to the material terms and conditions of the transaction contemplated by the Transaction Documents, the Company covenants and agrees that neither it, nor any other Person acting on its behalf, will provide the Purchaser or its agents or counsel with any information that the Company believes constitutes material non-public information, unless prior thereto the Purchaser, agent, or counsel shall have entered into a written agreement with the Company regarding the confidentiality and use of such information or such Person is otherwise obligated to maintain the confidentiality of such information and not use such information in violation of applicable law. The Company understands and confirms that the Purchaser shall be relying on the foregoing covenant in evaluating and providing any information it receives in connection with its consideration of purchasing the Securities.
 - 4.3 <u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Company will use the proceeds from this transaction for its general corporate purposes.

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4.4 <u>Replacement of Certificates</u>. If any certificate or instrument evidencing the Securities is mutilated, lost, stolen, or destroyed, the Company shall issue or cause to be issued in exchange and substitution for and upon cancellation thereof (in the case of mutilation), or in lieu of and substitution therefor, a new certificate or instrument, but only upon receipt of evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Company of such loss, theft, or destruction. The applicant for a new certificate or instrument under such circumstances shall also pay any reasonable third-party costs (including customary indemnity) associated with the issuance of such replacement Securities and may be required to provide an indemnity in favor of the Company.

ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

5.1 Fees and Expenses. Except as expressly set forth in the Transaction Documents to the contrary, each party shall pay the fees and expenses of its advisers, counsel, accountants, and other experts, if any, and all other expenses incurred by such party incident to the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery, and performance of this

Agreement.

- 5.2 Entire Agreement. The Transaction Documents contain the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter thereof and supersede all prior agreements and understandings, oral or written, with respect to such matters, which the parties acknowledge have been merged into such documents, exhibits and schedules.
- 5.3 Notices. All notices (including any consent required of any party to the Transaction Documents) given or permitted to be provided pursuant to the Transaction Documents shall be in writing and shall be mailed by certified mail, delivered by professional courier or hand, or transmitted via email. The Purchaser may change the address that notices should be delivered to it by delivering a notice with the corrected information to the Company. The Company may change the address that notices should be delivered to it by delivering a notice with the corrected information to the Purchaser then a party to this Agreement. In each case, such corrected information to be effective only upon delivery of such notice. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Transaction Documents, each such notice shall be effective on the date three days after the date of mailing or, if delivered by hand or professional courier, or transmitted via email with delivery receipt (or acknowledgement or confirmation which may be by electronic means), on the date of delivery, provided, however, that notices to the Company will be effective upon receipt.
- 5.4 Amendments; Waivers. No provision of the Transaction Documents may be waived, modified, supplemented or amended except by means of a written agreement signed, in the case of an amendment, by the Company and the Purchaser subject to such waiver, modification, supplement or amendment. No waiver of any default with respect to any provision, condition or requirement of the Transaction Documents shall be deemed to be a continuing waiver in the future or a waiver of any subsequent default or a waiver of any other provision, condition or requirement thereof, nor shall any delay or omission of any party to exercise any right thereunder in any manner impair the exercise of any such right.
- 5.5 <u>Headings</u>. The headings in the Transaction Documents are for convenience only, do not constitute a part of the Transaction Documents and shall not be deemed to limit or affect any of the provisions thereof.
- 5.6 Successors and Assigns. The Transaction Documents shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties and their successors and permitted assigns. The Company may not assign the Transaction Documents or any rights or obligations thereunder without the prior written consent of the Purchaser (other than by merger). The Purchaser may assign any or all of its rights under this Agreement to any Person; provided that such assignment is approved by the Company, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned and such transferee agrees in writing to be bound by the provisions of the Transaction Documents that apply to the "Purchaser" and such transferee is able and makes the representations and warranties to the Company provided under Section 3.2.

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- 5.7 <u>Third-Party Beneficiaries</u>. The Transaction Documents are intended for the benefit of the parties thereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns and is not for the benefit of, nor may any provision thereof be enforced by, any other Person.
- 5.8 Governing Law. The Transaction Documents are to be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 5.9 Attorney Fees. If one or more parties shall commence an action, suit, or proceeding to enforce any provision of the Transaction Documents, then the prevailing party or parties in such action, suit, or proceeding shall be reimbursed by the other party or parties to such action, suit, or proceeding for the reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses incurred by the prevailing party or parties with the investigation, preparation, and prosecution of such action, suit, or proceeding.
 - 5.10 Survival. The representations and warranties contained herein shall survive the Closing and the delivery of the Securities for the applicable statute of limitations.
- 5.11 <u>Counterparts and Execution</u>. The Transaction Documents may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which when taken together shall be considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when counterparts have been signed by each party and delivered to each other party, it being understood that the parties need not sign the same counterpart. In the event that any signature is delivered by email delivery of a ".pdf" format data file, such signature shall create a valid and binding obligation of the party executing (or on whose behalf such signature is executed) with the same force and effect as if such ".pdf" signature page was an original thereof.
- 5.12 Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of any Transaction Document is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, void, or unenforceable, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants, and restrictions set forth therein shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated, and the parties thereto shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to find and employ an alternative means to achieve the same or substantially the same result as that contemplated by such term, provision, covenant, or restriction. It is hereby stipulated and declared to be the intention of the parties that they would have executed the remaining terms, provisions, covenants, and restrictions without including any of such that may be hereafter declared invalid, illegal, void, or unenforceable.
- 5.13 <u>Saturdays, Sundays, Holidays, etc.</u> If the last or appointed day for the taking of any action or the expiration of any right required or granted herein shall not be a Business Day, then such action may be taken or such right may be exercised on the next succeeding Business Day.
- 5.14 <u>Construction</u>. The parties agree that each of them and/or their respective counsel have reviewed and had an opportunity to revise the Transaction Documents and, therefore, the normal rule of construction to the effect that any ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not be employed in the interpretation of the Transaction Documents or any amendments thereto.

[signature page follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this Securities Purchase Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized signatories as of the date first indicated above.

CARDAX, II	NC.			
By:				
Name: Title:				
[Name of Pur	chaser]			
Ву:				
Name: Title:				

SCHEDULE A

Check and Wire Transfer Instructions

[provided separately]

SCHEDULE B

Certain Additional Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factors summarized in the Company's SEC Filings, you should consider the following:

An investment in the Securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks summarized in the Company's SEC Filings, together with all of the other information provided to you in this Agreement, before making an investment decision. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could suffer. In that case, the trading price of our shares of Common Stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. You should read the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" included in our SEC Filings for a discussion of what types of statements are forward-looking statements, as well as the significance of such statements.

The terms of this transaction and the purchase price for the Securities were not independently valued and may not be indicative of the future price of Common Stock.

Our board of directors determined the terms and conditions of this transaction, including the purchase price of the Securities. The purchase price of the Securities was not necessarily determined to be equal to the market price of the Common Stock on the OTCQB or the fair value of the Company. If you purchase the Securities, you may not be able to sell any of the Securities at or above the purchase price. The trading price of the Common Stock will be determined by the marketplace and will be influenced by many factors outside of the Company's control, prevailing interest rates, investor perceptions, securities analyst research reports and general industry, geopolitical, and economic conditions. Publicly traded stocks, including stocks of pharmaceutical and nutraceutical companies, often experience substantial market price volatility. These market fluctuations might not be related to the operating performance of particular companies whose shares are traded. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that if you purchase the Securities you will later be able to sell any of the Securities at or above the purchase price.

The Securities are "Restricted Securities" under the Securities Act and there is no assurance they will be registered.

The Securities will be restricted securities under United States federal and applicable state securities laws. The Securities will be restricted securities unless and until the Securities are registered. Restricted securities may not be transferred, sold or otherwise disposed of in the United States, except as permitted under United States federal and state securities laws, pursuant to registration or an exemption therefrom. You should be prepared to hold the Securities for an indefinite period.

The Securities may not be sold unless, at the time of such intended sale, there is a current registration statement covering the resale of the securities or there exists an exemption from registration under the Securities Act, and such securities have been registered, qualified, or deemed to be exempt under applicable securities or "blue sky" laws in the state of residence of the seller or in the state where sales are being affected.

If there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the Securities, you will be precluded from disposing of such shares unless such shares may become eligible to be disposed of under the exemptions provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act without restriction. If the Securities are not registered for resale under the Securities Act, or exempt therefrom, and not registered or qualified under applicable securities or "blue sky" laws, or deemed exempt therefrom, the value of the Securities will be greatly reduced.

Insufficient Capital

There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Company will raise sufficient capital, through this transaction or otherwise, to meet the Company's business objectives or fund its operations. The audited financial statements of the Company include a going concern qualification and the Company has significant liquidity issues, including that described in the SEC Filings. There can be no assurance that other obligations that are necessary for the Company will not be incurred or that the budgeted expenditures will not be subject to any material increase.

NEITHER THIS SECURITY NOR THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON ITS CONVERSION HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

Principal Amount: \$		Issue Date:	, 2021
Purchase Price: \$			
	CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE		

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, Cardax, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), hereby promises to pay to the order of ______ (together with its successors and assigns, the "<u>Holder</u>"), or shall have paid pursuant to the terms hereunder, the principal sum of \$_____ on ____ (the "<u>Maturity Date</u>"), unless extended by mutual written agreement of the parties, or such earlier date as required or permitted hereunder, and to pay interest to the Holder on the outstanding principal amount in accordance with the provisions hereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, repayment of this Note may be amortized upon the Maturity Date in accordance with <u>Section 4.2</u>. This convertible promissory note (the "<u>Note</u>") is issued pursuant to the terms of that certain Securities Purchase Agreement (the "<u>Purchase Agreement</u>") by and between the Company and the Holder, and may be prepaid or converted into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "<u>Common Stock</u>") as set forth herein. By

Company and the Holder, and may be prepaid or converted into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock") as set forth herein. By acceptance of this Note, each party agrees to be bound by the applicable terms of the Purchase Agreement. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Purchase Agreement.

The following terms shall apply to this Note:

- 1.1 Method of Payment. All payments hereunder shall be made in lawful money of the United States of America no later than 5:00 PM on the date on which such payment is due by check, certified check payable to the Holder, or by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the Holder's account at a bank specified by the Holder in writing to the Company from time to time.
- 1.2 <u>Business Day Convention</u>. Whenever any amount expressed to be due by the terms of this Note is due on any day that is not a business day, the same shall instead be due on the next succeeding business day. As used in this Note, the term "business day" shall mean any day except any Saturday, any Sunday, any day that is a federal legal holiday in the United States, or any day on which banking institutions in the State of New York are authorized or required by law or other governmental action to close.

ARTICLE II. INTEREST

2.1 Interest Rate. Except as otherwise provided herein, the outstanding principal amount of the Note shall bear interest at a rate (the fhterest Rate") of (__%) per annum from the date hereof and shall continue on the outstanding principal amount of the Note until paid or converted in full in accordance with the provisions hereof.

- 2.2 Interest Payment. The accrued and unpaid interest shall be due and payable upon maturity of Note unless otherwise converted in accordance witl Section
- 2.3 <u>Interest Calculations</u>. Interest shall be calculated on the basis of a year of 365/366 days, as the case may be, and the actual number of days elapsed. Interest shall accrue on the Issue Date but shall not accrue on any Conversion Date (as to that principal amount then being converted), on any Prepayment Date (as to that principal amount then being paid), on the Maturity Date (as to that principal amount then being paid), or on up to the first 10 calendar days of each month wherein an Amortization Payment is being made pursuant to <u>Section 4.2</u> (as to that principal amount then being paid).
- 2.4 <u>Default Interest</u>. Upon an Event of Default (as defined in <u>Section 6.1</u>), the Interest Rate shall increase to twelve percent (12%) per annum from the date thereof until cured or waived.
- 2.5 <u>Interest Rate Limitation</u>. If at any time and for any reason whatsoever, the interest rate payable on the Note shall exceed the maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged by the Holder to the Company under applicable law, such interest rate shall be reduced automatically to the maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged under applicable law. That portion of each sum paid attributable to that portion of such interest rate that exceeds the maximum rate of interest permitted by applicable law shall be deemed a voluntary prepayment of principal.

ARTICLE III. CONVERSION

- 3.1 Method of Conversion. At any time while this Note is outstanding, this Note shall be convertible, in whole or in part, into shares (the Conversion Shares") of Common Stock at the Conversion Price (as defined below), at the option of the Holder, at any time and from time to time. The Holder shall effect conversions by delivering to the Company a Notice of Conversion, the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit I (each, a "Notice of Conversion"), specifying therein the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus at the Holder's option, any accrued and unpaid interest thereon, to be converted and the date on which such conversion shall be effected (such date, a "Conversion Date"). If no Conversion Date is specified in a Notice of Conversion, the Conversion Date shall be the date that such Notice of Conversion is deemed delivered hereunder.
- 3.2 <u>Conversion Price</u>. The conversion price (the "<u>Conversion Price</u>") per share of Common Stock in effect on any Conversion Date shall be equal to \$_____, subject to adjustment as provided below.
- (a) Adjustment Upon Stock Split. If at any time while this Note is outstanding, the Company: (i) subdivides outstanding shares of Common Stock into a larger number of shares, (ii) combines (including by way of a reverse stock split) outstanding shares of Common Stock into a smaller number of shares, or (iii) issues, in the event of a reclassification of shares of the Common Stock, any shares of capital stock of the Company, then the Conversion Price shall be equitably adjusted. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 3.2(a) shall become effective immediately after the effective date of the subdivision, combination, or re-classification.

3.3 Mechanics of Conversion.

(a) <u>Conversion Shares Issuable Upon Conversion</u>. The number of Conversion Shares issuable upon a conversion hereunder shall be determined by the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the outstanding principal amount of this Note to be converted, plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon to be converted, by (y) the Conversion Price.

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- (b) No Fractional Shares Upon Conversion. No fractional shares shall be issued upon the conversion of this Note. As to any fraction of a share that the Holder would otherwise be entitled to upon such conversion, the Company shall at its election, either pay a cash adjustment in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the Conversion Price or round up to the next whole share.
- (c) <u>Delivery of Certificate Upon Conversion</u>. On the Conversion Date, or promptly thereafter, the Company shall issue and deliver or cause to be issued and delivered a certificate or certificates representing the Conversion Shares.
- (d) <u>Surrender of Note Upon Conversion</u>. To effect conversions hereunder, the Holder shall not be required to physically surrender this Note to the Company unless the entire outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, is to be converted. Conversions hereunder shall have the effect of lowering the outstanding principal amount of this Note and accrued and unpaid interest thereon, in an amount equal to the applicable conversion, and all rights with respect to the portion of this Note being so converted shall forthwith terminate except the right to receive the Conversion Shares, as provided herein. The Holder and the Company shall maintain records showing the principal and interest amount(s) converted and the date of such conversion(s). In the event of any dispute or discrepancy, the records of the Company shall be controlling and determinative in the absence of manifest error. The Holder, and any assignee by acceptance of this Note, acknowledge and agree that, by reason of the provisions of this paragraph, following conversion of a portion of this Note, the unpaid and unconverted principal amount of this Note may be less than the amount stated on the face hereof.
- (e) <u>Authorized Shares</u>. The Company shall reserve from its authorized and unissued Common Stock a sufficient number of shares, free from preemptive rights, to provide for the issuance of Common Stock upon the full conversion of this Note. The Company represents that upon issuance, such shares will be duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

ARTICLE IV. REPAYMENT

4.1 <u>Prepayment</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Note, the Company may prepay the amounts outstanding hereunder pursuant to the following terms and conditions:

(a) At any time while this Note is outstanding, the Company shall have the right, exercisable on not less than five (5) trading days prior written notice (a "Prepayment Notice") to the Holder, to prepay the Note (outstanding principal and accrued interest), in whole or in part, without penalty.

(b) Notwithstanding the Prepayment Notice, upon receipt of such notice and prior to the prepayment date (the <u>Prepayment Date</u>") specified by the Company in the Prepayment Notice, the Holder may elect to convert any outstanding portion of the Note, including any accrued interest, by submitting a Notice of Conversion to the Company as set forth in this Note.

4.2 <u>Repayment Amortization Upon Maturity</u>. If this Note, or any portion thereof, remains outstanding upon the Maturity Date, then repayment of the unpaid and unconverted principal amount of this Note, shall be amortized over the following thirty-six (36) months, with monthly payments (each, an "<u>Amortization Payment</u>") to be made on or prior to the 10th calendar day of each month, beginning on the first such date after the Maturity Date. Until this Note is repaid or converted in full, the Holder shall continue to have all rights as a holder of this Note.

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ARTICLE V. CERTAIN COVENANTS

5.1 Sale or Disposition of Assets. So long as the Company shall have any obligation under this Note, the Company shall not, without the Holder's written consent, sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets outside the ordinary course of business unless the proceeds of any disposition of its assets shall be used to repay this Note.

5.2 Non-Circumvention. The Company hereby covenants and agrees that the Company will not, by amendment of its Certificate or Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, or through any reorganization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, scheme of arrangement, dissolution, issuance or sale of securities, or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms of this Note, and will at all times in good faith carry out all the provisions of this Note and take all action as may be required to protect the rights of the Holder.

ARTICLE VI. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

6.1 Events of Default. The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default":

(a) <u>Failure to Pay Principal or Interest</u>. The Company fails to pay any outstanding portion of this Note when due and such non-payment continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.

(b) <u>Failure to Deliver Conversion Shares</u>. The Company fails to issue and deliver or cause to issue and deliver the Conversion Shares to the Holder for a period of fifteen (15) days from the Conversion Date, provided that, an Event of Default shall not occur under this <u>Section 6.1(b)</u> if the Company shall have delivered proper issuance instructions for the Conversion Shares to its stock transfer agent prior to such date.

(c) <u>Breach of Covenants</u>. The Company breaches any material covenant or other material term or condition contained in this Note or any other Transaction Documents and such breach continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.

(d) <u>Breach of Representations or Warranties</u>. Any representation or warranty of the Company made in this Note or any other Transaction Documents shall be false or misleading in any material respect when made and the breach of which has (or with the passage of time will have) a material adverse effect on the rights of the Holder with respect to this Note or any other Transaction Documents, and such breach continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.

(e) <u>Bankruptcy</u>. Bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or liquidation proceedings, or other proceedings, voluntary or involuntary, for relief under any bankruptcy law or any law for the relief of debtors shall be instituted by or against the Company or any subsidiary of the Company; or the Company admits in writing its inability to pay its debts generally as they mature, provided that, any disclosure of the Company's ability to continue as a "going concern" shall not be an admission that the Company cannot pay its debts as they become due; or the Company or any subsidiary of the Company shall make an assignment for the benefit of creditors or commence proceedings for its dissolution, or apply for or consent to the appointment of a receiver or trustee for it or for a substantial part of its property or business, or such a receiver or trustee shall otherwise be appointed for the Company or for a substantial part of its property or business without its consent and shall not be discharged within sixty (60) days after such appointment; or any dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of Company or any substantial portion of its business.

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(f) Change of Control. The occurrence after the date hereof of any of (a) an acquisition by an individual or legal entity or "group" (as described in Rule 13d-5(b)(1) promulgated under the Exchange Act) of effective control (whether through legal or beneficial ownership of capital stock of the Company, by contract or otherwise) of in excess of 50% of the voting securities of the Company, other than in connection with an underwritten public offering, (b) the Company consummates a merger or similar transaction, after giving effect to such transaction, the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to such transaction own less than 50% of the aggregate voting power of the Company or the successor entity of such transaction, or (c) the Company sells or transfers all or substantially all of its assets and the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to such transaction own less than 50% of the aggregate voting power of the acquiring entity immediately after the transaction, (d) a replacement at one time or within a two year period of more than half of the members of the Board of Directors, if not approved by a majority of the Board of Directors, (e) David G. Watumull and David M. Watumull shall both have been terminated by the Company as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer other than for cause, or (f) the execution by the Company of an agreement to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, providing for any of the events set forth in clauses (a) through (e) above

(g) <u>Judgments</u>. Any money judgment, writ, or similar process shall be entered or filed against the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or any of its property or other assets for more than \$500,000, and shall remain unvacated, unbonded, or unstayed for a period of one-hundred eighty (180) days unless otherwise consented to by the Holder, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld.

(h) <u>Delisting of Common Stock</u>. The Company shall fail to maintain the listing of the Common Stock on the OTCQB or on the principal securities exchange or other securities market on which the Common Stock is then being traded, and such delisting continues for a period of fifteen (15) days.

6.2 Remedies Upon Event of Default. Upon an Event of Default, interest on this Note shall accrue pursuant to Section 2.4. and the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus accrued and unpaid interest, shall become, at the Holder's election, immediately due and payable in cash. In lieu of cash payment, the Holder may elect to receive from time to time all or part of the outstanding principal amount of this Note, plus accrued and unpaid interest, in Conversion Shares. Such acceleration may be rescinded and annulled by the Holder at any time prior to payment hereunder and the Holder shall have all rights as a holder of the Note until such time, if any, as the Holder receives full payment pursuant to this Section 6.2. No such rescission or annulment shall affect any subsequent Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Company has caused this Note to be signed in its name by its duly authorized officer as of the date first above written.

CARDAX, INC.

		By:	
		Name: Title:	
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	N	<u>EXHIBIT I</u> OTICE OF CONVERSION	
unpaid interest to the conversion	hereto, totaling \$ into that number of share n of the Note as set forth below, according to the condition en below. No fee will be charged to the Holder for any co	s of Common Stock of Cardax, Inc., s of the convertible promissory note	ned below) together with \$ of accrued and a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), to be issued pursuant of the Company dated as of, 2021 (the Note"), as any. This Notice of Conversion is irrevocable unless otherwise
Delivery instruc	tions:		
[]	The Company shall electronically transmit the Common with DTC through its Deposit Withdrawal At Custodian		te of Conversion to the account of the undersigned or its nomineed that such shares are eligible for deposit.
	Name of DTC Prime Broker: DTC Participant Number: Account Number:		
[]	The undersigned hereby requests that the Company issucalculation attached hereto) in the name(s) and form spec		Stock set forth below (which numbers are based on the Holder's onal space is necessary, on an attachment hereto:
	Name: Address: Form: [] Physical Certificate [] Book Entry		
Date of Convers	ion:		
Applicable Conv	version Price:	\$	
	es of Common Stock to be Issued version of the Note:		
	cipal Balance Due Remaining after this Conversion:	¢	
	paid Interest Remaining:	\$ \$	
Name of Holde	•		
By:			
Name: Title:		Date	_
WARRANT NI G	UMBER		

CARDAX, INC.

WARRANT TO PURCHASE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

NEITHER THIS WARRANT NOR THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON ITS EXERCISE HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER EITHER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT") OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, TRANSFERRED, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECURITIES UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

1. EXERCISE OF WARRANT

(a) The Company hereby issues to the Holder this Warrant.

- (b) The number of Shares that the Holder is entitled to purchase under the terms and conditions of this Warrant (the "Warrant Share Number") is equal to Shares.
 - (c) For the purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in this Section 1.1(c):
 - (i) "Affiliate" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under the Securities Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (ii) "Business Day" shall mean any date that the banks and the securities markets are in New York, New York open for business for the conduct of business in the regular course on such date.
 - (iii) "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
 - (iv) "Person" shall mean any individual, trust or entity or governmental authority or agency.
- 1.2. The Warrant Exercise Price. The exercise price for the Warrant (the "Warrant Exercise Price") shall be equal, per share, to \$_____, subject to adjustment as provided in Section 4:

1.3. Method of Exercise.

- (a) The Holder of this Warrant may exercise, in whole or in part, the purchase rights evidenced by this Warrant during the period commencing on the Date of Issue of this Warrant and ending on _______, 2026, unless extended by the Company in its sole discretion (the "Exercise Period"). Such exercise shall be effected by:
- (i) the surrender of the Warrant, together with a duly executed copy of the form of subscription attached hereto (a "Notice of Exercise"), to the Secretary of the Company at its principal offices;
- (ii) the payment to the Company, by certified check or bank draft payable to its order, of an amount equal to the aggregate Warrant Exercise Price for the number of Shares for which the purchase rights hereunder are being exercised; and
- (iii) the delivery to the Company, if necessary, to assure compliance with federal and state securities laws, of an instrument executed by the Holder certifying that the Shares are being acquired for the sole account of the Holder and not with a view to any resale or distribution.

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(b) Conditions to Exercise of the Warrant.

- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of any provision of this Warrant, including Section 1.3, the exercise of this Warrant is contingent upon the Company's satisfaction that the issuance of the Shares for which this Warrant is being exercised is exempt from the requirements of the Securities Act and all applicable state securities laws or the Shares are duly registered under the Securities Act. The Holder of this Warrant agrees to execute any and all documents deemed necessary by the Company to effect the exercise of this Warrant.
- (ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the number of Shares that may be acquired by the Holder upon any exercise of this Warrant (or otherwise in respect hereof) shall be limited to the extent necessary to insure that, following such exercise (or other issuance), the total number of shares of Common Stock then beneficially owned by such Holder and its Affiliates and any other Persons whose beneficial ownership of Common Stock would be aggregated with the Holder's for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act (the "Beneficial Ownership", does not exceed 4.99% of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock (including for such purpose the shares of Common Stock issuable upon such exercise) (the "Maximum Percentage"). For the avoidance of doubt, except as otherwise provided herein in connection with a transaction described in Section 4.3 (a "Fundamental Transaction"), this Warrant may not be exercised in whole or in part if the Holder's Beneficial Ownership (as calculated herein) exceeds the Maximum Percentage prior to such exercise. For such purposes, "Beneficial Ownership" shall be determined in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. This provision shall not restrict the number of shares of Common Stock which a Holder may receive or beneficially own in order to determine the amount of securities or other consideration that such Holder may receive in the event of a Fundamental Transaction of this Warrant or under any other provision of Section 4. This restriction may not be waived except by the Holder providing a notice to the Company as provided herein. For any reason at any time, upon the written or oral request of the Holder, the Company shall promptly confirm in writing (which may be by electronic mail) to the Holder the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding. To the extent that the limitation contained in this Section 1.3(b)(ii) applies, the determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by such Holder together with any Affiliates) and of which a portion of this Warrant is exercisable shall be in the sole discretion of a Holder, and the submission of a Notice of Exercise shall be deemed to be each Holder's determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by such Holder together with any Affiliates) and of which portion of this Warrant is exercisable, in each case subject to such aggregate percentage limitation, and the Company shall have no obligation to verify or confirm the accuracy of such determination other than its obligation in this Section 1.3(b)(ii) above to, upon the Holder's request, confirm in writing to the Holder the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding. Notwithstanding any provision of this Section 1.3(b)(ii) to the contrary, the limitations on the exercise of this Warrant under this Section 1.3(b)(ii) shall not be applicable from and after the date that is 61 days after the date that the Holder provides written notice to the Company that the Holder elects to have Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Common Stock in excess of the Maximum Percentage, in which case such Holder shall have the right to exercise this Warrant without the limitations of this Section 1.3(b)(ii); provided, that the limitations of this Section 1.3(b)(ii) shall again be applicable to any assignee of this Warrant until 61 days after such assignee provides such notice to the Company.

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- 1.4. <u>Issuance of Shares</u>. In the event the purchase rights evidenced by this Warrant are exercised in whole or in part, one or more certificates for the purchased Shares shall be issued as soon as practicable thereafter to the Holder.
- 1.5. <u>Partial Exercise</u>. If this Warrant shall have been exercised only in part, then the Company shall, at the time of delivery of the certificate or certificates for the Shares purchased upon such exercise, also deliver to the Holder a new Warrant evidencing the remaining outstanding unexercised balance of Shares purchasable hereunder.
- 1.6. <u>Cancellation</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Warrant to the contrary, this Warrant shall be cancelled, and shall not be exercisable, if it is not exercised before the expiration of the Exercise Period.

2. TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

2.1. <u>Transfer.</u> This Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are "restricted securities" as such term is defined by the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Act. This Warrant and the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof may only be disposed of in compliance with state and federal securities laws. In connection with any transfer of this Warrant or the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof, other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or Rule 144, to the Company or to an Affiliate of a Holder, the Company may require the transferor to provide to the Company an opinion of counsel selected by the transferor and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the form and substance of which opinion shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company, to the effect that such transfer does not require registration of the transferred Warrant or Shares under the Securities Act. As a condition of transfer, any such transferee shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms of this Warrant and the Agreement and shall have the rights and obligations of a Holder under this Warrant and the Agreement.

2.2. Legend.

(a) The Holder agrees to the imprinting of a legend on any of the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof in the following form:

THIS SECURITY HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OF ANY STATE IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND, ACCORDINGLY, MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR PURSUANT TO AN AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS AS EVIDENCED BY A LEGAL OPINION OF COUNSEL TO THE TRANSFEROR TO SUCH EFFECT, THE SUBSTANCE OF WHICH SHALL BE REASONABLY ACCEPTABLE TO THE CORPORATION. THIS SECURITY MAY BE PLEDGED IN CONNECTION WITH A BONA FIDE MARGIN ACCOUNT WITH A REGISTERED BROKER-DEALER OR OTHER LOAN WITH A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION THAT IS AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR" AS DEFINED IN RULE 501(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER LOAN SECURED BY SUCH SECURITIES.

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- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, certificates evidencing this Warrant or the Shares issuable upon exercise hereof shall not contain any legend (including the legend set forth above), (i) while a registration statement covering the resale of such security is effective under the Securities Act, (ii) following any sale of this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof pursuant to Rule 144, (iii) if this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are eligible for sale under Rule 144, without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information required under Rule 144 as to this Warrant or such Shares issuable upon exercise hereof and without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions, or (iv) if such legend is not required under applicable requirements of the Securities Act (including judicial interpretations and pronouncements issued by the staff of the Commission).
- 2.3. Sale. The Holder agrees that the Holder will sell this Warrant or any Shares issuable upon exercise hereof only pursuant to either: (i) the registration requirements of the Securities Act, including any applicable prospectus delivery requirements; or (ii) an exemption therefrom, and that if this Warrant or any Shares issuable upon exercise hereof are sold pursuant to any such effective registration statement, they will be sold in compliance with the plan of distribution set forth therein, and acknowledges that the removal of the restrictive legend from certificates representing the Shares or this Warrant is predicated upon the Company's reliance upon this understanding.

3. FRACTIONAL SHARES

Notwithstanding that the number of Shares purchasable upon the exercise of this Warrant may have been adjusted pursuant to the terms hereof, the Company shall nonetheless not be required to issue fractions of Shares upon exercise of this Warrant or to distribute certificates that evidence fractional shares, provided that in lieu of any fraction shares, the Company shall make a cash payment to the Holder in an amount equal to the fair market value (as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in its reasonable good faith) of such fractional share.

4. ANTIDILUTION PROVISIONS

4.1. Stock Splits and Combinations. If the Company shall at any time subdivide or combine its outstanding shares of Common Stock, this Warrant shall, after that subdivision or combination, evidence the right to purchase the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been issuable as a result of that change with respect to the shares of Common Stock which were purchasable under this Warrant immediately before that subdivision or combination. If the Company shall at any time subdivide the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect immediately before that subdivision shall be proportionately decreased, and, if the Company shall at any time combine the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect immediately before that combination shall be proportionately increased. Any adjustment under this section shall become effective at the close of business on the date the subdivision or combination becomes effective.

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- 4.2. <u>Reclassification</u>, <u>Exchange and Substitution</u>. If the Common Stock issuable upon exercise of this Warrant shall be changed into the same or a different number of shares of any other class or classes of stock, whether by capital reorganization, reclassification, or otherwise (other than a subdivision or combination of shares provided for above), the Holder of this Warrant shall, on its exercise, be entitled to purchase for the same aggregate consideration, in lieu of the Common Stock that the Holder would have been entitled to purchase but for such change, a number of shares of such other class or classes of stock equivalent to the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been subject to purchase by the Holder on exercise of this Warrant immediately before that change.
- 4.3. Reorganizations, Mergers, Consolidations or Sale of Assets. If at any time there shall be a capital reorganization of the Company's Common Stock (other than a combination, reclassification, exchange, or subdivision of shares provided for elsewhere above) or merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another entity, or the sale of the Company's properties and assets as, or substantially as, an entirety to any other person or entity, then, as a part of such reorganization, merger, consolidation or sale, lawful provision shall be made so that the Holder of this Warrant shall thereafter be entitled to receive upon exercise of this Warrant, during the period specified in this Warrant and upon payment of the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect, the number of shares of Common Stock or other securities or property of the Company, or of the successor entity resulting from such merger or consolidation, to which a holder of the Common Stock deliverable upon exercise of this Warrant would have been entitled in such capital reorganization, merger, or consolidation or sale if this Warrant had been exercised immediately before that capital reorganization, merger, consolidation, or sale. In any such case, appropriate adjustment (as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors) shall be made in the application of the provisions of this Warrant with respect to the rights and interests of the Holder of this Warrant after the reorganization, merger, consolidation, or sale to the end that the provisions of this Warrant (including adjustment of the Warrant Exercise Price then in effect and number of Shares purchasable upon exercise of this Warrant) shall be applicable after that event, as near as reasonably may be, in relation to any shares or other property deliverable after that event upon exercise of this Warrant. The Company shall, within thirty (30) days after making such adjustment, give written notice (by first class mail, postage prepaid) to the Holder of this Warrant at the address of the Hol

5. RESERVATION OF STOCK ISSUABLE UPON EXERCISE

The Company shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock solely for the purpose of effecting the exercise of this Warrant such number of its shares of Common Stock as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the exercise of this Warrant and if at any time the number of authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock shall not be sufficient to effect the exercise of this Warrant, in addition to such other remedies as shall be available to the Holder of this Warrant, the Company will use its best efforts to take such corporate action as may, in the opinion of its counsel, be necessary to increase its authorized but un-issued shares of Common Stock to such number of shares as shall be sufficient for such purposes.

6. RIGHTS PRIOR TO EXERCISE OF WARRANT

- 6.1. This Warrant does not entitle the Holder to any of the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including without limitation, the right to receive dividends or other distributions, to exercise any preemptive rights, to vote, or to consent or to receive notice as a stockholder of the Company. If, however, at any time prior to the termination of this Warrant and prior to its exercise, any of the following events shall occur:
 - (a) the Company shall declare any dividend payable in any securities upon its shares of Common Stock or make any distribution (other than a regular cash dividend) to the Holders of its shares of Common Stock; or
 - (b) the Company shall offer to the holders of its shares of Common Stock any additional Warrant of Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock or any right to subscribe for or purchase any thereof; or
 - (c) a dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company (other than in connection with a consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of its property, assets and business as an entirety) shall be proposed and action by the Company with respect thereto has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors:

then in any one or more of said events the Company shall give notice in writing of such event to the Holder at the last address of the Holder as it shall appear on the Company's records at least twenty (20) days prior to the date fixed as a record date or the date of closing the transfer books for the determination of the stockholders entitled to such dividends, distribution, or subscription rights, or for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote on such proposed dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Such notice shall specify such record date or the date of closing the transfer books, as the case may be. Failure to publish, mail or receive such notice or any defect therein or in the publication or mailing thereof shall not affect the validity of any action taken in connection with such dividend, distribution or subscription rights, or such proposed dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Each person in whose name any certificate for shares of Common Stock is to be issued shall for all purposes be deemed to have become the holder of record of such shares on the date on which this instrument was surrendered and payment of the Warrant Exercise Price was made, irrespective of the date of delivery of such stock certificate, except that, if the date of such surrender and payment is a date when the stock transfer books of the Company are closed, such person shall be deemed to have become the holder of such shares of Common Stock at the close of business on the next succeeding date on which the stock transfer books are open.

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7. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

The terms and provisions of this Warrant shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Company and the Holder hereof and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

8. LOSS OR MUTILATION

- 8.1. Upon receipt by the Company of satisfactory evidence of the ownership of and the loss, theft, destruction, or mutilation of any Warrant, and (i) in the case of loss, theft, or destruction, upon receipt by the Company of indemnity satisfactory to it, or (ii) in the case of mutilation, upon receipt of such Warrant and upon surrender and cancellation of such Warrant, the Company shall execute and deliver in lieu thereof a new Warrant representing the right to purchase an equal number of shares of Common Stock.
- 8.2. The Holder also acknowledges that each of the Shares issuable upon the due exercise hereof will be subject to any transfer restrictions in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, including a right of first refusal to the Company, and the certificate or certificates evidencing the Shares will bear a legend to this effect.

9. TERMINATION DATE

This Warrant shall terminate upon the sooner of (a) the expiration of the Exercise Period; or (b) the exercise of all or any portion of this Warrant pursuant to the terms of Section $\underline{1}$ hereof.

10. GOVERNING LAW

This Warrant and any dispute, disagreement or issue of construction or interpretation arising hereunder whether relating to its execution, its validity, the obligations provided herein or performance shall be governed or interpreted according to the internal laws of the State of New York without regard to conflicts of law.

11. HEADINGS

The headings and captions used in this Warrant are used only for convenience and are not to be considered in construing or interpreting this Warrant. All references in this Warrant to sections and exhibits shall, unless otherwise provided, refer to sections hereof and exhibits attached hereto, all of which exhibits are incorporated herein by this reference.

12. AMENDMENTS

The terms and conditions of this Warrant shall not be amended, modified or supplemented other than in accordance with a written amendment signed by the Holder and the Company that specifically provides for such amendment, modification or supplement.

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13. NOTICES

All notices or other communications given or made hereunder shall be in writing and shall be mailed by certified mail, delivered by professional courier or hand, or transmitted via email or facsimile, to such party's address as set forth in the Warrant Register, or such other address as the Holder or the Company shall notify the other in writing as above provided. Any notice sent in accordance with this section shall be effective on the date three days after the date of mailing or, if delivered by hand or professional courier, or

transmitted via email or facsimile with delivery receipt (or acknowledgement or confirmation which may be by electronic means), on the date of delivery, provided, however, that notices to the Company will be effective upon receipt.

14. SEVERABILITY

DELIVER TO:

(NAME)

If one or more provisions of this Warrant are held to be unenforceable under applicable law, such provision(s) shall be excluded from this Warrant and the balance of this Warrant shall be interpreted as if such provision(s) were so excluded and shall be enforceable in accordance with its terms.

15. WARRANT REGISTER AND OWNERSHIP

Each Warrant issued by the Company shall be numbered and shall be registered in a warrant register (the "Warrant Register") as it is issued and transferred, which Warrant Register shall be maintained by the Company at its principal office or, at the Company's election and expense, by a Warrant Agent or the Company's transfer agent. The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered Holder of any Warrant on the Warrant Register as the owner in fact thereof and the Holder for all purposes and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such Warrant on the part of any other Person, and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary, except that, if and when any Warrant is properly assigned in blank, the Company may (but shall not be obligated to) treat the bearer thereof as the owner of such Warrant for all purposes. Subject to Section 10, a Warrant, if properly assigned, may be exercised by a new holder without a new Warrant first having been issued.

16. CERTAIN OTHER PROVISIONS

- 16.1. Any reference to an action or event to occur on a specified date that is not a Business Day shall be a reference to the immediately following Business Day.
- 16.2. Any calculations of the number of Shares to be issued upon the exercise of this Warrant, in whole or in part, shall be made by the Company and, absent manifest error, such calculation shall be conclusive and binding.

[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK. SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS.] In Witness Whereof, the parties have executed this Warrant as of the date first written above. **COMPANY** CARDAX, INC. By: Name: Title: TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR By: Authorized Signature NOTICE OF WARRANT EXERCISE To: Cardax, Inc. 2800 Woodlawn Drive, Suite 129 Honolulu, HI 96822 Gentlemen: The undersigned, , hereby elects to purchase, pursuant to the provisions of the foregoing Warrant held by the undersigned, shares of the common stock (Common Stock") of Cardax, Inc. Payment of the purchase price of per Share required under such Warrant accompanies this notice. The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned is acquiring such Common Stock for the account of the undersigned and not for resale or with a view to distribution of such Common Stock or any part hereof; that the undersigned is fully aware of the transfer restrictions affecting restricted securities under the pertinent securities laws and the undersigned understands that the shares purchased hereby are restricted securities and that the certificate or certificates evidencing the same will bear a legend to that effect. By its delivery of this Notice of Warrant Exercise, the undersigned represents and warrants to the Company that (unless indicated below) in giving effect to the exercise evidenced hereby the Holder will not beneficially own in excess of the number of shares of Common Stock (determined in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) permitted to be owned under Section 1.3(b)(ii) of this Warrant to which this notice relates. If the number of shares of Common Stock purchased (and/or canceled) hereby is less than the number of shares of Common Stock covered by the Warrant, the undersigned requests that a new Warrant representing the number of shares of Common Stock not so purchased (or canceled) be issued and delivered as follows: ISSUE TO: (NAME OF HOLDER) (ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE) (SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBER)

NOTICE OF WARR Page 2	ANT EXERCISE
DATED:	
Signature:	
Name:	
Title:	
Address:	
	ASSIGNMENT FORM (To assign the foregoing warrant, execute this form and supply required information. Do not use this form to exercise the warrant.) RECEIVED, [] all of or [] shares of the foregoing Warrant and all rights evidenced thereby are hereby assigned to whose address is
	d:
whatsoever, and mus	re to this Assignment Form must correspond with the name as it appears on the face of the Warrant, without alteration or enlargement or any changes the guaranteed by a bank or trust company. Officers of corporations and those acting in a fiduciary or other representative capacity should file property to assign the foregoing Warrant.

(ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, David G. Watumull, Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Cardax, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: April 15, 2021

/s/ David G. Watumull

David G. Watumull Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John B. Russell, Chief Financial Officer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Cardax, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: April 15, 2021

/s/ John B. Russell

John B. Russell Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

In connection with the Annual Report of Cardax, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Annual Report"), I, David G. Watumull, Chief Executive Officer, do hereby certify, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Annual Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: April 15, 2021

By: /s/ David G. Watumull

David G. Watumull Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Cardax, Inc. and will be retained by Cardax, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

In connection with the Annual Report of Cardax, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Annual Report"), I, John B. Russell, Chief Financial Officer, do hereby certify, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Annual Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: April 15, 2021

By: /s/ John B. Russell

John B. Russell Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Cardax, Inc. and will be retained by Cardax, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.